## Editors and Proprietors.

iration of the year.

DVERTISEMENTS will be inserted at the rate

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL,

Scenet Diseases:

Those, Glecis, Strictures, Seminal Weakness, in the Loins, Affections of the Kidneys and Blad-Loss of Organic Powers, Nervous Irritability, set of the Head, Threat, Nose or Skin; and all Peculiar Disorders arising from a Gertain of Habit of Youth, which if not cured, produces itutional Debility, renders Marriage impossitutional Debility, renders Mar

Marriage.

this office.

A Cure Warranted or no Charge, in from one to two days.

The many thousands cured at this Institution, and the very extensive practice of Dr. Johnston (excisding all others) is a sufficient guarantee that he at the only proper Physician to be consulted.

Dr. Johnston,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been apent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and claewhere, has effected some of the most astronishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with a ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

times with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

A Certain Disease.

When the misguided and impudent votary of pleasure finds he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame; or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying fill the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face, and extremities, progressing on with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to their dreadful sufferings by sending them to "that bourne from whence no traveller returns." To such therefore, Dr. JOHN-STON pledges himself to preserve the most inviolable secrecy, and from his extensive practice in the first hospitals of Europe and America, he can confidently recommend the most safe and speedy cure to the unfortunate victim of this horrid disease.

It is a melancholy fact, that thousands fall victims to this dreadful disease, owing to the unskillfulness or ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that deadly poison, mercury, ruin the constitution, and either send the unfortunatesufferer to an untimely grave, or makes the residue of his life miserable.

Take Particular Notice.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by private and improper indulgences, that secret and solitary habit, which ruin both body and mind, unfiting them for either business or society.

escure some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and limbs, Pains in the Head, Dinness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dispessia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Bebility, Symptoms of Con-MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, confusion of ideas, depression of spirits, evil forebodings, aversion to society, self distrust, love of solitude, timidity, &c.,

are some of the evils produced. Dr. Johnston's lavigorating Remedy for General Debility.

By this great and important remedy, weakness of the organs are spendily cared, andfull vigor restored. Thousands of the most nervous and debilitated, who Thousands of the most nervous and debuttated, had lost all hope, have been immediately relieve All impediments to Marriage, Physical or Mental Disqualification, Nervous Irritability, Tremaling and Weakness, or Exhaustion of the most fearful kind, are speedily cured.

Young Men
Who have injured themselves by a Certain Practice, indulged in when alone—a habit frequently learned from evilcompanions, or at school—the effects of which from evilcompanions, or atschool—the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured, renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, and the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequences of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit.—
Such persons before contemplating

Marriage.

Marriage,
should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote communial happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrinnage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair, and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own. Weakness of the Organs

To Strangers. The many thousands of the most desperate and appeless cases cured at this institution within the hop-less cases cured at this institution within the fast twelve years, and the numerous important Surgical Operations performed by Dr. Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the papers and many other persons notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston may religiously confide in his honor as a Gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks copying Dr. Johnston's advertisement, and advertising themselves as physicians, trifling with and ruining the health of the already Afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say especially to those unacquainted with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always bang in his Office.

ALL LETTERS MUST BE FOST-PAID—REME ALL LETTERS MUST BE POST-PAID-REME OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick St., East side,— Observe name on door. Jan. 24, 1854—1y.

TRESH SUPPLY OF NEW SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

The subscriber most respectfully informs his friends and customers that he has just received and is now opening a general assortment of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, embracing everyvariety usually found in country stores, which for style, quality and price are unsurpassed in the Valley. His stock was purchased at the lowest figure for cash which will enable him to sell at greatly reduced prices. He invites an him to sell at greatly reduced prices. He invites an examination of his Goods, feeling assured that they will give entire satisfaction. Orders thankfully received and promptly filled.

Kabletown, April 25, 1854.

[FF]

NEW STOVE STORE,
No. 29 Light-st., near Lombard,
BALTIMORE.

M. A. BUKE would respectfully inform his old customers and friends of Jefferson, and the adjoining counties, that he has resumed his former business at No. 29 Light street, one door from Lombard street, where he will be happy to see them all. His long experience in the business enables him to judge correctly of the merits and utility of any new pattern of any new Stove which may be brought before the public. His Warehouse is now fitted up, and he is fully prepared to furnish any description of COOKING, PARLOR, and CHAMBER STOVES, of the most approved styles, and at as reasonable prices as they can PARLOR, and CHAMBER STOVES, of the most approved styles, and at as reasonable prices as they can be procured in this or any other city. He is also prepared to furnish RANGES for private families and hotels. All Stoves, Ranges, or other articles, sold by the subscriber, will be set up and warranted, and if they do not fully come to the representations, after trial, they will be taken back and others substituted, or the money returned.

Extensive arrangements have been made and the best workmen employed, for the REPAIRING OF STOVES BANGES are which will be decreased.

STOVES, RANGES, &c., which will be done promptly and in the most substantial manner. He solicits a call from his old customers and friends, being confident that he will satisfy all who layor him with their [August 15, 1854—3m THE undersigned, grateful to the public for their past very liberal patronage, hopes by strict attention

past very liberal patronage, hopes by strict attention to business to merit a continuance of the same. He takes great pleasure in announcing that he is now in receipt of his SPRING STOCK OF GOODS, which in extent and desirableness, surpasses any preceding one, and will compare favorably, in all respects, with similar stocks usually kept in this place. He is prepared to take all kinds of Country Produce in exchange for Goods, at fair market rates. He is determined to adopt the one price system as near as his friends will allow him, as he hopes to sell a good many Goods by order. Particular attention paid to all orders.

Berryville, April 25, 1854—tf

63-1 have on hand and for sale 3,000 pounds good BACON.

BLACKSWIPM SHOP

BLACKSMITH SHOP.

THE subscriber having permanently located himself at the BLACKSMITH SHOP at Duffield's Depot, is now prepared to do all kinds of work in his line, at prices as moderate as any other shop in the county. He will at all times be prepared with Iron of all kinds for repairing or making Plough and other Irons used by the Farmers.

I solicit a call from those in want, feeling assured that all who give me a call will not go away dissatisfied.

Duffield's Depot, April 12, 1853.

SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL BURGICAL AND MECHANICAL
DENTIST.

HE undersigned tenders his thanks to the Citizens of Harper's Ferry and Bolivar, for their tend patronage, during the time he has been with the hand having permanently located himself in the Bolivar, would respectfully solicit a liberal re of the patronage of that place, and the surroundGommunity. r Community.

Phose desiring teeth extracted—artificial teeth inted—either on pivots or gold plates, can have it
ne in the most modern and scientific manner,

J. S. AULABAUGH.

SAMUEL STONE,
issioner in Chancery of the Circuit
County Court of Jefferson County.
ICE in the Court-House, (up stairs,) in the
Informany years occupied as an office by
Rosr. Workington, Esq.
unce (except on Court days) at the east door.

CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1854. VOL. XI.

JAMES E. JOHNSON,
BOOT AND SHOE
MANUFACTURER, MANUFACTURER,

(Two doors east of the Valley Bank,)

Has just received his Fall and Winter BOOTS AND

SHOES, embracing every style and size, selected with great care expressly for this market. The public are invited to examine his stock, as he is fully satisfied it will compare favorably with that of any other establishment. Custom work made to order, on short notice, in the most fashionable style and durable manner.

October 10, 1854—tf

Bliscellanenns.

Custom work made to order, on short notice, in the most fashionable style and durable manner.

October 10, 1864—tf

LOUDOUN COUNTY
ARRICULTURAL INSTITUTE
AND CHEMICAL, ACADEMY,
NEAR ALDIE, V.A.

In this Institution thorough instruction is given in all the branches of Mathematics of Science useful to the farmer and the man of business. The students are not taught the theory only, but they are instructed in the Partreal Applications of their studies to the every day affairs of life. They are made acquainted with the plenomen of nature, taught the properties of soils, the arquirements of plants, the composition of minerals, the utility of different kinds of rocks, laws of mechanical forces, calculations of the strength of materials used for building and other purposes, surveying farms, levelling water courses, laying out roads, making maps, mechanical drawing, calculations required in the construction of machinery, &c. Agricultural Chemistry is thoroughly taught, and illustrated by thousands of interesting experiments in the lecture room, in the laboratory and on the farm. The advanced students are taught, how to prepare pure chemicals, shalyze soils, minerals, &c.

A workship is furnished with a Turning Lathe and a great variety of tools for working in wood and metal. Hence the students have an opportunity of witnessing all the branches of mechanism from the felling of the timber to the polishing and finishing of handsome and costly apparatus, every part of which is familiarly explained.

Their attention is not confined to the class book, but they are taken into the laboratory; the workship of the students have an opportunity of witnessing all the branches of mechanism from the felling of the timber to the polishing and finishing of handsome and costly apparatus, every part of which is familiarly explained.

Their attention is not confined to the class book, but they are taken into the laboratory; the workship of the prepare with the field; and they are made acquainted with hundreds of operations which every body

\$150 per session. Books furnished at store prices, for which the stu-

dents are expected to pay cash.

Farmers can have their soils analyzed and to ers and students can obtain pure chemical tests at the BENJ. HYDE BENTON, Principal. Aldie P. O., Loudoun county, Va., }

Dr. COOKE OFFERS his professional services to the Citizens of Chalestown and its vicinity.
He will be found at I. N. Carter's Hotel, or at his office one door East of it.

REMOVAL. LAWSON BOTTS, ATTORNEY AT LAW, COMMISSIONER IN CHANCERY AND GENERAL AGENT. OFFICE in his House, formerly the property of the late Mrs. Fanny M. Willis, one door north of the office of Wm. C. Worthington, Esq. Entrance from same street. [July 18, 1854.—tf

TALBOT S. DUKE, ATTORNEY AT LAW. WILL practice in the Superior and Inferior Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley and Loudoun. Office No. 2, Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry irginia. [July 18, 1854.—6m. IRON FOUNDRY. HE undersigned have leased the well known IRON FOUNDRY,

in the County of Jefferson, Virginia, lately occupied and worked by Hugh Gillecce. The facilities of the Lessees of procuring the best stock, and at all times, afford a guarantee to their customers of prompt and workmanlike CASTINGS. They have engaged the very best workman and solicit the patrenage of the They are prepared to furnish all kinds of Castings, cither from their own, or patterns supplied by their customers—and the prices as low as can be afforded any where in the neighborhood.

F. BECKHAM & SON.

Harpers-Ferry, October 3, 1854. ANDREW E. KENNEDY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA.

Berkeley and Clarke counties.

Office, one door east of Ct.rter's Hotel. September 26, 1854—3m [F.P.] . NEW GOODS. THE undersigned is now receiving and opening a general supply of FRESH GROCERIES, to which he would call the attention of his customers and the public, and invites them to give him a call.

October 10, 1854.

R. H. BROWN. ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.,
Have just received, direct from the Manufacturers,
their FALL SUPPLY OF GOODS, which is very
large and has been selected with great care very large, and has been selected with great care, parti-cularly with a view to supplying the wants of COUNTRY MERCHANTS.

We respectfully invite an examination of our stock, as we are prepared to supply the trade at prices that will compare favorably with those of the Northern markets.

[Alexandria, October 10, 1854.

40 KEADY-MADE CLOTHING TAILORING.
The subscriber would respectfully invite his friends and the public generally to his stock of Ready-Made CLOTHING, which he offers to sell very low for Cash. He is also prepared to make COATS, PANTS and VESTS, at the shortest notice and in the most ashionable manner. His shop is in one of the rooms of Mr. Andrew Hunter's Row, opposite the Court-House, and next door to E. E. Cooke's Office.

JOHN REED

Charlestown; October 10, 1854. A MEETING of the Stockholders of the Smith-field, Charlestown and Harpers Ferry Turnpike Company, will be held at the Court-House in Charles-town, ON FRIDAY, 21ST INSTANT, for the purpose of electing a President and three Directors.
HUMPHREY KEYES,

WE have just received a large lot of Table and Pocket CUTLERY, and FILES of our own importation, the orders for which were sent out before the advance in prices, of which circumstance buyers ca have the advantage.
ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & CO.

MARTINSBURG ACADEMY,
Vivit et Viget.
C. E. VON FAHNESTOCK, PRINCIPAL:
THE friends of this Institution are most politely informed that its duties will be resumed on Monday the 4th of September. Terms will be made known upon application to the Principal or to Col.
P. C. PENDLETON, President of Board of Trustees.
July 4, 1854—tf

FRUIT TREES.

I HAVE on hand, at my nursery, on the farm of Wm. Lucas, near Hall Town, a large number of Apple, Pear, Peach, Appricot, Plum, and Almond Trees, of the very finest variety. As the public are aware, Mr. Lucas has been at great pains to procure the very choicest kinds from the best nurseries in the United States, and I have been allowed the privilege to bud and propagate from his trees, which, added to my own selections, gives me all the best varieties.—My Peach Trees, especially, sre very fine. My terms are accommodating.

October 25, 1853.

K. N.--Those who "Know Nothing" ar respectfully informed that the Know No thing BREASTPINS are selling fast, the will all be gone in "a few days," so call soon an examine at C. G. STEWART'S September 5, 1854.

Lewelry Store. SODA, WATER AND SUGAR CRACK. September 5, 1864. NAILS, assorted sizes, for sale by

Sept. 5, 1854.

H. L. EBY & SON.

75 GOOD tight Whiskey Barrels for sal

JOHN D. LINE.

August 29, 1854.

FOR THE SICK.—On band, a full supply the following Liquors for the sick viz: Brand Scheldam Schnapps; Madeira, Winc. Old Portido, These articles have been selected without regard. August 1. A. SMITH. 500 HEAVY COTTON BAGS, by A. W. CRAMER.

HAMILY AND EXTRA FLOUR, We have just received from A. Ross his best Family and Extra Flour. For sale by August 29. TURNIP SEED for sale by W. CRAMER, VERY SUPERIOR GREEN TEAS just received by H. L. ESY & SON. CRACKERS.—10 bbis. Sode, Sugar and Water Crackers, just received and for sale by October 10, 1854.

R. H. BROWN. Noetru.

The Lover's Lay. You tell me I'm a rover-You who chain me still a lover, At your feet.

Heaven knows I would forget thee If I could;
If—you witch !—you'd only let me,
And you should!

But your image dances still,

Before my face,
And I watch, against my will, Its wavy grace.

If I turn to see another, Then it tries, With its little bands, to cover, Both my eyes.

Then how can I forget thee, Panny, say?
When you will not even let me Look away! If another's voice would chide my Dream divine, Low, pleading, sweet, beside me,

Falters thine! Man & Ar Then how, suppose I wanted, Could I fly, With my heart and ear enchanted,

By your sigh? Ahl my soul would break the fetter, Even here, If you would try to let her— Fanny, dear. inc. -

Midnight Musings. [From the Louisville Journal.] I am all alone is my quiet room,
And the hours are flying fast,
And my soul, with a listless, aching sigh,
Goes back to the misty past;
It dwells on the days when life was young, And the heart seemed light and free, As it throbbed for a dear—a loving one— Too pure, too pure for me la

A being of light and innocence, Whose fringed eyes' lustrous hue
Looked out from the depths of a laughing heart,
All holy, fond and true;
E'en now, when the azure skies are bright, And the night-orbs glisten fair, My longing eyes look up to them, And I see her spirit there.

I see her now as she used to sit, By the murmuring brooklet's shore,
As she laughing at the tiny waves that leapt, Into spray as they circled o'er.

Oh! the flowers smile in the summer's breeze, And the gay birds warble pear-But the scene is changed, and the memories come, Like a dirge o'er a loved one's bier.

Is hushed in silence deep, And she sleepeth in the land of dreams— Her vigils the angels keep: And now the stars their pale light shed, Like emeralds in the sea, I close my eyes and dream of her-Alas! does she dream of me?

## Miscellaneous.

The Shadow of Life.

"All that live must die, Passing through Nature to Eternity." Men seldom think of the great event of leath until the dark shadow falls across their own path hiding forever from their eyes the face of the loved one whose living smile was the light of their existence. Death is the great antagonism of Life; and the c ld thought of the tomb is the skeleton in all of our feasts. We do not want to go through the dark valley, although its passage may lead to paradise; and with Charles Lamb, we do not wish to lie down in the mouldy grave, even with kings and princes for our bedfellows. But the flat of Nature is inexorable. There is no appeal or reprieve from the great Law that dooms us all to dust. We flourish and fade like the leaves of the forest, and the frailest flower that blooms and withers in a day has not a frailer hold on life than the mightest monarch that ever shook the earth with his footsteps. Generations of men appear and vanish like the grass; and countless multitudes that swarm the world today will to-morrow disappear like the footprints

on the shore: "Soon as the rising tide shall beat, Each trace will vanish from the sand." In the beautiful dreams of Ion, the instinct of immortality so eloquently uttered by the death devoted Greek finds a deep response in every thoughtful soul. It is nature's prophecy of the life to come. When about to yield his young existence as a sacrifice to Fate, his betrothed Clemanthe asks if they shall not meet again. To which he replies: "I asked that dreadful question of the hills that look eternal; of the flowing streams that lucid flow forever; of the stars amid whose fields of azure inv raised spirit hath walked in glory. All, all were dumb. But while I gaze upon thy living face I feel there's something in the love which mantles through its beauty that cannot wholly

perish. We shall meet again Clemanthe." Beautiful Prayer Lord bless and preserve my husband, let his life be long and blessed, comfortable and holy; and let me also become a great bless ing and comfort to him, a sharer in all his joys, a refreshment in all his sorrows, a meet helper for him in all the accidents and chances of the world; make me amiable forever in his eyes, and very dear to him. Unite his heart to me in the dearest union of love and holiness, and mine to him in all the sweetness of charity and compliance. Keep me from all ungentleness, all discontentedness and unreasonable passion and humor, and make me humble and obedient, charitable and loving, patient and contented, useful and observant that we may delight in each other according to the blessed word and ordinance; and both of us may rejoice in Thee, having our portion in the love and service of God for-

Human Longings. Our infancy is full of folly; youth, of dis

so he would be for years. I account old age the best of the three; partly, for that it hath passed through the folly and disorder of the others; partly, for that the inconveniences of this are but bodily, with a bettered estate of the mind; and partly for that it is nearest to dissolution. There is nothing more miserable, than an old man that would be young again. It was an answer worthy the commendations of Petrarch; and that which argued a mind truly philosophical of him, who, when his friend bemourned his age appearing in his white temples, telling him he was sorry to see him look so old, replied, "Nay be sorry rather, that ever I was young, to be a fool."

TRUE TEMPERANCE.—I cannot praise a furitive and cloistered virtue unexerci unbreathed, that never saillies out and sees her adversary, but sinks out of the race, where that immortal garland is to be run for, not without dust and heat. This was the reason why our sage and serious poet, Spenser, describing true temperance under the person of Guion, brings blut in with his palmer through the cave of mammon and the bower of earthly bliss, that he might see and know, and yet abstain. abreathed, that never saillies out and sees her

Wir. Wit is indeed a thing so versatile and multiform, appearing in so many shapes, so many postures, so many garbs, so variously apprehended by several eyes and judgments, that it seemeth no less hard to settle a clear and certain notion thereof, than to make portrait of Proteus, or to define the figure of a fleeting air. The Coon Hunt, or a Fency Country. BY W. T. THOMPSON.

"Tis really astonishin' what a monstrous sight of mischief there is in a pint of rum!—

If one of 'em was to be submitted to an analization, as the doctors call it, it would be found to contain all manner of devilment that ever entered the hed of man, from custon' etcelin' to the nutriday and phinnin' lies. that ever entered the hed of man, from cussin' stealin's up to murder and whippin' his own mother, and nonsense enuff to turn all the men in the world out of their senses.—

If a man's got any badness in him it will bring it out, just as sassafras tea does the measles, and if he's a good-for-nothin' sort of a feller, without no bad traits in pertikeler, it'll bring out all his greatness. It affects different people in different ways—it makes some men monstrous brave and full of fight, and some it makes cowards; some it makes and some it makes cowards; some it makes rich and happy, and some poor and miserable; and it has a different effect on different peoples eyes—some it makes see double, and some it makes so blind that they cant't tell themselves from a side of bacon. One of the worst cases of rum foolery that I've heard of for a

long time, tuk place in Pineville last fall.

Bill Sweeney and Tom Culpepper is the two greatest old coveys in our settlement for coon huntin. The fact is they don't do much of anything else, and when they can't ketch nothin you may depend coons is scarce. Well, one night they had everything reddy for a regular hunt, but owin' to some extra good fortin', gular hunt, but owin' to some extra good fortin',
Tom had got a pocket pistol, as he called it,
of reglar old Jimmakey, to keep off the rumatics. After takin' a good startin' horn, they
went out on their hunt, with their litewood
torch a blazin', and the dogs a-barkin' and
yelpin' like forty thousand. Ev'ry now and
then stoppin' to wait for the dogs they would
drink one another's health, till they begun to
feel very comfortable, and chatted away bout
one thing and another, without mindin' much
which way they was gwine. Bime by they
cum to a fence. Well over they got, 'thout
much difficulty. much difficulty accessed which

'Who's fence is this?' ses Bill.

'Taint no matter,' ses Tom, 'let's take suthin' After takin' a drink they went on, wonderin what on yearth had cum of the dogs. Next thing they cum to was a terrible muddy branch.

After pullin' through the briers and gettin' on tother side they tuck another drink, and after the belongs to us, for his works have become as gwine a little ways they cam to another fence, household words wherever the English tongue a monstrous high one this time. Whar upon yearth is we got to Culpepyearth is we got to Culpe per?' ses Bill, 'I never seed sich a heap of

branches and fences in these parts. 'Why,' ses Tom, 'it's all old Sturlin's doins -you know he's always bildin' fences and making infernal improvements, as he calls 'em. But never mind, we's through them now.' 'Guess we isn't,' ses Bill; 'here's the allfiredest tall fence yet.'

Shure enuff, thar they was right agin another fence. By this time they begun to be considerable tired and limber in the jints and it was sich a terrible high fence! Tom dropped the last piece of the torch, and thar they was in the dark.

'Now you is done it,' ses Bil'. Tom know'd he had, but he thought it was no use to grieve over spilled milk, so ses he, Never mind, old hoss, cum ahead, and I'll take you out,' and the next minit kerslash he went into the water.

Bill hung on the fence with both hands like he thought it was slewin' round to throw him 'Hellow, Tom!' ses he, 'whar in the world

is you got to ? 'Here I is,' ses Tom, spontin' the water out of his mouth, and coffin like he'd swallowed something. 'Look out, thar's another 'Name o'sense, whar is we?' ses Bill. 'H this isn't a fency country, dad fetch my but-

Yes and a brauch one too! ses Tom; 'and" the highest, and deepest and thickest that I ever seed in my born days." 'Which way is you?' ses Bill. 'Here, rite over the branch.'

The next minit in Bill went, up to his midlle in the branch. 'Cum ahead,' ses Tom, 'let's go home.' 'Cum thunder ! in such a place as this, whar

a man hain't more'n got his cote tail unhitched from a fence, fore he's over his head and After gitting out and feelin about in the dark a little, they got together agin. After takin another drink they sot out for home, denouncing the fences and the branches, and helpin, one another up now and then; but

they had'nt got more'n twenty yards fore they exultation of brung to a halt by another fence. 'Dad blame my picter,' ses Bill, 'if I don't think we is bewitched. Who upon yearth would build fences ail over creation this way?" It was but a ower's job to get over this one; but after they got on the top, they found the ground on tother side 'thout much trouble.-This time the bottle was broke and they come monstrous near having a fight about the catastrophy. But it was a very good thing, it was; for after crossin' two or three more branches and climbin' as many more fences, it got to be daylight, and they found out that they had been climbin' the same fence all night, not more n a hundred yards from whar they first cum to

Bill Sweeney ses he can't account for it no other way but that the licker sort o'turned heir heads; and he says he does really believe, if it had'nt gin out, they'd been climbin' the same fence and wadin the same branch till yet. Bill promised his wife to jine the Temperance Society, if she won't never say no more bout that coon hunt.

A wet "Sheet" in the "Choir." It so happened, that he was about to ex-change with a clergyman of considerable note, who was pastor of a church in a distant town. When the two met, Mr. L. stated his difficulties to the stranger, and requested him to give out certain hymns (naming them) at the proper time during service. The distinguished stranger promised to do as requested.—
When Sunday came, the church was densely crowded by the inhabitants of the village, who desired to hear the cleavest procedure. crowded by the inhabitants of the village, who desired to hear the eloquent preacher. At the proper time he arose and said, "Let us worship God by singing the fifty-fifth hymn."—
There was a great fumbling and turning over of leaves in the choir, but the organ didn't commende sounding, and at last, after a pause, the leader of the choir informed the clergy-man that they could'nt sing that hymn. The clergyman rose again, "Sing the hundred and second hymn." Another long pause, and turning over of leaves,—and, finally, "we can't sing that hymn, sir." "Ah," said the clergyman,—"sing the hundred and twenty-first hymn." A third awkward pause, and at length a voice from the gallery—"unfortunateength a voice from the gallery "unfortunate-y, sir, we can't sing that hymn either." "Let us pray," was the quick response of the pulpit, and the Rev. Mr. L., upon his return, had no more difficulty with his choir.

The Romance of Parisian Life. The prominent topics of chat, at an enter-tainment given by the Duke de Nemours, was a fire which broke out the Monday previous, at the hotel of the Duchess de Galiera, rue d'Astorq. The accomplished daughter of the Sardinia Ambassador had invited a large num-

ber of guests to a ball, and bright The lamps shone o'er fair women and bright
The lamps shone o'er fair women and brave man;
A thousand hearts beat happily; and when
Music arose with its voluptuous swell,
Soft eyes looked love to eyes which spake again,
And all went merry as a marriage bell;
But hush, hark!

The crackling of fire was heard, clouds of smoke filled the room, ladies fainted, and a general scene of confusion ensued. One of the guests was a noble Neapolitan; who married a French Countess, but has been separated from her since 1831. She entered the turned to Naples, to forget, under the blue Italian sky, those tempests which had clouded his matrimonial felicity. A few weeks since he returned to Paris, was invited to Mme.

de by an instrument for determining the weight.

Mechanically he placed himself on the platform and adjusted the weight to one hundred and forty-five. To his surprise he found this Galiera's and sat at a whist table when the alarm was given. Following the example of M. Salvandy, the Minister of Public Intruction, he dashed into the smoke, caught up an nsensible fair one in his arms, bore her out into the open air, and saw—his wife. He took her to his hotel, and Hymen's torch, thus rekindled, is said to burn brighter than

Cardinal Wiseman on Longfellow. Cardinal Wiseman recently delivered a lecture in London, on the "Home Education of the Poor," in the course of which he gave the following glowing and graceful tribute to our poet, Longfellow:

"There is no greater lack, said the Cardinal, in English literature, than that of a poet of the people—of one who shall be to the laboring classes of England, what Goethe is to the peasants of Germany. He was a true philosopher who said, "Let me make the songs of a nation, and I care not who makes its laws." There was one writer who approaches nearer than any other to this standard, and I am the most unfortunate of men." has already gained such a hold on our hearts that it is almost unnecessary for me to mention his name. Our hemisphere cannot claim the honor of having brought him forth—but still, his imagery, or soothed by his melodious versification, or elevated by the high moral teachings of his pure muse, or follow with sympathising hearts the wanderings of Evangeline-I am sure that all who hear my voice will join with me in the tribune I desire to pay to the genius of Longfellow."

WHAT'S IN A NAME ?- We have ever been of the opinion that there is more in a name than has generally been conceded by savans ... Indeed, we never could believe in the dogma, "that a rose by any other name would smell as sweet." The following, which we recently found in rummaging a multifarious collection of old newspaper volumes, not only clear-ly demonstrates that there is much in a name, but is a curiosity of itself.

"A French paper, Le Journal du Loiret, says Napoleon's name is composed of two; Greek words, Napos and Leon, which signify the Lion of the Desert. The letters of the same name ingeniously combined, presents a phrase which offers a singular analogy with the character of that extraor inary man.

1. Napoleon. 6. Apoleon 7. Poleon. 3. Oleon. 5. Eop.

2. On. By striking off the first letter of this word and pursuing the same course with each fol lowing word, six Greek words are formed which literally translated in the order designated by the figures, signify, Napoleon, being the lion of the people, became a destroyer of

cities." A Curious Love-Letter. MADAME :- Most worthy of my admiration, after long consideration and much meditation of the great reputation you possess in the nation, I have a strong inclination to become your relation. On your approbation of the declaration I shall make preparation to move my situation to profess my admiration; and if such obligation is worthy of observation, and can obtain commiseration, it will be an aggrandisation, beyond all calculation, of the joy and Yours,

SANS DESIDERATION. THE ANSWER Sin :- I persued your oration with much deiberation, and a little consternation at the great infatuation of your weak imagination, to show such veneration on se light a foundation. I suppose your animation was the fruit of recreation, or had sprung from ostentation to display your education by an odd enumeration or rather multiplication of words of the same termination, though of great variation in their respective signification. Now, without disputation, your laborious application to so tedious an occupation deserves commendation, and thinking imitation sufficient gratification. I am, without hesitation,

SALLY MODERATION.

A Shrewd Reply. Sir Walter Scott says that the alleged origin of the invention of cards produced one of the shrewdest replies he had ever heard given in evidence. It was made by the late Dr. Gregory, at Edinburgh, to a counsel of great emimence at the Scottish bar. The doctor's testimony went to prove the insanity of the party requires, in a pre-eminent degree, memory, udgment, and combination, can be at the same time deranged in his understanding?"-"I am no card player," said the doctor with great address, "but I have read in history that cards were invented for the amusement of an insane king." The consequence of this reply were decisive.

.... A lady advertising for a husband in the Water-Cure Journal, gives the following description of herself. She has some fine

"I am just twenty, but will not marry be-fore I am two years older. I am a graduate of the Marietta Seminary. I can do, and love to do all manner of house work, from making pies and bread to washing shirts; I can do all kinds of sewing, from embroidery to linsey pantaloons; I can skate, ride, dance, sing, play on the piano or spinning wheel, or anything that may reasonably be expected of my sex. If required, I can act the part of a dunce in society of the "upper ten," or the part of a woman among women. As for riding, here allow me to make a banter; any man may bring two horses, give me choice and ten feet, and then if he overtakes me in one mile I am his, if not the horse is mine. Beware By

A Mistake in the Weight. Andrew Wyman was like Lord Byron in one respect. He had a great horror to growing fat. What added to his apprehensions on this score was the fact that his father, before he died, attained a degree of rotundity which would have enabled him to fill, respectably

would have enabled him to fill, respectably
the office of alderman.

Andrew stood five feet eight in his stockings,
and weighed one hundred and forty-five pounds
—a very respectable weight—within which he
endeavored to keep himself by the free use of
vinegar and other acids, which are reported
to diminish any tendency to pinguidity.

Andrew was in the habit of weighing himself once a fortnight, in order to make sure

self once a fortnight, in order to make sure that he was not transgressing proper bounds.

He had been absent from home rather more ried a French Countees, but has been separated from her since 1831. She entered the Queen's service as a Maid of Honor and he red by an instrument for determining the

> and forty-five. To his surprise he found this not sufficient. With an air of alarm be advanced it five pounds-still ineffectual. Imagine his conster-nation when the scales fell at one hundred

and seventy-five! "Good heavens!" said he to himself .-"There can't be any mistake about it— I've gained thirty pounds within a fortnight! I was afraid it would be so. It was so with my father before me. At this rate I shall go be-

yond him in a few weeks." He entered the house with an air of settled melancholy upon his face, which excited the fears of his wife who had come forward to greet him after his absence.

"Why, Andrew—Mr. Wyman—what's the matter?" she asked. "Matter enough!" he groaned. "I weigh one hundred and seventy-five pounds! Gained thirty pounds within a fortnight—or at the rate of fifteen per week. Suppose I should go on at this rate, or even ten pounds a week, in three months I shall be a perfect monster. "I am sure you don't look any larger," said Mrs. Wyman. "You don't find that your

clothes have grown small for you?" "Why, no."

Andrew's face brightened up. "Wait a minute," said he. He sped out of the house like an arrowflew to the depot and renewed the experiment. A moment after, he entered the house again, his face glowing with joy.
"You've hit it, wife," he exclaimed. "I've weighed myself again, and only weigh one

hundred and forty-three." Mr. Wyman was so elated by the altered state of the case, that he at once gave his wife money enough to purchase a "love of a collar" that she had seen at Mrs. Leask's the day before. "It's an ill wind that blows nobody good."

Daniel Webster. Bishop Wainwright relates the touching in-7 ident beautifully illustrative of the religious yearnings of the late Daniel Webster: "Soon after I returned from Egypt and the Holy Land, hearing that Mr. Webster was in town, I called upon him at the Astor, as I was always accustomed to do. His reception of me was most cordial and affectionate. Heasked me many questions as to my Eastern travels, and as I rose to go away, he took me by the hand and said, "I want you to do one thing for ine. You have been over to Palestine wish to get the best map I can command, and have you sit down with me one hour—but one hour. I wish to go with you from place to place-Bethleham, Nazareth, Jerusalem, the Sea of Gallilee, Jordan, Bethany, the Mount of Olives, and tell me, as I point, how it looks; the hills, the rocks, the land, the water. I can never go there, but I would look as nearly as I can upon every spot sanctified by the presence of our blessed Lord, while tabernacled in the flesh. His eves filled with tears, and he earnestly pressed my hand .--Multitudes of emotions swelled my heart. I returned the pressure, and in silence departed."

The Ebenezers. This is the name of a communist or common property association occupying a section of land-eight miles from Buffalo, on the old Seneca reservation, about nine thousand acres in all.-They number about two thousand, and hold property to the value of about \$6,000,000, and propose to sell out and remove West, where they can have a larger domain. The Ebenezers originated in Germany, where the community has existed for a century. We learn from a journal published in their vicinity, that they have large farms in a high state of cultivation, their immense barns overloaded with grain; and they excel in cotton and woollen manufactures, especially in broadcloths, cassimeres, and flannels. They have large flocks and herds, all under the care of shepherds.-They differ from the Shakers, inasmuch as they marry and are given in marriage, and are practical Malthusians when the economy of their organization demands it. They have an elective board of governors or elders, thirty in number, upon whom devolve all the legislation of the community; but they appoint a single executive officer, upon whom devolves the entire superintendence of their varied enterprises.—Boston Chronicle.

Italian Mode of Cooking Maize. While journeying in Italy, some years ago, I was delighted with the remarkable mode in which the notenta or Indian meal is prepared in that country. I think, with a recent correspondent to the London Gardener's Chroni-Our infancy is full of folly; youth, of disorder and toil; age, of infirmity. Each time hath his burden; and that which may justly work our weariness; yet infancy longeth after youth; and youth after more age; and he, that is very old, as he is a child for simplicity, that is very old, as he is a child for simplicity, at that end of the church than at the other.—

A Ret Sheet in the "Choir."

The Rev. Mr. M.,—a clergyman in the interior of the State of New York had been troubled for a long time by an intractable choir. In fact, there is always more difficulty in arranging matters and keeping them straight at that end of the church than at the other.—

The Rev. Mr. M.,—a clergyman in the interior of the State of New York had been whose mental capacity was the point at issue. On a cross interrogation he admitted that the person in question played admirably at whist. "I am ashamed to say it has been my case at the Hotel de la Couronne, at Brides, near Mouters, and that which may justly it is that one is apt to eat too much, as he says, "I am ashamed to say it has been my case at the Hotel de la Couronne, at Brides, near Mouters, and the Hotel de la Couronne, at Brides, or had he perior capacity for a game so difficult, an which may justly it that a person having a support of the State of New York had been who at the only fault of the Italian method is that the only fault of the Italian method on a cross interrogation he admitted that the person in question played admirably at whist.

"I am ashamed to say it has been my case at the Hotel de la Couronne, at Brides, near Mouters, and the person having a support of the State of New York had been who are the only fault of the Italian method is that the only fault of the Italian method on a cross interrogation he admirately at whist.

"I am ashamed to say it has been my case at the other, and the person having a support of the State of New York had been my case at the other.—

The Rev. Mr. M.,—a clergyman in the instance of the Italian method to say it has been my case never made any other dish than Timballe de Folenta a la Savoyarde, that alone should render him famous."

" Take Polenta, (Indian meal,) perfectly dry and fresh, moistened with boiling water, and perfectly mixed by stirring with a wooden spoon until the mass is reduced to a thorough-ly smoothe paste, of consistence to admit boiling. Keep it just below a boiling temperature until by tasting you find it to be perfectly homogeneous; about ten minutes suffice; stir the whole time. Remove it from the fire, and add as much fresh butter, strong brown gravy, grated Parinesan cheese and as much garlic as suits your palate; grated ham is an excellent adjunct. Simmer ten minutes, stirring the whole time; pour the whole mess into a well-

pulpit, and the Rev. Mr. L., upon his return, had no more difficulty with his choir,

A man's run is never the result of his own folly—it is sure to be the fault, or treached and fleen if he overtakes me in one mile I am his, if not the horse is mine. Beware! By for I am styled handsome; by the young men on whom I please to smile, I am styled the height of perfection; by those I frown upon, "the devil's imp," by the wise and sober of the height of perfection; by the wise and sober of the height of perfection; by the wise and sober of the height of perfection; by the wise and sober of the height of perfection; by the wise and sober of the height of perfection; by the wise and sober of the height of perfection; by the wise and sober of the height of perfection; by the wise and sober of the height of perfection; by the wise and sober of the height of perfection; by the wise and sober of the working classes—the one object which, of all others in the wide range of political specular tion, is the one which should be the dearest to the heart of every philanthropist, and every true patriot.—Rev. Dr. Chalmers, and then if he overtakes me in one mile I am his, if not the horse is mine. Beware! By for it will be it would like to, but work the object of my fondest aspirations is the moral, intellectual, and, as sure consequence of this, the economical advancement of the working classes—the one object which, of all others in the wide range of political specular tion, is the one which should be the dearest to the height of perfection; by the wise and sober of the moral, intellectual, and, as sure consequence of this, the economical advancement of the working classes—the one object which, of all others in the wide range of political specular tion, is the one which should be the dearest to the height of perfect of my fondest aspirations is the moral, intellectual, and, as sure consequence of this, the object of my fondest aspirations is the moral intellectual, and, as sure consequence of this, the object of my fondest aspirati

Dowager of Rothes. Mrs. Jane Langton was the god-daughter of Samuel Johnson. He birth is mentioned in Boswell under the yea 1777. "Langton," says Johnson writing to Boswell, "has another wench. Thrale is a hopes of a young brewer." How strange so ever it may seem, Miss Jane Langton, who died at Richmond on the 12th ult., was the correspondent of Samuel Johnson who die seventy years since. In "Boswell" may be seen a beautiful letter from Johnson to his little god-daughter, acknowledging a pretty letter he had just received from her. It begin ter he had just received from her. It begins "My dear Miss Jenny;" is full of good advice for a girl of her years, conveyed in words exquisitely simple for the great lexicographer; and written withal, as Boswell tells rapher; and written withal, as Boswell tells us, in a large round hand, nearly resembling printed characters, that she might have the satisfaction of reading it herself. "When, you are a little older (it is thus the greatman concludes his letter to Miss Jenny) I hope you will be very diligent in learning arithmetic, and above all, through your whole life you will carefully say your prayers and read your Bible." Simple words these, but from how great a man! Miss Jenny remembered the junction of her illustrious god-father, and was proud of showing the letter which the great moralist had sent her—framed and glazed in her favorite apartment at Richmond. If Queeny Thrale, afterwards Baroness Keith, is no longer living, Mrs. Jane Langton (My dear

no longer living, Mrs. Jane Langton (My dear

Miss Jenny) was the last survivor of all the persons mentioned in Boswell's delightful bi-

Mason and Dixon's Line. What was the origin of it? We hear it frequently spoken of as connected with slavery, and as originally relating to that subject.—. Nothing can be farther from the truth—at the time that line was established, slavery existed. on both sides of it. A brief account of its origin may be of some interest just at this

As early as the year 1682, a dispute arose between William Penn and Lord Baltimore respecting the construction of their respec-tive grants, of what now form the States of Pennsylvania, Delaware, and Maryland.— Lord Baltimore claimed to and including the 40th degree of north latitude; and William he belongs to us, for his works have become as household words wherever the English tongue is spoken. And, whether we are charmed by sure you did'nt have your value in your hand.

"I'll tell you what, Mr. Wyman," said his wife, struck with a sudden idea, "are you is spoken. And, whether we are charmed by sure you did'nt have your value in your hand.

The debatable land was one degree of 69. English miles on the south of Pennsylvania, The matter was finally brought into the Courts of Chancerv in England, and after tedious delays, on the 15th day of May, 1755 Lord Chancellor Hardwick made a decree awardi costs against Lord Baltimore, and direct that commissioners should be appointed to mark the boundaries between the parties. The commissioners, so appointed, met at New-castle, on the 15th of November, 1775, and, not being able to agree, separated. After a farther litigation and delay, the whole matter was settled by the mutual agreement between the surviving heirs of the original ligitants. In the year 1761, Mr. Charles Mason, of the Royal Observatory, was sent to Pennsylvania, with all the needful astronomical instruments, to measure a degree of latitude. That duty he performed, and a report of his proceedings was made to the Royal Society of London, for the year 1767.

This Mr. Mason and Jeremiah Dixon were appointed to run the line in dispute, which appears to have been done in conformity with the Lord Chancellor's decree. This is the famous "Mason and Dixon's line," and boundary between Pennsylvania on the couth, and Maryland on the north. Any one desirous more information, will find it in Douglas' His tory of America, published in Boston; Proud's-History of Penusylvania; the Memoirs of the Historical Society of Pennsylvania, and 1 Vesey's Reports, 352, Penn, Lord Baltimore.
Little did the actors in this matter think hat, in after times, the line established w so much trouble and expense, would ever be connected with a subject calculated to shake

a great nation to its centre.

"Sic Semper Tyrannis." These words upon the Virginia Coat of Arms, accompanying the representation of a prostrate tyrant, with the foot of a Goddess upon his neck, have a singular precedent in the Bible. In the conquest of the promised land by Joshua and the host of Israel, an account is given of five Kings who fled and hid thems cave at Makkedah, and great stones were roll ed upon the mouth of the cave to secure them, until the victory was concluded. Then Joshua commanded the mouth of the cave to be opened and the five kings to be brought out, and he said unto the captains of the men of war, which went with him: "Come near and put" your feet upon the necks of these Kings," and they put their feet upon the necks of them.— Then Joshua said, "Fear not, nor be dismayed, be strong and of good courage, for thus shall the Lord do all your enemies."—Sic Semper Tyrannis. Whether the Virginia Coat of Arms is a historical allusion to this incident, we are not informed, and would enquire of those who are learned in this matter? The parallel is a singular one if it be accidental.

Something New. Did you ever hear of the way in which the man by the name of 'New,' who had so many children, got out of his difficulties about giving them names! He had twelve male responsibilities presented to him. He had exhausted the vocabulary of names. There was James New, and William New, and John New, and Stephen New, etc., etc. At last he was presented with a thirteenth child. It was a boy again. What to call him he had't the slightest idea. So at last in utter desperation, to the consternation of his wife he named him Nothing News.

The next child was a girl. Well, now there was no difficulty. But his better half insisted upon having the naming of that child herself. -Several mouths passed, during which she resolutely kept the name to herself. At last, when good lord and the assembled company, by naming the little girl " Something New."

The Social Character of Industry. Industry is essentially social. No man can, improve either himself or his neighbor without neighborly help, and to better the world, is to set the world to work together. Everyuseful invention has been carried out and peruseful invention has been carried out and perfected by the co-operation of many minds, or by the successive applications of varied genius to the same object, age after age. The mechanic must aid the philosopher, or he must stand still in his demonstrations, and the philosopher must aid the mechanic, or he will work and work without wisdom. The attornment people the telescope and the chariet his work and work without wisdom. The astronomer needs the telescope, and the chemist his material and apparatus. The sciences hang on the arts, and the arts on the sciences.—But without the philosophy from heaven, neither art nor science would look off the earth, and industry, would die a natural death and rise no more; for religion alone is the living spirit of human sociality and power.

marriage license for a triend, while glane over it, was heard to soliloquize thus: "Codo it—would like to, but won't—want would like to have a wife—but.

She belongs to the Collins line, and was homeward bound. On the 27th ultimo, during the prevalence of a dense fog she came in collision with an iron propeller, and sank in 45 minutes from the time of the collision. Below we give the statements of the Mate and others: STATEMENT OF MR. BALLAM, SECOND OFFI-NEW YORK, Oct. 11th.—The following statement

and officer, who with other officers, and crew and passengers, saved in two of the first boats, reached the shore at Broad Cove, and arrived at St. John on oesday last: -- On Wednesday, the 27th at noon, Cape Race, bear-N. W. 65 miles distant, while running in a thick

was struck on the starboard bow, about 60 feet toaft of the cutwater, by an iron steamer, which nade three large holes in the the ship, two below the rater, one of which was about five and a half feet in and one and a half feet wide, letting the rhole cutwater and stem of the iron steamer clear, Th the Arctic's sides. The fog was so dense that the vessel could not be en a minute before the collusion. The wheel was

out hard a stirboard, and the engine stopped, and instantly backed at full speed untill clear of the other steamer, which occupied a couple of minutes.

The propeller was believed to be a French vessel, and was sinking bow first. Captain Luce immediately gave orders to clear away the quarter boats, which being done, Gomley, the chief officer, left the Arctic in charge of the starboat boat. On lowering the boat the captain exclaimed "hoist up that boat again, Mr. Balham," and beckoned me to go to him. Upon doing so he ordered me to go over the steamer to ascertain, if possible, what dam-age had been done. I then found the holes above

Upon informing him of the facts he gave orders to ret the sales up, and to try and get them round the Ir done, but was of no advantage whatever, so much of the bow broken off from the other steamer projecting that the sales could not be brought close to the The carpenter was then lowered over the vessel's

side, and pillows and mattresses passed down to him to try and force them in, but the leak was found to be so far below the water line that they could not Brery exertion to stop the leak having proved unavailing, Captain Luce then ordered that the ship's head he kent for land, which bore N. W. by W. By this "me we had lost sight of the chief officer's boat

the other steamer which are supposed to have autes before we ran over a boat and crew belonging to the other vessel, all of whom perished with the exception of one who caught hold of a rope hanging over the bow. Directly the boat was seen or-

ders were given to stop the engine, which the chief engineer said could not be done, as the ship was fast To about 30 minutes all the lower fires were out, and 3 feet of water in the ship fore and aft. By this time the confusion among the passengers was very great, but they used all efforts to assist the crew in ing the ship forward for the purpose of endeavring to get at the leak from the inside, It was however found to be useless, and numbers of them were going into boats, which were still hanging to

from the forehold and informed the Captain that the eater was on a level with the lower deck beams, and that it was impossible to get at the leak. I then sked him what he thought would be the fate of the when he stated his belief that there was no s of saving her. He then told me to see to my

On going to the boats on the port side, I found nem completely filled with men woman and chiliren, and no possibility of getting near them. diately went to the starboard side and ordered wo of the crew to lower the guard boart, and asked ain what were his intentions? He said that the shin's fate should be his I then asked him if he would not allow his son to go; he returned me answer that he should share his fate.

It was discovered that there was no hope of savthe Arctic, and the lady, daughter and son of E. K. Collins, with several ladies were put on board of a boat, and in the act of lowering it one of the tackes gave way, and all except one lady, who clung to a sailor who held fast to the boat, were precipitated into the sea and lost.

I then jumped into a boat, and was ordered by Captain Luce to cut the tackle falls, and drop under the stern ; I did so, and at the same time about 20 persons jumped overboard, of whom 17 or 18 were We fell in with another boat which and been lowered from the other side, and lightened her of a part of her complement, leaving 19 in her The last sight I had of the ship her guards were

evel with the water, and the surface of the sea was strewn with human beings who jumped overboard, to whom it was impossible to render any assistance and we soon lost sight of all, as the fog continued

We were about 60 miles S. E. of Cape Race, and ding it my duty to take the nearest course for the safety of all, after pulling for forty hours with nothing to guide us but the run of the sea, which l ock to be heaving from the Southward, and in thick fog, which lasted all the time; we reached Bread Cove, 12 miles north of Cape Race, and then proceeded by land to Renews, which we reached on Friday last.

We there obtained, and I took charge of a small schoquer, which was hired, and proceeded immedistely in search of the wreck or boats. I cruised ar and in a strong gale of wind from northeast, but discovered no trace of the ship or boats.

I sent word to Captain Leitch, of the City of Philadelphia steamer, acquainting him with the catastrophe, and I am informed he sent off two vessels which he had employed about his own ship. No trace of the Arctic or boats could be found, but as there were many vessels in the neighborhood where the disaster occured, it is not at all improba-ble that many lives may have been saved. No doubt, lowever, is left on my mind as to the total loss of

STATEMENT OF MR. BURNS. The steamer Arctic, with 226 passengers, exclusive of children, 175 employees, a valuable cargo, and heavy mail, is lost. Of the more than four hundred souls who left Liverpool on the 20th ult, full of hore, gaicty and health, many returning from an European tour of pleasure, only thirty-two are known to have been saved, and certainly not more than one hundred can, by an impossibility, have

esc ped a watery grave.
In addition to all this, another la ge steamer, eighted with hundreds of human beings, has in all robability, met a like fate. The details of the borrible disaster are as follows: On Wednesday, September 27, precisely at 12 o'clock M., in a dense fog, we came in contact with

a barque rigged iron proppeller, with black hull, salmon colored bottom, lead colored poop and boats, and black pipe. She was bound eastward, and had all sail set, with a strong, fair wind. The speed of the Arctic at the time was about thirteen knots an hour. The shock to us appeared slight, but the damage to the other vessel was frightful. Capt. Lucs instantly ordered the quarter boats cleared away, and the chief mate, boatswain and three sailors who went to her relief; before other boats left, the order was countermanded. The Arctic then described a circle twice round the wreck, during which time I caught a glimpse of more than two hundred people on her hurricane deck.

At this juncture it was first ascertained that we

had sustained injury, and the water was pouring in at our bows. When the first officer came alongside to report, the captain was unable to take him up, but headed N. N. W. in the hope of making land.— Our position on the previous day, at 12 o'clock, was lat. 48 39, lon. 45 27. We had run about three hundred and ten miles from the time of this observation until the moment of collision, and were supposed to be forty miles from Cape Race. The pumps were of a community that can rejoice over an event of the five other life boats, believed to have been well provisioned, containing the engineers, sailors, a few stopped the water extinguished the fires. Four of the five other life boats, believed to have been well provisioned, containing the engineers, sailors, a few passengers and all the officers except the captain and passengers and all the officers except the captain and taird mate, left the ship at an early stage. The majority of the passengers were working at the pumpa—some fring the signal guns, and others launching spars, under the direction of Capt. Luce and Mr. Dorian, the third mate, to form a raft.

In order to facilitate this latter work the sixth and last heat was lowered. Dorlan, one or two and last heat was lowered. Dorian, one or two firemen, three of the other passengers saved, and myself, were busily engaged lashing water-casks and settees to the main yard, two topgallant yards, and several smaller spars—the Captain, with a number of gentlemen, protecting the work by kreeping back the crowd—when a panic seized all on board, a rush was made, passengers and firemen precipitated themselves headlong over the bulwarks on to the raft, and in a moment our little boat was full, and in imminent danger of being sunk. In this emergency, Dorian ordered the rope which held us to the steamer to be cut, and with our hands and axes we paidled from the raft's side. The mate, who throughout preserved great presence of mind, and labored with heroic energy, cried out: "For God's sake, Captain, clear the raft, so that we can work, I won't desert the deck while there's a timber above water."

but the sea was now flush with the dead-lightsn less than three minutes from the time he spo he stern sunk—the foam went boiling over umbling heap of human beings—many were da by heap of human beings—many were dash-ard against the pipe. I heard one wild yell, being in my ears,) and saw the Arctic and regling mass rapidly engulphed. Numbers to the imperfectly constructed raft; but, class we bould render them no aid. Our own situaion was no less precarious, and, cruel as it seemed,
we were forced to abandon them to fate. Heaven
orbid that I should ever witness such another
cens. We however picked up two more men, and
hen, with an overloaded boat, without oars, tholesin, feed or drink, avoiding with difficulty the frag-

only one alive. In the morning two hodies were beside him, much eaten by fishes, and at the time he saw our boat he was on the point of voluntarily drooping into the sea to end his agony. Coming from the raft Dorian encountered and examined the life car of the Arctic. It contained a bottle of water, some cheese and a lady's garment. By the humane Captain of the Huron, and Mr.

Wellington Cameron, a son of the owner, we were received with great kindness, our wounds dressed, fires kindled, and food and clothing provided in abundance. During the night of the 28th, Capt. Wall hung out extra lights, fired rockets, and kept a horn blowing, in hopes of falling in with the remainder of the boats. But his endeavors were fruitless. On the evening of the 29th he spoke the ship Lebanon, Capt. Story, bound for New York, by whom eighteen of our number were taken off, kindly welcomed and well treated. We have this moment reached New York, by pilot boat Christian Berg, No. 16, to which we were transferred from the Lebanon, and to the crew of which we are under great

The fate of the propeller and our five boats is un-The fate of the propeller and our five boats is unknown. If the steamer was, as I have reason to think, the Charity, from Montreal to Liverpool, she is, I believe built with water tight compartments, or bulkheads, and will float, notwithstanding the damage to her bow. The fact that a boat left her, which was capsized by our paddles, augurs ill for her buoyant condition, though Capt. Wall, of the Huron, on the morning of the 28th saw a singular looking craft far to leeward, but was unable to tell whether she was a steamer or a sailing vessel. He says she had a nondescript appearance, and may have been the

wreck of the propeller.

Amongst those whom I saw upon the quarter deck, whilst fastening life preservers on the females, and who must have sunk with the ship or perished and who must have sunk with the ship or perished on the raft, were Capt. Luce and son, Mrs. E. K. Collins, Master Colt Collins, Miss Collins, Mr. Brown and family, (connection of the senior of the firm of Brown, Shipley & Co., Liverpool,) Mr. Thomas, importer of hostery, New York; Mr. Adams, Brooklyn; Mr. Bowen, Cincinnati; Mr. Charles Springer, Cincinnati; James Muirmead, Jr., Petersburg, Vo. Mr. Hamit Mr. Linit Mr. Charles burg, Va.,; Mr. Hewitt, Mrs. Hewitt and daughter, Fredericksburg, Va.,; Mr. Wood, New York; Mr. Yeaki, Mr. Scmidt, Miss Murton, Falmouth, Eng-Yeaki, Mr. Scmidt, Miss Murton, Falmonth, Eng-land; a nephew of Mr. Bloodgood, hotel keeper, Philadelphia, residing in Albany; the Duke de Grammont, of the French Embassy; '2d steward, wife and child; Annie, a colored girl, and Mary, stewardess; Miss Jones, Mr. Petrie and lady; Stew-art Hollin, Washington, D. C.; J. Cook, Opelusas, La.; with many more whose names I did not know, but whose features are indellibly imprinted on my

A Mr. Comstock, brother to the commander of the Baltic, was drowned by the capsizing of a boat whilst being lowered, Government despatches from France and England. entrusted to my care by Mr. Buchanan, I could not

· The boat in which we escaped was one of Francis' patent metalic, No. 727, from which her capacity can be ascertained, and compared with the number LIST OF PASSENGERS SAVED FROM ON BOARD OF THE ARCTIC.

The following is a list of the saved, forwarded to us by the telegraph from Halifax. They are only those saved in the boat with the second mate, William Braham: -B. C. Ward, W. Gibson, Jr., W. P. Rathbone, T. Hennesey, E. M. Guss, Dr. Maycer,
— Dupasner, H. Mnore, J. McMath, J. Bogart, W.
A. Young, W. W. Gilbert, E. Mitchelar, George Dowdt, C. Du. Lueml. LIST OF CREW SAVED.

John L. Crib, purser, Mark Graham, 4th mate, David Reed, boatswain's mate, Wm. Brahlam, 2d mate, John Lagner, 1st assistant engineer. The following seamen were also saved-Allen, Weeks, Lym, Davis, Humphreys, Tupper, Page, Jones, McGee, McRath, Blake, Gaskens, Smith, Thomas, Fleming, and Barley, carpenter. following firemen were also saved-Messrs. Can-on, Egan, Larkin, Mahin, Mercer, and Hardwick, a bedroom servant, and Waddington, Raal, and Baker, waiters.

THE STEAMER IN CONTACT. The Secretary of the Board of Underwriters at New York, has received information that the steamer in contact with the Arctic was the Cleopatra, from

Quebec for Liverpool, with a large number of pas-sengers, all of whom are supposed to have perished. The Gubernatorial Convention. The proposition for holding this Convention on

the 30th proximo at Staunton does not meet with entire favor. Two or three able and influential Demoeratic journals oppose it bitterly, and others will unite in the opposition. Our own preferences have ever been for the Spring as the time, and for a short canvass. We were especially opposed to the scheme for vamping up a hot-bed Convention at Staunton on the 12th October, while the Federal Court was still in session in that town, one of whose officers was notoriously a partisan of one of the prominent candidates. This bad scheme being defeated, and the 30th November being named, we do not care to object, as the time and place are not essentials, and as we have had a great deal of unpleasant work to do in battling for the essentials of party integrity. We go still for the Spring; but having no heart for a controversy about time and place, shall await the action of the Central State Committee, trusting to see good reason to abide its recommendation. We are requested to state, that a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee of Virginia for

1852, will be held on Wednesday afternoon, October 11th, at 4 P. M., in the office of Ritchie & Dunnavaut, on Bank street, to consider the propriety of recom-mending the time and place for holding the Democratic State Convention, in accordance with the sug-gestions of several Democratic county meetings and of a large portion of the Democratic press. The fol-lowing persons constituted the Central Committee

for 1852: John Rutherfoord, John Y. Mason, James A. Seddon, John M. Patton, James H. Cox, John A. English, Richard O. Haskins, Wm. F. Ritche, J. M. Daniel, Thomas T. Giles, Thomas H. Eilis, George W. Munford, Robert W. Hughes, L. W. Glazebrook, Wm. C. Allen, N. M. Martin, Wm. A. Patteson, Daniel Trueheart, Dabney P. Gooch, John Womble, J. B. Bragg, S. C. Davis, Peter V. Daniel, Jr., Wm. F. Watson, and Isaac R. Watkins.—Richmond Examiner.

Acquittal of Christian.

Our readers are already apprised that young Christian, charged with the murder of Blackburn, has been recently aquitted by a jury in Bedford county. The following notice of the affair, which is taken from an exchange paper, has suggested to our minds some reflections, which we take leave to offer, without at all intending to take sides in the matter, or unnecessarily to reflect upon the jury or the accused. On the trial in Lexington, the testimony was taken On the trial in Lexington, the testimony was taken down, and published in the newspapers. The public have, in this way, been made acquainted with the circumstances attending the killing of Blackburn, and they were certainly of a character calculated to make the impression upon many minds that it was a premeditated and wilful murder. The jury have thought otherwise, and the accused has been acquitted, not only of murder, but of any violation of the law. It was very natural that the immediate friends of Christian should be rejoiced at this result, but we confess our survives to learn that "the result, but we confess our surprise to learn that "the town was illuminated, music introduced, and bon-fires blazed in honor of the event, that Col. Smith was burnt in thigy, &c." We feel bound to express the opinion, (which we know to be entertained by others) that this was a most unseemly demonstration on the part of " the town," we envy not the feelings who certainly took the life of a fellow being.
[Roanoke Republican.

Property Sales.

The farm of Strother Moor, twelve miles Southwest of this place, which was advertised in this paper, was disposed of recently for \$14,000, being \$35 per acre. Abraham Stickley was the purchaser.

Col. John Gilkenson has purchased privately of the widow of the late Robt. Smith her house and lot on Water street, for the sum of \$25,000. The price paid for the same property last year, by Mr. Smith, The property of Jeremiah Bowling, on Braddock street, was disposed of privately, last week, to H. M. Baker, of this county, for \$1300 cash. Mr. Bowling intends leaving for lown shortly.—Windhester Re-

Postponed.

It will be seen that the Agricultural Fair for Jefferson county will be postponed until next year, from reasons which will be set forth in an address by the President of the Society.

As retrenchment has been the order of the day, we would respectfully suggest that the old bills be preserved. They might be altered to suit for next year, thereby saving the expense of sending to Baltimore for a new supply. We throw out the hint for consideration.—Free Press.

03-The town council of Fredericksburg have de-

termined to have an Agricultural Fair and Mechanical exhibition on the 8th of November. 03- The annual session of the Grand Division of the Sons of Temperance of Virginia will meet in Stannton on the 25th inst.

G. The Governor of Maryland has set apart the 28d of next month as a day of thanksgiving to Almighty Got.

We secured a floating pumpkin and cabbage to guard against immediate starvation, lashed a spar to the brow of our boat to keep her head to the wind and sea, and thus drifted until daylight; the night was cold and force, with a heavy swell, and, in a cramped drenched and half naked condition, we suffered terribly.

Without dwelling upon our miseries, alleviated much by the consciousness that we had endeavored to do our delty to our fellow men, suffect it to say, that at five o'glock on the afternoon of the 28th we capied a sail, and raised a handkerchief to attract attention. We were successful. With the rude substitute for oars which we had constructed during the day by lashing planks to capstan bars, with a view of attempting to gain land when the sea subsided, we pulled towards the ship. On our way we passed the remnant of the raft, with one man on it ap; arently alive.

The following communication from one among the truest, ablest and most devering Democrates in the truest, ablest and most devering Democrates in the truest, ablest and most devering Democrates in the State, submits as suggestion in which we radily acquiesce. We venture to publish the letrocaption of the last submits as suggestion in which we readly acquiesce. We venture to mubble here to we suffered to railly acquiesce. We venture to mubble her bearing Democrated and in the last submits as suggestion in which in the State, submits as suggestion in the state in the last submits as suggestion in the last true to end of the Democratic of the State, submits as of the Democratic members of the Legislature and of the Reform Convention, in the winter or early spring of 1851, (in February or March, I think,) and which according to my recollection, present a most ample true, and beautiful platform for our party to rally on now, henceforward, and forever? I merely call you attention to these resolutions—and I do it in a spiri of justice to Mr. Wise, not of opposition to Mr. Smit or Mr. Leake, to whom I am bound by ties of personal attachment, and recollections of "anld lang syne, that predispose me to favor, far more than to opposition. I need not add, I am sure, that this letter is not intended for publication.

(From the Richmond Enquirer, Feb. 21, 1851.] BASIS OF DEMOCRATIC HARMONY AND ACTION.

At an adjourned meeting of the Democrats of Virginia, now in this city, held at the Capitol on Monday night, Feb. 17th, 1851. Thomas J. Randolph, Esq., in the Chair, and H. B. Tomlin, Esq., Secretary, the following resolutions were adopted. The first eight were reported by H. A. Wise, Esq., from the commit tee of 12, and the 9th was moved by B. Rush Floyd

Esq., as a substitute for the concluding portion of 1. Resolved, That the Democratic party of Virginis abides where it has ever stood, immovably firm upor the joint basis of the Rights of the States and of the Union of the States.

2. Resolved, That they acknowledge fealty to be due alike to the Constitution of the United States and to the reserved sovereignties of the States, as paramount laws of a common country; and they will

maintain both, and repel all attempts to invade either, by every means which may lawfully be employed by good citizens and true patriots.

3. Resolved, That the Federal Union, in the foundations of our governments, is perfectly harmonized with the separate and several State Sovereigntie there is no real ground for difference in fact, and should be none in feeling, between those who are the

true friends of both. 4. Resolved, That it is the object of this meeting to heal past and prevent future dissensions, caused by the continued agitation of past issues and of the mode of their adjustment, among the friends of the Union and of State Rights, of Democracy and of the Con-federacy, of Liberty and of Law.

5. Resolved, That all further agitation of these is sues and of their late adjustment, either upon the one hand or upon the other, having no practical end, is now worse than vain, and is dangerous alike to all that is precious in the Union and that is worth preserving in the States.

6. Resolved, That to appeal on the one hand to

State Sovereignties now to attempt, by a resort to extreme remedies, to undo what has been done, is to on, and to Federal Power, intended to impair, if not destroy, the Rights of the States and to humble State pride, are no less odious in doctrine than they are in the design of converting the holiest sentiments of patriots into mere political capital, to be traded upon by that Party for Consolidation which is as destructive of the Union and of the Constitution of the Confederacy as it is of the Rights of the States and of the Liberties of the People.
7. Resolved, That it is the duty and the aim of the Democratic Party of Virginia, to aid in preserving all the rights and all the just ends which our institu-tions, State and Federal, were intended to secure, and to endeavor to compose and harmonize the ele-ments of discord, North and South, threatening to disturb our National peace, the sisterhood of our

Staets, and the family friendship of our People throughout the Republic. 8. Resolved, That to that end the Democratic Party, from its principles of peace and brotherhood among men, from its devotion to human liberty, from its love of Justice and Equality, from its hatred of all tyranny. in whatever form it exists or is exerted, from ts jealousy of Power, from its dread of Disunion and its equal detestation of a Central Despotism, from its faithful adherence to first Principles, from its sacrifices in the past and from its present relations and hopes, is, of all parties, pre-eminently best constitu ted to counsel and to save the country in this crisis

9. Resolved, That this meeting cordially tenders to the Democracy of the Union an invitation to unite with the Democracy of Virginia in an organization on the principles indicated in the foregoing resolu-

U. S. District Court. The Harpers-Ferry case was taken up on Friday in which the Court is now engaged. The counsel in this case rank among the most profound legal minds in the country, and hence we may expect a conflict of talent rarely witnessed.

The case stands:—Jacob B. Brown and othersupon ejectment-against Benj. Huger, allas United Counsel-Hon. James M. Mason, Gen. F. Bowyer

Miller, for defendents, and Thomas J. Michie, Andrew H. Hunter, A. H. H. Stuart and Gen, Jones, for the The jury in the case are.-Jacob Baylor, J. B Breckinridge, W. A. Abney, Benj. Crawford, James Walker, Jos. A. Tnompson, Jos. Long, G. W. Carr, N. H. Garrison, John Hindman, Wm. Harris, Wm.

It will be noted that this is a very intelligent juryone which reflects credit upon the efficiency and sagacity of the excetllent deputy marshal, Major

The true merit of this important case might be stated in a nut shell, as we understand it, and the case decided without mistification. But this wil not be the case. After about 40 or 50 witnesses have been examined, and 6 or 8 half-day speeches bave been made, by men who are fully able to make "con fusion worse confounded,' and who will strive to reach "direction by indirection," we may expect to find a very simple and plane case, tortured into a very intricate and unsolvable problem, which may possibly baffle the intelligence of a very intelligen jury .- Staunton Vindicator.

Mr. Buchanan in Scotland. A great Banquet was held at Glasgow, on the 8th ultimo, in commemoration of the inauguration of the statue of the Queen, which ceremony took place durlng the day. Among the many distinguished guests present on the occasion was the American Minister, Mr. Buchanan, who, in response to a toast in home of the United States, rose and said: "I cannot feel myself a stranger in a strange coun

try in the presence of this company. [Hean] I feel that I am in the presence of relatives and friends, and I am glad that, by mere accident, I happened to be here on this occasion. We have not as yet done much to cultivate the arts in America, but we have a taste to admire them; and the statue of the Queen that was disclosed to the wondering and admiring eyes of the people of Glasgow to-day, did not produce a warmer feeling of admiration in the minds of my artistic friends than it did in my own mind, rude as it is in matters of the kind. [Applause.]
"And why should I feel myself a stranger in a strange land here? We speak the same language strange land here? We speak the same language, we read the same books, we worship the same God, and the distinguished authors of Scotland are as familiar as household words to the whole population of America. Every child born in the greater portion of the United States of America has as good a right to receive a common-school education as he has to breathe his native air and drink of the fountains of y not the feelings his native country; and the poetry of Burns and of Scott, the romances of your distinguished novelists, and the works of your distinguished historians are read from the Atlantic to the Rocky Mountains.— [Hear, hear.] I have never been in Scotland before, but I confess I had very strange reflections, and very agreeable ones, in travelling through Glasgow to agreeable ones, in travelling through Glasgow today. You certainly are a great people. You made
the most furious raids in by-gone times that ever
were made by mortal men, and these desperate conflicts have been ennobled, and all the world has been
made to understand their nature, by your poets and
novelists. But the better age of utility has succeeded the age of romance, and I think the most perfect
specimen of that is in the reflection that there is a
steamboat now plying on Loch Katrine. Alas, for
poetry and romance after that! [Laughter and applause.]

plause.]

A With regard to the two countries, although much has been done to make them enemies, and although vexed questions have arisen to estrange them, yet countries which God has united, the folly of men cannot put asunder. [Continued cheering.] And I do trust and hope and believe, that all the clouds that have been for a long time, and to some extent are yet, lowering upon us will be buried in the deep bosom of the ocean. With Glasgow we certainly have stronger ties than almost any other city in the world, because I have no doubt that the citizens of Glasgow not only entertain an affection for us, beworld, because I have no doubt that the citizens of Giasgow not only entertain an affection for us, because we are bone of their bone and flesh of their flesh, but they are a trading people, and they like good customers. [Hear, hear, and laughter.] I therefore trust and hope that the bonds of mutual friendship which unite us and them at present, and unite us both with the whole Empire of Great Britain, may become stronger and stronger and may be perpetual." [Prolonged applause.]

Loudoun Fair. The third annual exhibition of the Loudonn Ag icultural Society will be held in Leesburg on the 24th and 25th days of this month. A reasonable amount is offered in the shape of premiums. B. Johnson Burbonr is to deliver the address on the occasions an on the 19th and 20th of

R. M. English,

ready incurred, and establishing a fund, and that the Treasurer be empowered to make said collection.

On motion of J. W. Beller,

Resolved, That the President and Vice President prepare an Address, (to be published in the papers of the county,) setting forth the reasons why this meeting deemed it expedient to postpone the Annual Fair.

Resolved, That this meeting adjourn, to meet on Friday, the 20th October, 12 o'clock, M., at Sappington's Hotel, that being the Annual Meeting, at which the election of officers will take place. A full attentiance of the members is requested.

members is requested.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the papers of the county.

L. W. WASHING FOX, President. J J. Lock, Secretary. CIRCUIT COURTERING TO BE IN

The following is a list of the Jurors who have teen drawn, to serve during the term of the Circuit Court, which will commence its session in this county on Wednesday the 18th instant. George H. Beckwith, Fred. M. Eichelberger. Thus, Jackins, Jacob J. Miller, James M. Brown, George W. Nicely, Wm. Johnson, O-car G Mix. John G. Moler, James D. Gibson, U. F. H Sherman.

Caroni Sliter

Wm. Crow.

John J. Vansant.

Thomas Osbourn,

Samuel W. Wysong,

Daniel Heflebower.

Stephen Staley,

Wm. Coffinbarger,

Samuel Barnhart,

Thos. Licklider,

George Ackinson,

John Keyes,

Jas. S. Markell,

BERRYVII.LE ACADEMY. The trustees of the Berryville Academy having appointed Wm. J. WARDEN, Esq., of Augusta county, Principal of that Institution. He entered upon the duties on Monday the 2nd inst. We know Mr. W. personally, and are pleased to say that the appointment is a good one. He has had experience in teaching, having been assistant Prof ssor at the Military Institute, Lexington Virginia, where he had graduated. He was also a pupil of the University, where he gained instruction upon subjects not taught at Lexington. We wish him success in his new home - Free Press

DREADFUL ACCIDENTON THE SOUTH SIDE RAILROAD.

A telegraph despatch to the Richmond Bulletin, dated Lynchburg, October 5th, gives some particulars of a dreadful accident which occurred on the South Side Railroad on Tuesday night. It appears that an obstruction had been placed across the track at the bridge over Archer's Creek, by some persons daknown, and on the arrival of the material train at that point, accordession took place which caused the bridge to give way .-The locomotive was precipitated into the creek below -a distance of about forty feet-instantly killing three of the hands employed on the train.

THE NATIONAL BABY SHOW.

invoke them to risk the good which is still left and which is too precious to be jeoparded for that, whatever it be, which is lost and which cannot be restored. In ational baby show held last week at Springfield, And, appeals, on the other hand, to a love of the Ohio. There were 127 babics in all exhibited, from various States of the Union. The Times

> The baby tent presented a novel, amusing and interesting sight. The mothers and nurses were seated and had the "ittle darlings" all ready for inspection-that is, as near ready as could be. To see so many babies together was novel; to note the material efforts to present them in the best mood was amusing, and to gaze upon their innocent faces and purest of charms was certain y interest-

ly on the judges and on a little cherub which lay in her lap. By her sat another holding up proudly a lovely little girl, whose flaxen curis and sweet blue eyes would sofien the heart of the greatest baby-hater in Christendom. Pext to her a nurse was endeavoring to quiet a stout, black eyed rosy-cheeked one year old," who insists on pul-ling the jet black ringlets of another one about is own age. One lady pointed with pride to the chubby legs of her darling boy, while another glowingly refers to the delicate but well formed I acures of her sweet babe. One boas ed of having the largest of its aga, another of the smallest and

It was generally admitted that decidedly the pretriest child on exhibition was from Cincinnati; it is the daughter of Mr. Henry Howe. It is really a sweet child, and, without pretending to be a judge, we must coincide with the general opinion.

Large and fat children seemed to predominate— One from Indiana, five months old, weighed 271 pounds. Another, four months old, weighed 20 pounds. A pair of twins, of Clark county, attracted much attention. They were very pretty, and as near alike as two peas. An elderly rany was present with her sed nicen baby, only two months old .-She claimed nothing extraordinary in the child,

but thought she was deserving of a premium.

WIFE MURDERED BY HER HUSBAND. We are pained to learn that a most brutal mur-der took place near the Philadelphia road, about five-and a-half miles from the city, on Monday night last. It appears that Frederick Knoble a German, whether with cause or not we cannot say, became jealous of his wife, and after a lew words with her, picked up a sharp hatchet, and with one terrible blow buried the same in the back of her neck at the junction of the shoulders, tetween four and five inches in depth and of its entire length, sever ing the back-bone and most important arteries and causing instant death.

It seems that he then took the body and threw it

nto a sunken barrel, used for catching the manure that flowed from a stable, and upon the body placed stones to keep it from rising to the top of the liguid, and covered the barrel with boards. She having been missed search was made for her, and she was on Wednesday found in the condition portray. ed. Her husband was seen on his road to Balti more on the morning after the occurrence, that of Tuesday last, with a bundle thrown over his shoulder. Since which no clue has been obtained as to his whereabouts. Lewis Frankenberger, magistrate of the twelfih district, acting in the capacity of cor-oner, held an inquest over the body, and the jury gave their verdict "that she came to her death at the hands of Frederick Knoble, her husband."-The deceased leaves three children-the first aged 10 years, the second 6 years, and the third an infant - Balt. Clipper Friday

University of Virginia. [From the Virginia Sentinel.]

On Saturday a great many students arrived at this delightful and renowned institution. They are still coming from every direction. All of the University hotels are filled, and rooms of the boarding houses either occupied or engaged by other students, From the number that have arrived, and rooms that are engaged for others, it is supposed there will be at least five hundred students the present season. Their presence gives considerable life to Charlottsville which is a pleasant and thriving little town.—
The salubrious atmosphere, romantic and truly sublime mountain scenery, and good water, with other
advantages with which the University is favored, renders it one of the most delightful places of which It was dry and dusty until last night, when we had a fine rain, which gives everything a delightful

and fresh appearance. Oct. 2d. 1854. ASTÆA. The Patent Revolving Hammer Pistol. To such perfection has the manufacture of this weapon been brought, that it would have seemed di ficult to make an improvement, or even find where one would be desirable. Colt's revolver was such an time every one was disposed to be satisfied with it.
But the progressive and untiring inventive glories of
the age, has produced something still better in the
shape of the Patent "Revolving Hammer Pistol,"
manufactured by the Robbins and Lawrence Company, at Windsor, Vermont.

The chief merits of this fire-arm consist in its sim plicity of construction, the ease and rapidity with which it can be loaded and fired, and its perfect safety both while carrying and firing it. Its arrangement is such, that the powder and caps are protected
from moistore, and the working parts of the lock are
in like manner secured against rust. The barrels
are grooved similarly to the celebrated "Sharpe Rifle" manufactured by the same establishment, and
the distance to which balls can be thrown, and with
correctness by it, far surpasses the execution of either
Colt's or Allen's pistols. We can conceive of no
more efficient weapon of offence or defence.

[Pennsylvania Inquirer.]

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned having bought the Blacksmith
Shop formerly owned by G. S. Gardner,
will carry on the BLACKSMITHING in
will be given to all work catrusted to him.
He hopes by strict attention to business to share a portion of public patronage.

EDWARD HUNT.
September 5, 1854.

A CARRIAGE FOR SALE.

NEW and fashionable two-horse Carriage, with
Harness complete, for sale at a great reduction over first cost:
Apply to
August 29, 1854—tf. A NEGRO GIRL, from 16 to 20 years of age, (for the advertiser's own use,) of good character, for which a fair price will be given. Enquire of the July 25, 1854. PRINTER. SELLING OFF AT COST. A large stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, for Ladies and Gentlemen, at ISAAC ROSE'S ONOTICE THIS RED FLAG. Oheap Stores Charles www., S. or. 20, 1854.

business, on as accommodating terms as any concern in the States. Owing to the extent of Stock of dif-ferent Wares, which I keep constantly on land, I think I can offer inducements to all purchasers in this State, which cannot fail to insure to me a very exten-

sive patronage. TINWARE. TINWARE.

I have now manufactured a very large and general assortment of TINWARE of the best quality, which I will sell at my establishment in Charlestown, or through my tray-cling agents, throughout most of the counties in the State, at low prices for cash, or in exchange for Cotton Rags, Wool, Sheep Skins, Hides, Beeswax, Bacon, Country Hard Scap, &c. Those who patronize this establishment will very soon be able to appreciate the convenience of laving their wares brought to their business houses and the trade taken from the same without given them either the expence of freightage or trouble of preparing for shipment.

BRASS WARE.

I have now on hand a large supply of PRESERV-

I have now on hand a large supply of PRESERV-ING KETTLES, of assorted sizes, which I will sell at extremely low prices. at extremely low prices.

SHEET-IRON WARE.

I have a desirable stock of Coal Scuttles, Ash Hods,
Fire Carriers, Fire Screens, Dripping Pans, Stove
Pipe, &c., and am prepared to do in the best manner and at short notics, all kinds of SHEET IRON
WORK, of either Russia, English, American, or
Galvanized Iron, all of which I keep a supply of on
hand at all times. HEATING & COOKING APPARATUS. My stock of STOVES at this time offers as good a chance for selection as can be found at any establishment in any of the Atlantic cities, among which are:

The Metropolitan Elevated Oven Cook Stove, for wood, 2 sizes, a Stove of excellent operation and manufactured expressly for Southern trade.

Golden Cook, for wood, 3 sizes and 2 ranges.

X Cook Stove, for wood, I size large and very Home Cook, do do 3
Welcome Cook, do do 3
Crystal Cook, do do 3 

Russia Iron Air-Tight, cast top and bottom. 2 "
Ten-plate Stoves, both plain and boiler tops, all sizes, from 20 to 40 inches in length. 

METAL ROOFING AND SPOUTING, And all other Job Work connected with my fusi-ness, will be done by working who have had an experience of from 15 to 20 years, and having all of the latest improved Tools for this branchof my business, I know my ability to do as good a jub of Roofing and Spouting as can be done in the United States, and I am at all times prepared to furnish stock of the best quality for any kind of metal roofing, either Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron, Galvanized Ironor Zinc. I warrant every job which I do of this kind to be of the best materials, and give sufficient time after the com

of the work before payment to thoroughly test the quality of the workmanship. TOILET WARE. I have now ready for sale a few sets of TOILET WARE, consisting of Pluber and Bowle, Toilet Jars, Chamber Buckets, Water Buckets and Foot Tubs which are finished in the neatest manner and will be sold at Baltimore prices. AJ-All orders from any part of State are respect fully solicited and will receive prompt attenti

THOS. D PARKER. Charlestown, October 10, 1854. AMERICAN ARTISTS UNION. A spectfully announce to the citizens of the United States and the Canadas, that for the purpose of cultivating a taste for the fine arts throughout the country, and with the view of enabling every family become possessed of a gallery of Engravings, BY THE FIRST ARTISTS OF THE AGE, They have determined, in order to create an extensive sale for their Engravings, and thus not only give employment to a large number of artists and others, but inspire among our countrymen a taste for works of art, to present to the purchasers of their engravings, when 250,000 of them are sold, 250,000 GIFTS, of the ACTUAL COST of \$150,000. Each purchaser of a One Dollar Engraving, there fore, receives not only an Engraving richly worth the money, but also a ticket which entitles him to one of the Gifts when they are distributed.
For FIVE DOLLARS, a highly finished engraving, beautifully PAINTED IN OIL, and FIVE GIFT TICKETS, will be sent; or FIVE DOLLARS' worth of splendid Engravings can be selected from the Cata-

A cury of the Catalogue, together with a specime of one of the Engravings, can be seen at the office of For each Dollar sunt, an Engraving actually worth that sun, and a Gift Ticket, will immediately be

The Committee believing that the success of this Great National Undertaking will be materially pro-moted by the energy and enterprise of intelligent and persevering Agents; have resolved to treat with such on the most liberal terms. Any person wishing to become an Agent, by sending (post-paid,) \$1, will receive by return mail, a One Dollar Engraving, a "GIFT TICKET," a Prospectus, a Catalogue and all other necessary informa-On the final completion of the sale, the Gifts will be placed in the hands of a Comm tree of the purchasers to be distributed, due notice of which will be given throughout the United States and the Canadas.

LIST OF GIFTS: 100 Marble Bustsof Washington at \$100 .... \$10,000 do do Calhoun ..... 100.... 50 elegant Oil Paintings, in splendid gilt frames, size 3x4 ft. each 100....
100 elegant Oil Paintings, 2x3 ft... 50.... 500 steel plate Engravings, bril-liantly colored in oil, rich gilt ington Monument, 20x26 in.ea 237,000 steel plate Engravings, from 100 different plates, now in pos-

session of, and owned by the Artists' Union, of the market value of, from 50 cts. to \$1.ea. ...... 41,000 I first-class Dwelling, in 31st st., in New York city, cach 25x100 River and Long Island Sound, at 500.... 50,000

20 perpetual loans of cash, without interest, or security, of \$250 each....

50 do do do 100 each....

100 do do do 50 each....

250 do do do 20 each.... 100 each. .... 5,000 Reference in regard to the Real Estate, F. J. Viss-chen & Co., Real Estate Brokers, New York. Or-ders, (post paid,) with money enclosed, to be ad-dressed, J. W. HOLBROOKE, Secretary, 505 Broadway, New York. or delivery [October 3, 1854—6m \$20 A MEETING of the Board of School Commis ers of Jefferson county will be held at the Court-House, on Friday the 13th day of October, at 10 o'clock in the morning. A punctual attendance is desired, as business of importance may come before the Board.

SOME CHEAP GROCERIES.—Very good Green and Black Teas, 44 cents a pound, worth 75 cents; best Rosin and White Soap, at 61 and 8 cents; Essence of Coffee, Pepper, Ginger, Allspice, Sal. Soda, Writing Paper, Extract of Logwood, Shot, &c., SOLD AT PRIME COST, at ISAAC ROSE'S Charlestown, Sept. 26, 1854. Cheap Store.

Charlestown, Sept. 26, 1854.

A GENT FOR THE COUNTRY

IN NEW YORK CITY.

The advertiser is prepared to actas General Agent and Correspondent, in New York, for business men and others in the interior. He will devote his whole time and attention to the purchase and sale of Fancy and other Goods, Books, Prints, Michinery, Manufacturers' and Machanics' Stock and Materials, Philosophical Apparatus, &c.: Drugs, Patent and other Medicines, Agricultural Implements, Seeds, Stock &c. Collections made and suits prosecuted. Information of all kinds furnished with regard to persons and places here. Situations procured and guaranteed for clerks, mechanics, professional men and others, Male and female employees engaged and sent to the country. Passages secured to Califorma, Australia, and Europe. In fine, anything that an intelligent Agent, well acquainted with New York and its business men, can do for an absentee, will be executed faithfully and promptly. Communications confidential. Address, with fee adequate to the service,

189 Mulberry street, New York.

September 26, 1854—6t

THE subscriber commences to-day selling off for cash his large and well-assorted Stock of Ready-Made CLOTHING, DRY GOODS and FANCY ARTICLES, at and below cost. TICLES, at and below cost.

(Consider the constant of the cons

SICAL INSTRUMENTS AND MUSICAL MER-CHANDIZE. The greatest variety of American and Foreign Publications of Music constantly kept or hand, to which we are daily making additions.

Our stock of Instruments embraces CHURCH and PARLOR ORGANS; PIANOS, from the most celebrated European and American Manufactories, with and without the admired Æolian attachment; ME. LODIANS, GUITARS, VIOLINS, FLUTES, AC-CORDEONS, FLUTINAS, BANJOS, TAMBO-RINES, BRASS AND REED INSTRUMENTS of

RINES; BRASS AND REED INSTRUMENTS of every description. Strings of the best quality for all Instruments.

[13-Orders from the country punctually attended to. [13-Pianes and all other kind of Instruments repaired and tuned.

[13-Music published to order.

[13-Liberal Discount made to the trade, Seminaries, Schools and the profession.

August 22, 1854—16.

August 22, 1854—46.

A VALUABLE TAVERN STAND
AND STORE HOUSE FOR RENT,
AND STOCK OF GOODS FOR SALE.
Being desirous of changing my business, I shall
lease, for a term of years, A VALUABLE
TAVERN ANDSTORE, at CASTLEMAN'S
included hiver, in Clarke county, Virginia, and
upon the Stage road leading from Winchester (via
Leesburg) to Washington city.
This is a most important stand for a Tavern and
Store, on account of the travel, is surrounded by a
rich and populous contintry, and is perfectly healthy.
I desire to sell also my STOCK (a valuable one)
OF STORE GOODS, upon most reasonable terms.
Rf-Applications can be made to me in person or by
letter at my residence, at Castleman's Ferry, Clarke
county, Virginia.

August 8, 1854. S. D. CASTLEMAN. BLACKSMITHING.

THE undersigned returns his grateful acknowledgments for the natronage extended to him in his line of business—and respectfully announces to the public generally that he continues to carry on the BLACKSMITH BUSINESS near the Charlestown Depot, where everything in his line will be done, at short notice, in a substantial and workwarm like managers at his manager at his miless. He will give workman-like manner, at fair prices. He will give especial attention to SHOEING HORSES, as indeed to every branch of BLACKSMITHING—therefore

August 15, 1854-tf LOCATION OF LAND WARRANTS. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned will give promptattention to the location or sale of all Land Warrants remitted to them; they should be assigned in blank. We can locate on fine rich prairie and, contiguous to the St. Louis and Kansas line of the Pacific Railroad, or the Southwestern branch of the Pacific Road, the Hannilal and Weston to St. Joseph Railroad, or the contemplated line from Weston to St. Joseph Weston to St. Joseph Railroad, or the contemplated line from the cont The expenses to register and receive ought to accom-

Addressall letters and papers to
FIELD & TROXELL,
Attorneys at Law and Real Estate Agents, Lexington, Missouri.
Reference. -- VANCE BELL, Summit Point P. O., Jeferson county, Va. [May 16, 1854-1y WE have just opened a large stock AND SADDLERY HARDWARE, among which will be found.

Bridles Bits, Stirrup frons; Spurs, Girth and Rein Webb; Coach, Scaining, and Pasting Lace; Fringes, Tussels, Rosettes; Harness Ornamenta, Curtain Glasses: Patent Enamelled Cloth and Leather: Hubs, Rows and Fellows.

Together with a great many other articles, which will be sold low, and to which we invite the attention

of purchasers ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & CO. Alexandria, July 25, 1854. COAL, COAL, COAL. RESPECTFULLY advise those who deal in either BITUMENOUS or ANTHRACITE COAL, for domestic or public purposes, to give me their orders as early as possible, to prevent delay or disappointment n their supplies.

This course is essential, because of the immensely necessed demand, which tax s all the facilities of the

Saltimore and Ohio Railroad in its transportation.

Address, JAMES A. BECKHAM,

July 18, 1854—tf [FP] Baltimore, Md. WHEAT, WHEAT, WHEAT. HE subscriber as agent wishes to buy any quetity of WHEAT, for which he will at all times he highest price in cash, to be delivered at any of the Depots on the Winchester and Potenac Railroad; also will at all times have a supply of Bags at the Charlestown Depot. VINCENT W. MOORE. Charlestown, August 8, 1854.

TO FARMERS. THE undersigned, whose manufacture is in Charles-town, Jefferson county, proposes to furnish the farm-ers of this and adjoining counties with his SCREEN for cleaning Seed Wheat, which has been universally commended by all who have given them a trial.—
Those wis ing the Screen are requested to order immediately. The Price is \$10 at the shep, and \$12 delivered in J. fferson or Clarke.

August S, 1354—to. CHAS. BARRITT.

N. B. A first-rate WORK MARE, with a COLT y her side, for sale on reasonable terms. C. B. JUST received and for sale a lot of prime Mackerel. August 29. J. D. LINE. TARENCH-WORKED COLLARS, inst re-

ceived by KEYES & KEARSLEY. August 1, 1854. TEGARS AND TOBACCO .- Just received and for sale low a further supply of the following celebrated brands of segars: Colorado Plantation :

Sevillana Regalia; La Minerva, Venus, Londres, Florde La Habana. Preniavera, Yara Principe Also a full supply of Tobacco, retailing from 27; to \$1 per pound.

August 1, 1854.

ONLY a few copies left of "The Sepulchres of our Departed, by Rev. F. R. Anspach, A. M." Those in want of his valuable work will please call and examine for themselves. Price \$1. August 1, 1854. JOHN D. LINE. PINE WHITE AND MIXED YARN, by August 15, 1854. BONNETS.—I have on hand a good stock of BONNETS of every description, from 12; cents to \$3. To close them out, I will take much less than cost for them. Call soon or you JOHN D. LINE PRESH GROCERIES. - Brown and Crusher A Sugar; Green and Black Tea; N. O. Molasses; Cider Pure Vinegar; Lard Oil; Tar; Soda, Water, and Sugar Crackers. Just received and for sale by T. C. SIGAFOOSE. BACON.—1000 lbs. Country cured Bacon in store and for sale by August 22.

T. C. SIGAFOCSE.

PURE BRANDY,—Just received by Adams & Co.'s Express, put up in bottles expressly for medicinal purposes.

August 22.

T. C. SIGAFOOSE. 4-4 OSNABURGS, 7-9 do., and 4-4 Brown September 12. A. W. CRAMER. TIMOTHY SEED .- 30 bushels, prime, for August 22. 10,000 FEET INCH PLANK

2,000 feet half-inch Plank; for sale at the Depo August 15, 1854. E. M. AISQUITH. 10 BBLS. CRUSHED, Pulverized, Granula-

CHEESE AND MACCARONI, just received by H. L. EBY & SON. Q UILTS.—Having received a pretty good stock of MARSAILLES QUILTS, being large, mensuring 12:4 by 11-4, these goods can be bought almost without a profit; also, Crib Quilts for sale by August 171854. BACON.—Hams, Sides and Shoulders, for sale by

our paper?

OUT A copy of the paper will be forwarded to the address of any one who may make the request. Its large size, and the heavy advertising custom it enjoys, will serve to show its standing. All communications to be addressed to P. S. DECHERT & Co.,

Chambersburg, May 30, 1854.

JEFFERSON MACHINE SHOP & IRON
AND BRASS FOUNDRY.

THE subscribers respectfully call the attention of the
farming community to their very large assortment of FARMING IMPLEMENTS, comprising
every kind of implement used by the farmer to facilitate
and cheapen his operations, including our celebrated
Patent Premium Thresher, Cleaner and
Dagger.

SHOP PRICES OF ZIMMERMAN & CO'S. THESHER, CLEANER, BAGGER AND POWER.—Thresher, Cleaner and Bagger complete, 6 and 8 horses, \$175—Power for same, \$100, making \$275 for the whole complete. Tresher, Cleaner and Bagger 36 inch Cylinder, \$200; Power for same, \$135, for 8, 10 and 12 horses. This machine is complete with Band, Wrenches, &c. 67 REFERENCES—Samuel Sands, Esq., Editor of the "American Farmer;" Col. Edward Lloyd, Easton, Md.; Capt. D. Cox, Northumberland, Co., Va.; Hill Carter, Esq., Richmond; Richard Willis, Esq., Richmond; Col Charles Carroll, near Ellicott's Mills, Md.; F Nelson, Esq., Richmond; Col. B. Davenport, Jefferson Co., Va.; Dr. Harding, Northumberland Co., Va.; Hugh Nelson, Esq., Clarke Co., Va.; Charles Mason, Esq., King George Co., Va.; S. W. Themas, Esc., Esq., King George Co., Va.; S. W. Themas, Esq., Clarke Co. Va.; Dr. T. J. Marlow, Frederick city, Md.; David Boyd, Esq., Frederick city, Md; Ears Honck, Frederick city, Md.: Samuel Holt, Middle-town Valley, Md.; John Clagett, Hagerstown, Md. 6G-The above machines are manufactured in Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va. All orders addressed to us will be attended to with promptness, and a threshers sent out warranted to come up to the state. ZIMMERMAN & CC

CRYSTAL PALACE. sciation for the Exhibition of the Industry of all EXCELSIOR.

THE association for the Exhibition of the Industry of all Nations awards to ELISHA S.SNYDER, of Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va., the highest premium Bronze Medal, with special approbation, for the combination he has effected, and the practical application he has given the same, in his Laber Saving Machine for Threshing, Separating, Cleaning and Hagging Grain,—Hon. Theodore Sedgwick, President of the Association: Hon. Fenry Wager, Western N.Y., Chairman: Watson Newbold, East, Columbus, N.J.; Col. John W. Proctor, Danvers, Mass.; Majer Philip R. Freas, Germantown, Penn.: Hon. Henry S. Babbit, Brooklyn, L. I., acting Sceretary in Class 9, Jury C.

9, Jury C.

My Patent Premium Threshing, Separating, Cleaning and Bagging Grain Machine, is for sale, which received the inst premium at the Cervial Falace, New York, over all Threshing, Separating, Cleaning and Bagging Grain Machines on exhibitior—thus proving conclusively that simplicity in construction, cheapaers in price, and dust fility in my machine, is being fully appreciated, and the old and new costly, inferior, complicated separating Machines must yeild their places to a superior Eaber Saving Machine. The celebrated blacking for Threshing, Separating, Cleaning twice, Screening and Bagging Grain by one simple operation. The greatest labor saving Machine in the world for separating all pure and impurities. This machine throws the straw to itself, the chaff to itself, the wheat in the bag, the screenings to itself, and the smut and cheat to itself. to itself, the chaff to itself, the wheat in the larg, the screenings to itself, and the smut and cheat to itself. Everything has a place, and everything is in its place to suit the conveniences of the farmer. For simplicity, durability, cheapness and capacity, it has no cause in the world. As for what has been stated in the different papers concerning Mr. Zimmerman's Machine receiving the first premium at the Crystal Palace, New York, is labe, and not true. It is also stated that Mr. Zimmerman received a number of principles at .... and other fairs. That I know nothing about —perhaps he did; but it is very easy to win the race, as the boy said when he can by himself. But my honorable friends, this was not the case at the World's Fair, New York. Mr. Zimmerman had a number of other boys to run with, besides himself, which made the race more difficult for him—so much so, that he, Mr. Zimmerman, was neither the first nor second—sor you may judge where he was. you may judge where he was.

These are facts that cannot be denied. The under-These are facts that cannot be demed. The undersigned would inform the public that his Farmers' Labor Saving Machine for Thesbing, Separating, Cleaning, Screening and Hagging all kinds of Grain, is for sale. Farmers wishing to buy the best machine in use, will address JOSEPH GLAZE, Frederick City,

Md., who is manufacturing them in the best and most substantial manner and can furnish any orders at as few days notice. Those wishing to pure base the Fatent to manufacture the Machines, will address are at Charlestown, Jefferson county, Va.

June 27, 1954—1y\*

ELISHA S. SNYDER. PROSPECTUS. STATES RIGHTS REGISTER

MATIONAL FROM IST.

A Political Journal and General Newspaper.

Issued Weekly--C. G. Baylor, Editor.

TERMS \$3 A YEAR.

THE STATE RIGHTS REGISTER will be conducted upon the principles of STATE RIGHTS as laid down by Jefferson. The Register will adhere to the original compact, as ratified by the several States, and will oppose all latitudinarianism in legislation, and all encreachments, secret or open, upon the rights and sovereignty or the States. The Register will take as its text in the discussion of all public questions, the Constitution, strictly conpublic questions, THE CONSTITUTION, strictly con-Washington City, July, 1854.

CONGRESSIONAL RECOMMENDATION. We the undersigned Schators and Representatives in the Congress of the United States, cordially recommend the State Rights Register and National Economist with the principles and purposes as announced in the foregoing prospectus, to the confidence and support of our constituents.

A. P. Butler, T. J. Rusk, Geo. W. Jones, J. Tou-cev, Jas. Shields, John Pettit, C. T. James, S. Adams, C. C. Clay, Benjamin Fitzpatrick, S. R. Mallory, A. G. Brown, W. K. Sebastian and R. W. Johnson. 2,000 feet half-inch Plank; for select the Depok.
August 15, 1854.

E. M. AISQUITI.

O BBLS. CRUSHED, Polverizad, Granulated. June 13, 1854.

R. H. BROWN.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR, for sale by
Adjust 15, 1854.

PURE CIDER VINEGAR, for sale by
August 15, 1854.

A. W. CRAMER.

SPICES, of all kinds, by
August 15, 1854.

A. W. CRAMER.

M fine article of M cideal Liquors part of which reason as a selection of the selec

GREAT BARGAINS IN READY MADE GLOTHING!—500 Linen, Gingham and Sheer sucker Coats, from 75 cents to \$1. Also a very larg new stock of Coshmerett, Cloth, Tweed, Alpaca and

TJE3DAY MORNING, OCTOBER 17, 1854; Hon. Charles J. Faulkner -- The Whig The Free Press quotes and endorses the following om we believe the Alexandria Gazelle t

"Mr. Chas. J. Faulkner made a speech to the "Dem-racy," assembled at Martinsburg on the 20th ult., which he discussed the political affairs of the try generally, and in the course of which

He was free to declare that every bour and mo-ent of his life satisfied him that the only hope the prepetual union, happiness, and prosperity of as country, was in the ascendency of the great thought democratic party of the United States. It national democratic party of the United States. It was the only party which ever professed to be national in its objects, and to base its organization upon the constitution, and upon the great and fundamental principles of social, civil, and political liberty.' Mr. Faulkner most be strangely oblivious of even, me professions of party. We suppose when he was Whig, he thought the Whig party "professed" to be "national in its objects, and based upon the enstitution," &c. If he has taken a dose of political alteroform, he may be assured that the people are wide awake, and can reactiber the past as well as

The Free Press and Gazette may rest assured, the however oblivious Mr. F. may be of the professions of the Whig party, he has not forgotten the notorious fact that the practice of that party was, and still is, anything but "national in its objects, and based upon the constitution." He has not forgotten, we presume the course which for the last 10 years, it has invariably pursued in Congress, in its opposition to southerminterests and southern rights. And which caused him to withdraw from it, and absolve himself forever from all allegiance thereto, and to unite with that party which has always not only " professed to be national in its objects, and based upon the Constltution," but which actually has, ever stood up for the South in the hour of trial, and placing itself boldly behind the Constitution of the country, has fought with a noble determination to defend it to the last. No, we will venture to affirm, that Mr. F. has not forgotten "even the professions" of that patriotic party, whose every member, from the non-slaveholding States, voted for the odious Wilmot Proviso in'47, and that more than one-third of the Northern Democrats voted against it, and two-thirds of the whole Whig vote was for it; while two-thirds of the whole Democratic vote was against it. He has not forgotten the fact, that one only of the Northern Whigs voted for the Compromise of the succeeding year. Nor has he for gotten that during the eventful session of 1850, when this glorious structure erected by our fathers, was well nigh shaken to the carth,-a mouldering ruin to tell to the future traveller where the temple of liberty had been, that only three Northern Whigs sustained the Fugitive Slave law, that last pillar of the structure and the price of the Union, while 55 voted against .t! And that the whole Whig party stood two to one

made the proposition, to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia, all the Whigs from the North voted for it, and all the Democratic party, as a unit, voted against it. He has not forgotten all these things, nor will he, or the country soon forget them, for "the people are wide awake, and can remember the past as well as look forward to the future." Nor is he unaware of the course which that party is still purparty is sectionalized and abdilionized, yes, we re- Gods of Know-Nothingism. cannot be denied, stern, stubborn facts, so true is it, that truth is stranger than fiction; ves, they are have manifested themselves they have exhibited unfixed facts proved by the record. And we will prove | mistakable evidence of entire deadly hostility to the that the Whig party is still sectionalized, and abolifronized also, at the present day. For since the doctrines advocated by the great majority of any party, in any country, may be safely set down as the basis of the actions of that party, and more especially in a Does she not know that in embracing it she embra-Republic, where the majority controls, may, must control, for this is the very essence of Republicanism itself; if we can establish the fact, that the principal st.ength of the Whig party, lies in one section of the Union, and entertaines sentiments favoral le to that the only blessings she will receive will be fruits that section alone, and lestile to the other, then we of bitterness and woe. What I the South countewill have proven the first part of our proposition, that the Whig party is sectionalized, The census act of May, 1850, provides that the agregate representative 101 ulation of the U.S., shall

He has not forgotten that when the infamous Hale

be divided by the number 223, and that the product of such division, shall be the ratio or rule of representation among the several States, which would give one representative to about every 93,000 inhabtionts. And we presume none will deny, that the best-index to the strength, and relative locality of any party, is its representation in Congress, and the section from which the great majority of that representhtien comes. Now let us examine the proportionrite representation of the Whig party, in the Heuse of Representatives of the present Congress. Does the great majority bail from the North, or from the South? Let us see. There were, according to a list published In the Union early in the session, 22 Southern members, and 55 Northern members of the Whig party in Congress last session; which would give to that party in the non-slaveholding States, 5,115,000 voters, and in the Southern States, 2,045,000 only, or nearly 21 times as many voters in the North, as in the South, and a Northern majority of 3,009,000, more than one-third larger than the whole Southern Whig role put logether! Since then so great a majority of the Whig party is at the North, and the course of Northern Whigs as developed in their Conventions, and elsewhere, has been uniformly in opposition to the rights of the South, one great section of the Union, we have proven that the party, as a party, is sectionmed, And since those resolutions invariably, (for we have as yet to see a single exception,) breathe the most deadly hostility to the institution of slavery, and consequently, to all that the South holds most dear, then the second part of our proposition, that it is abolitionized, is no less true than the for-

Rockingham Stabbing Case.

The Rockingham Register is pleased to state that Samuel Hill, who was severely wounded a week ago, is that county, in a difficulty with Jacob B. Mitchell is doing well and rapidly recovering. It has learned some of the circumstances which led to this unfortunate affair, and they show that the cutting occurred in a regular fight between Hill and Mitchell. Young Mitchell, it learns expresses the deepest regret that the difficulty occurred; and his father and mother are also overwhelmed with affliction on account of the occurrence. It understands that Mitchell has left the county, for the present, but will surrender himself at the proper time so that the affair may undergo judicial investigation.

News from Europe. By arrivals during the past week, we notice that grains have advanced in Europe-Flour 1s. to 1s 6d. and wheat 6d. The allies have not made a de cisive blow as yet and there is some doubt whether they will make one this Campaign. Sevastopol is strongly garrisoned and strongly fortified. The Russian commander has determined to fight to the city to fiames, and take to his fleet and give battle on the waters of the Crimea.

"An Interesting Family Quarrel."
The Alexandria Guzette says the old Whig gua ette says the old Whig guard and at their post in the hour of the South will be found at their post in the hour of danger, and will be forthcoming at the Presidential election. If this be so how is it that the Gazette and other Whig prims of the South have been so ready to deliver them over to the common adversary, because some of the Northern Whigs are unsound? And, besides, who gave the Richmond Whig, the Petersburg Intelligencer, and other prints who profess to be ultra Southern, authority to disband the Whig parly? The idea that the Northern Whigs are not as reliable on the slave question as the Democrats of that region, is simply absurd. Platforms amount to nothing, but the Whigs have not the art of concealment in as great a degree as their opponents. They are not yet believers in the Talleyard doctrine that words are made to conceal ideas.

We are inclined to the opinion that the great body of Southern Whigs will not stultify themselves by joining the Democratic party. They can do the country a service whether with majorities or minorities, and their creed consists of something more than a single idea. The Democrats renewed the slavery agitation by a very useless piece of useless legislation so far as the South is concerned. Let them, therefore, settle their own difficulties in their own way. When the country is really in danger, the Whigs will have a hand in saving it. But they are not disposed to join a party that raises a storm through mere wantonness.—Free Press.

The Editor of the Free Press must have intended the above heading for this piece of useless. heir post in the hour ng at the Presidentia

The Editor of the Free Press must have intended the above heading for this piece instead of the one over which it was placed; at least we think on to the Circuit Court of that city for a final hear-

"05-Philip S. White, the temperance lecturer, is

In an article upon this subject in a previous issue of bur paper, we stated that we might again recur to the same subject and we now think that we have sufficient reason, to refer to it again. The late elections in the northern States; give us ample food for serious consideration. The results, as each mail bears them to us, are anything else than what the South might desire or expect. That party, and those men who have stood beside the South in the balls of National Legislation, in the fierce contest she has had of late years, for her rights are prostrated to the earth, and sacrificed without mercy to feed the insatiate craving of a mad, fanatical, abolition faction. We said in our first article that the northern Know-Nothing party was destitute of the virtue it professed, and void of every patriotic motive. That it was the sinister offspring of a phrenzied public mind, and that it was the child of corruption, which sought for place and power, only to gratify the base designs of men, whose greatest delight would be to hand down their names to posterity as notorious for having fired the temple of liberty, and destroyed their country and its instiz tutions. We think that the sequel will prove that we are correct, and that the Know-Nothing party of the North is nothing else than Abolition, with a brilliant cloak on that hides its nakedness and deformity. We do not address you now as Democrats or Whigs, but as Virginians, as southerners, as men who are wedded to the institutions by which you are surrounded, and under which you live, and for the maintainance of which you would sacrifice every earthly hope, every comfort and every aspiration, as such we appeal to you, and ask you to think soberly, to reflect upon the effects which are the legitimate results of the workings of the Northern Know-Nothing party. Compare figures and if you do not conclude that this Northern Secret Political Society is in deadly hos. tility to every principle you have ever advocated or adored, then we have been blinded, and our vision has lead us to strange conclusions.

The Congressional Delegation from Pennsylvania nstead of being as it was last year, composed of good and true men, who valued the prosperity of our coufitry and the perpetuation of its glorious institution above the vain desiret of selfish aggrandisement and political notoriety and preferment, will consist, with but a few honorable exceptions, of sinister beings of fanaticism, who feed on the vaporish excresence that arises from the putrid carcass of decayed public sen-

Chandler, around whose name is thrown a halo of moral grandeur, thrice more glowing, more radiant, and more brilliant than is the baze of infamy black, lurid, and dismal that encircles the name of his successor, has been defeated. And Bonham, whose dauntless heart is all his country's-who was first to proclaim the justness of the cause of the South, and who was the first Marshall in the Valley of Pennsylvania to carry out the professions of the Fugitive Slave law, who declared aloud, when surrounded by abolitionists and free negroes who were panting to vioagainst it, and the Democratic party fixe to one for it! late the law, that he would carry out its professions to the letter or loose the best blood of his heart, he has been sacrificed to give place to a Demagogue and Fanatic, who stated in his card, offering himself as a candidate that he based his claims on the facts "that he was opposed to Slavery and particularly its extension; opposed to the Nebraska Bill; opposed to making the citizens of the North nigger catchers, and therefore in favor of the repeal of the fugitive slave law." Yes, men of such sterling worth as Chandler, suing. Lis is not ignorant of the fact, that the Whig. Bonham and others have been sacrificed to the false

post it, Golicionized, por are, as it seems, some of It has been the same in Ohio. This new party has nity of saving the extra. All those who pay, this the leading and most influential journals of that par- | swept over the State carrying all virtue from the peo- | year, before the 1st day of December will be considty in the South, upeware of it, which have the can- ple, and has left them wallowing in the filth and | ered as having paid in advance, dor, the nobleness to admit it. These are facts which | breathing the stench that is the natural concomitant of impure things. Everywhere in the North that they South and its institutions.

And the South is asked to embrace this society, to hug it to her bosom; to worship its idols at a sacrifice of all she has ever held dear. Will she do it?ces on incubus that will cling to her like the shirt of Nesus? That in taking it to her bosom she takes there a serpent that stings, so that it may sting most effectually. That if she pays fealty to such Gods nance, nay more, foster a society, that carries in one portion of its heart the seeds of enmity and racerous batred to an institution, that is as necessary for the prosperity of the South, as it is that the Heavens give

rain so that the harvests may grow. We have Know-Nothings here, here in our midst. We know also that they are actuated by different motives than those of the North. We could not honestly or injustice with our convictions, charge them with one impure intention. We believe they have acted sincerely, but not wisely. They have not properly considered the step they have taken, and now that they have demonstrated to them the course that the Northern portion of this secret political society intend to pursue, their better judgments will lead them to withdraw from and forsake a society that is aiming a fatal blow at their dearest interests.

There is but one way for the South to preserve herself, and that is to watch with eagle eye her own interests. To treat with distrust every sentiment and opinion which the North originates or fosters. To reject every principle and every scheme which could possibly tend to give the North the power to do them wrong, and more especially when they have evidence that the success of the principles or scheme effects results which are in open hostility to her institutions We fear, very much fear, that a great storm is brewing, and that the master spirits of it will be the Northern Know-Nothings. How much dread is wrapt up in such reflections. If it occurs who will pour the oil on the troubled waters? Some of the greatest of the pacificators are in their graves. It may be that there are those left who will be able to still the trou bled waters and hush by their words of virtue the howlings of the tempest. But still there is very much

Let the South indulge in no congratulations upon the success of the recent Northern elections. Let them rather sigh that so many men whose worth had been proven, have been sacrificed for new and un tried ones. Let them rather mourn that so many arms have been struck down which battled for the right; that so many tongues have been stilled whose clarion voices ladened the air with the defences of justice; let them grieve that the Constitution has lost so many able defenders and pure primitive American freedom so many zealous champions, Le them beware! Let no peans of praise be sung, but rather let them sorrow over the result. The North is rejoicing; it is shouting and while we write this no doubt bon fires and brilliant illuminations light up their streets, but let them shout on. Remember, Ne fiddled while Rome was on fire. Belshazzer dran the juice of the grape while the fate of his empire was written upon the wall. Let them march, march; let their processions pass on, but Oh! ye men of the South, beware least hordes of the Goths and Vandals of the North sweep you and all you love best from the Union. We can only warn you. Beware

05-So far as we have been able to leafn (says the Martinsburg Gazette) there has not been a case of Cholera in Martinsburg during the past week; and we believe our town may be regarded as entirely free from this disease. We believe that the health of our town is, and will be better than it has been for a long time, by reason of the precautionary means adopted by individuals and the Trustees, to guard against disease. Martinsburg has ever been and ever will be a remarkably healthy place. Its high and dry situation, the pure mountain sir which it enjoys, con-spire to make it healthy, while there is nothing in or about it to make it necessarily otherwise.

Change. We understand that in a few weeks a change will be made in the running of the night trains on the B. & O. Railroad, so that the train from the West for Baltimore will pass Martinsburg at 5 o'clock in the morning, and the train from Baltimore for Wheeling will pass there at 9 o'clock in the evening. This will enable its citizens to go to Baltimore, spend several hours there and return the same day.

A. T. Bledsoe, Professor of Mathematics in the University of Virginia, has issued a prospectus for publishing a treatise on the "Differential and integral Calculus" by Edward H. Courtenay, L.L. D. late Professor of Mathematics in the University of Virgi-

\$3-B. F. Prentiss, arranged at Richmond on a charge of bigamy, has had a hearing, and been sent it equally as appropos here and we will set it right for ing on the 25th inst. No doubt remains of his him.

17-An effort is about to be made to form a debatagain in our State, addressing the people on this ing Society in our town. We hope the young men will take an interest in it, for certainly there is nothing more worthy of their attention. The state of the state of the state of

Some weeks ago in an article headed, "What will Southern Whigs do?" we used the expression sovereignty of the people in the following connection, "the true policy of the South," we said, lies in the adoption of the great principles of the Democratic pardoctrine which forms the basis of the Nebraska act the great constitutional doctrine of State's Right of non-intervention, of the sovereignty of the peop presents the only safeguard for the protection of their dearest institutions, &c." And since a controversy of the press has arisen as to the identity of the terms popular sovereignty and squatter sover-eignty it is proper for us to define what we meant by the use of the former term: We did not mean by it that doctrine of popular sovereignty, or squat-ter sovereignty, if you please, held by Gen. Cass, which the Richmond Enquirer so emphatically repudiates, and which would give to the citizens of a mere territory all the powers of a regularly or ganized State government-nor did we mean such oppular rovereighty as was exhibited in California during the military rule of Brig. Gen. Riley, under the auspices of a Whig administration, by which the elective franchise was conferred upon a motley crew of adventurers, who were not even citizens of the United States, a Convention formed and a government organized without the authority of Congress, which alone under the Constitution has such power. But we used the term in its common political acceptation since the passage of the Nebraska act, which embodies no such doctrine as "squatter sovereign-

ty." That is to say we meant to express all the powers delegated to the people to make laws, form their own institutions &c., which they have as citizens of d territory iff the language of that act "under the Constitution." We do not admit the identity of the two terms but agree with the Richmond Enquirer in its utter repudiation of such squatter sovereignty as would give to mere territories the same rights as States have, "to determine the character of their own institutions." -For since the Constitution (Art. IV, Sec. III-2.) gives to Cottgress "the power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations only respecting the territory or other property of the United States and none others, (under which it forms territorial governments as its agents,) it has no authority to legislate concerning slavery. And since they are the mere agents of which Congress is the princioal, how is it possible for them to do that which their principal could not do? How can they as mere treatures, deriving all source of power from their creator, do that which Congress itself has no authority to do under the Constitution? ¿ Elections:

BALTIMORE. Hinks, the Know Nothing candidate or Mayor, is elected over Thomas the Democratic candidate by a majority of two thousand seven hun-dred and forty-one. Hinks has heretofore been a member of the Democratic party.

The city council consists of—first branch, 14 Know Nothings, 6 Democrats-second branch, 8 Know. Nothings, 2 Democrats. PENNSYLVANIA .- Pollock, the Whig can who was voted for by the Know Nothings, is elected Governor over Bigler, the Democratic candidate, by about fifteen thousand. His majority in Philadelphia s about three thousand: Mott the Democratic candidate for canal commissioner, who was also supported by the Know Nothings, will probably be elected by a majority of seventy

G-All our subscribers, we suppose, are aware of the fact that by paying in advance they save a half a Dollar certainly, and perhaps a Dollar. This is surely something, and they should embrace the opportu-

## The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

[CORRESPONDENCE OF THE SPIRIT OF JEFFERSON." BALTIMORE, October 13, 1854. CATTLE.—The offerings at the Scales on Monday were about 1,800 head of Beef Cattle, of the quantity offered 900 head were driven to Philadelphia, and the balance (900 head) were sold to city butchers at prices ranging from \$2 25 to \$4 25 on the hoof, equal to \$5 50 a \$8 25 net, and averaging \$3 44

Lave Hogs .- Sales at \$6 25a \$6 50 per 100 lbs. COFFEE.—The sales of the week comprise 1,000 bags Rio at 9 all 1c.
HOWARD STREET FLOUR.—The market opened this week at an advance of 25 cts. on last week's closing sales, and prices have since been steadily advancing. On Saturday we note sales of 600 bbls. at \$7.50. On Monday 700 bbls. were sold at \$7.50, 100 bbls. at \$7.63, and 100 bbls. at \$7.75, the two last parcels being very choice brands. On Tuesday we note a further advance, sales being made of 100 bls. at \$7.75. On Wednesday and Thursday we note sales of 230 bbls, nt \$7.73. Bales also on Thurs day of 100 bbls. of a very choice braid at \$7.57... The market to day is firm at a further advance. We note sales of 700 bbls. at \$8, and 300 bbls. Ohio also

CORN MEAL .- Baltimore ground \$4 50 per bbl. The following are the inspections of Flour for the week ending October 12th: 15,536 bbls. and 437 half bbls. Together with 214 bbls. Rvc Fiour, 8 hhds., 1,233 bbls. and 10 half bbls. Corn Meal. WHEAT .- A parcel of good new white sold at 170 al75 cts. and prime new red at 160al65 cents. CORN —We quote at 75a79 cts for yellow, and 73a CLOVERSEED .- We quotesales at \$6.50a \$7.00 per bushel, for fair to prime parcels.

LARD.—We quote bbls at 10½ cts.

WOOL.—Fine fleece 30a40 cts; tubwashed 23a25

ts: pulled 19a21 cts; and unwashed 15a17 cts. WHISKEY.—We note sales of barrels through the week at 37;a33c. We quote libds. at 00c.

BALTIMORE MARKETS-SATURDAY. FLOUR.-The market this morning was quiet. A sale of 100 bbls. Howard street brands at \$8; and 100 do at \$7.75; inferior quality. Nothing doing in City Mills. Rye flour and Corn Meal unchanged. Grain.—The supply of grain is very light—only 2300 bushels offered—sales of red, good to prime, at 162a165; white at 165a175c; choice 1800; inferior lots 2 to 18c less. Transactions were limited. CORN. -8000 bushels offered -sales of white at 75c; ellow 77a78c.

Rys.-No sales. OATS .- 3000 bushels Md., and Va., 44a48c Provisions-Quiet-sales small, prices unchang-

GROCERIES—Are quiet—no change in prices. WHISKEY.—We quote bbls. 38c. hhds. at 37c., per Woon-Unchanged. ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

38	FOR THE WELL UNDING OUTOPE	73 75	920	OBI
8	FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBE			
8	FAMILY FLOUR, per bbl\$10	00 -	a 1	10
а	SUPERFINE FLOUR, per bbl	75	a	8
ŝ	WHEAT, (red) per bushel1			1
3	Do. (white) do1	50	8.	5 B
꾦	RYE, per bushel0		8	0
8	CORN, (white)0	75	2	0
a	Do. (yellow)0	78	2	0
콅	OATS, per bushel0	49	8	0
燙	CORN MEAL	20	a	1
簪	BUTTER, (roll)0	18	a	0
ã	Do. (firkin)0	16	8	0
욁	BACON, (hog round)0	71	a	0
텷	LARD		a	0
뎚	CLOVERSEED7	25	8	7
8	TIMOTHY SEED4		2	4
띒	PLAISTER, (retail)4		2	
	Manufacture of the Control of the Co			
8	GEORGETOWN MARKE			50
8	FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBE	R 13	Pi I	854
S	FLOUR, per barrel\$7	75	a.	8

WINCHESTER MARKET. FOR THE WEEK ENDING OCTOBER 12, 1854.
CORRECTED WEEKLY BY SAML. HABILEY, AT THE DEPOT ARTICLES. WAGON PRICE. STORE PRICE.

BACON, new, per lb......07 a 071 08 a 09

BEESWAX........25 a 00 25 a 00

CLOVERSEED.......00 0 a 00 0 7 00 a 7 50

50 a GRAIN-WHEAT......1 50 a 1 62 

OFFICER. F. & P. R. R. COMPANY, RICHMOND, October 2d, 1854.

NOTICE.—Members of the Agricultural Society of Virginia who desire to visit Richmond on the occasion of the great Annual Fair, which will commence on the 31st of October ensuing, are hereby notified that return tickets, available for ten days, will be furnished them free of charge on exhibition of their certificates of membership, to the officers on the route of this Company between Washington and Richmond, provided application is made therefor on the way to Richmond. And though the usual charge will be made for the transportation of stock and articles intended for the exhibition, such stock and articles will be returned over the route for account of the same owner free of charge, and the amount which has been paid thereon refunded.

SAMUEL RUTH,

Agent of Transportation, at Washington and Alexandria, on the morning of SATURDAY, 28th October, in order to secure their arrival in Richmond in proper time.

FOR SALE,

FOR SALE,

FOR SALE,

A BUGGY AND HORSE.

The Horse is seven years old, perfectly sound. A delightful riding lorse and unrivaled as a safe, strong and true buggy Horse. This property will be sold on reasonable terms as the advertiser has no longer any use for it. Enquire of

THE PRINTER.

October 17, 1854—3t

[F. F.] SAPSAGO CHEESE for sale by October 10. H. L. EBY & SON. FAMULY HAMS, SUGAR CURED, for H. L. EBY & SON.

China de Charles de Lacratica d

Marriages. Rev. HENRY B. COSKERY, Mr. TH. and Miss ANN VIRGINIA BOUG Chester: ooth of Winchester:

At St. John's Chairch, in Georgetown, on the 4th instant; by Rev. Mr. Tillinghast, Rev. JOHN D. OWELL, of this Stat, and Miss ANNIE LEAKE, laughter of the late JOHN M. HEPBURN.

Near Bolington, by Rev. WM. JENRINS, on Thursday, 5th instant, RICHARD J. SPEARS and MARY E. TRITTAPOE -both of Loudouni At Selinis, Frederick county, Maryland, on Tuesday morning, by Rev. WM. Amstrone, HAKINS DUVALL, Esq., of Louisiana, and Miss REBECCA H. JOHNSON, of Frederick county, Maryland.

Near Hainesville, Virginia, October 12th, by Rev. G. W. Cooper, Mr. JACOB, MARKER, of Sharpspherdstown, on Thursday evening In Shepherdstown, on Thursday evening, 12th instant, by Rev. J. P. SMELTZER, Mr. JOHN'S. FEA-MAN and Miss MARY CATHARINE, daughter of Mr. SAMUEL BARNHART—all of Shepherdstown,

Denths. On the 10th instant, Mrs. MARY A., wife of M On the 10th instant, mrs. maker and 15 days. The deceased has been for many years a consistent member of the Baptist Church, and in the hour of death at urn her departure.

On Monday, 2d instant, SARAH MATILDA, in-ant daughter of Edwin C. and Nancy Engls, aged months. "Alas! how changed that lovely flower,
Which bloomed and cheered my heart,
Fair fleeting comfort of an hour,
How soon we're called to part."

On the 5th instant, after a protracted and painful lness, MARY WARE, youngest daughter of GEO. hd MARY KELLER, of Winchester, in her 8th year. On the 29th ultimo, at her late residence, near White Post, Clarkecounty, Miss SARAH CATLETT. In Kearnstown, of croup, on the 11th instant, (his birthday,) MAHLON SI MMERFIELD, only child of John B. and Ann Childs, aged 2 years.

Near Capon, Bridge, in Hampshire county; on the 15th ultimo, Mrs. MARY HOOK, wife o. Samuel. Hook, and daughter of Peter Mauzy, deceased, in he 84th year of her age. At the Virginia Institution, near Slaunton, on the 6th instant, Major GEORGE ESKRIDGE, in his 66th

In Leesburg, on Wednesday, 4th instant, ALCIN-DA JANNEY, daughter of Giles and Saphrona E. Jackson, aged 17 months. On the 12th of August, near Weston City, Mos, Mrs. CATHARINE KYSINGER, wife of JAMES KYSINGER, wife of JAMES KYSINGER, and daughter of Perfea Myers, of Berkeley county, in her 40th year. In Martinsburg, on Monday, 9th instant, JAMES IUTCHINSON, aged about 18 years.

OBITUARY. Died, at the residence of George W. Shinkey, on Saturday evening, the 30th of September, Dr. WIL-LIAM LYNE, of King and Queen county, Virginia, aged 56 years. The deceased was a native of this county; but in early life removed to lower Virginia, where he lived honored and beloved. Long years of chastening had exalted and purified his heart and fitted him for the reward prepared for the righteous, sustained by christian faith his end was hope and peace. His hereaved and district relatives, way soreacc. His bereaved and distant relatives may sor-ow but not without hope, for their loss is his eternal Richmond papers please copy,

Special Potices. 3-There will be Religious Services in the Episcopal Church, at LELTOWN, on next Fri-day and Saturday, the 20th and 21st instant:

October 17, 1854. 65-To a Generous Public .- The Ladies ging on the 26th of October and continuing two days. The proceeds of the Fair are to be appropriated to the repairing of the Church, and the balance in making some necessary improvements to the Parsonage, n order to add to the comfort of our worthy and es teen.ed pastor and his family.

In appealing to a generous and prosperous public, in this laudable and noble undertaking of our spirit-

ed and persevering Ladies, we think it only necessary to say that no efforts will be spared on their part in catering for the benefit of the public and providing for the epicureans who may honor us with their presence—therefore, we cordially invite all to come to our assistance. Dinner furnished at 50 cents—Supper 25 cents. October 3, 1854. G-The Librarian of the Sunday School,

tached to the Episcopal Church, states to us that 73 olumes are missing from the Library, many of nese books are probably in the possession of chilfren who attended one Sunday or more and are no onger members of the School. We earnestly hope hat all parents and others, having children under their care, will hunt up any of these missing volumes which may be about their households, and send them the office of Lawson Borrs, in Charicstown -- if hese Books are not found a valuable library, for the ildren of our town and its neighborhood, will be RULES AND REGULATIONS. To take effect on and after the 1st of May, 1854.

For marriage announcements, no tharge will be Obituary notices not exceeding six lines will be nserted gratist The excess above that number of ines will be charged according to the advertising ates. Tributes of respect will be charged at adver-All communications designed to promote the personal interests of individuals, or that do not possess general interest, will be charged for at the usual ad-vertising rates. Those of an offensive personal char-

ctor will not be inserted.
All advertisements forwarded by Newspaper agents will be charged at the usual advertising rates; and Bust be accompanied by the tash or its equivalent, deduct-Patent medicines shall be charged for at the usual rates of yearly advertisements, and "bishop notices" double the advectising rates. "Extracts from other papers referring to such advertisaments will be subect to the regular advertising rates.

Candidates' ar nouncements for offices of emolument will be charged at advertising rates.

My-The above rates are not to violate any existing

AFThe Whole Adimal Creation are subect to discase. But few die from sickness where in-tingts is THEIR ONLY PHYSICIAN. The beneficent cre-tor has given the various plants and roots for the are of disease, and it is upon this great truth that Dr lampton bases the many winderful cures of his cele

Truth is mighty. We appeal to our own citizens. Wherever fairly tried the same success attends its use in Chills and Fovers, Diseases of the Liver, Stomach As a CHOLERA preventative, it has been truly Cough, Dyspepsia, Rheumatism, &c., yield to its gentle sway. As a Female moditine and for Delicate Children, we believe it has no equal. 10 10 17 17

A CITIZEN OF THE OLD DOMINION THUS March 27th, 1853.

March 27th, 1853.

March 27th, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer and Mowbray—Gentlemen:—I have been afflicted for the past eight years with Dyspepsia, Rheumatism and Liver complaint, suffering all the while with pains in the shoulders, hips, back and sides—shifting from one side to the other—palpitation of the heart, loss of appetite, cold sweats at night, excessive costiveness, and great debility and veakness. I tried many remedies, which done me to good, but rather grew worse. Last fall I was adjusted to try "HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINC-VURE," and I am happy to say it circed me. Scorrsville, Albemarle co., Va.,

ow free from all pain, and in the enjoyment of per-ect health, and take great pleasure in recommending in Tincture to all afflicted as I have been Yours, JAS. M. NOLE.
Call and get Pamphlets and see cures of Cough
Bronchitis, Rheumatism, Liver Complaint, Scroful.
As a female medicine it is unrivaled. Sold by I. M. SMITH, Charlestown.
T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry.
L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester. ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown And by Dealers everywhere.

for Consumption is, without doubt, the most fearfully fatalof all diseases, (except epidemics.) annually carrying thousands to untimely graves. Iow often could the ravages of this arch destroyer be prevented, if timely remedies were used in allaying the inflammation produced by an ordinary cold.—For Coughs, Colds, Sore Throats, and all similar diseases, STABLER'S ANODYNE CHERRY EXPECTIONANT has no source. It is not recommended as TORANT has no equal. It is not recommended as infallible, but medical men and others; who have used and administered it, hear testimony to its extraordinary efficacy. It is known to be a "good medicine," and as such is offered to the public, as also STABLER'S DIARRHEA CORDIAL, for diseases of the bowels. See advertisement in another column, and descriptive pamphlets; to be had gratis. Price of each, only 50 cents for six bottles for \$2.50.

February 7, 1854.

February 7, 1854.

BY Henry's Invigorating Cordial.—The merits of this purely vegetable extract for the removal and cure of physical prostration, genital debility nervous affections, &c. &c. are fully described in an other column of this paper, to which the reader is referred. \$2 per bottle, 3 bottles for \$5, 6 bottles for \$3; \$16 per dozen. — Observe the marks of the GENUINE.

Trepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin Row, Vine Street, below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa., TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BH ADDRESS-ED.

For Sale by all respectable Druggists & Merchants throughout the country.

PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale agents for Virginia.

FALL ARRIVAL

OF CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,

AND VESTINGS.

The subscriber has just returned from New York, where he selected with great care his STOCK OF GOODS, embracing the most fashionable styles of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS, &c., to which he invites the particular attention of all in want of Clothing, and which he will trim and make un in the finest manner and most fashionable style.

The subscriber returns his sincere thanks to the public for their very liberal patronage, and assures them that he will use every effort to give satisfaction.

For the benefit of the Ladies I have brought on PATTERNS of all sizes and styles for children and youths' Clothes.

Goods purchased olsowhere, will be manufactured as usual.

J. R. A. REDMAN.

Charlestown, October 17, 1884—46. [F.F.]

WALUABLE LEASE

October 17, 1854. ANDREW HUNTER,

FALUAND WINTER
FASHIONABLE MILLINERY.

Mas. MARY E. DAVIS
Would respectfully inform the Ladies that she ha
returned from Baltimore, and after a few days dela
has received her FALLAND WINTER FASHION
has received their attention to her PATTERN BOX nd invites their attention to her PATTERN BO NETS, also RIBANDS, FLOWERS and SATIN wo doors south of Mr. Howell's.
October 17, 1854—3t [r. p.]

A LL THE READY MADE CLOTHING AND OTHER PROPERTY OF ISAAC ROSE, in Charlestown, having been assigned, in trust, to the undersigned, the same will be sold at very reduced prices. As great bargains are offered, the public are respectfully solicited to call and purchase.

All persons indebted to said Rose will please call and settle with the undersigned at an early day.

Petropart 7, 1851 and F. P. Trustee of Isaac Communication. October 17, 1854. 7 [FP] Trustee of Isaac

MANTUA MARING.

MISS M. S. HAINES

Respectfully informs the Ladies of Charlestown and vicinity, that she has just returned from Baltimore with the latest styles of FASHIONS, and is now prepared to make up in a substantial and fashionable manner LADIES DRESSES, of every description, with promptitude.

She would call attention to a supply of TRIM-For the liberal patronage heretofore extended to her, she begs to return her grateful acknowledge ments; and she assures her patrons that every effort will be made on her part to render entire satisfaction

o all who may favor her with their custom. Charlestown, October 17, 1854. HAVING returned from Baltimore, with the LATEST FASHIONS, solicits a call from her friends and the public generally. Her assortment of RIBBONS and FATTERN HATS are beautiful, as well as SILKS and FLOWERS, &c.—lso, DRESS MAKING carried on as usual. Call nd examine for yourselves. Charlestown, October 17, 1854—3t

300 SACKS SALT. W B bave at HARPERS FERRY, 300 SACKS OF GROUND ALUM SALT for sal:. October 17; 1854.—3t BLACKBURN & CO. NEW BOOKS! NEW BOOKS!!
Virginia Comedians, 2 vols., a fresh supply;
Leather Stocking and Silk;
Totemwell;

Bayard Taylor's Travels in Africa; Eventide, by Effic Afton; The Lost Heiress; Ten Nights in a Bar Room; Capt. Canot, or Twenty Years in Africa G-ALSO, JUST RECEIVED— Shakespeare, 4 vols.; Diamond Edition Bibles;

Agate do Polyglot do Royal 4to Royal 4to do:;
Noctes Ambrosiane, 5 vols.;
Bunyan's Pilgrim's Progress, fine edition;
Rollin's History, 4 vols.; Library edition;
Paalms and Hynns, different sizes; Methodist Hynns; do; Parley's Cabinet Library, 16 vols.; Chamber's Miscellany, 10 vols.;

Chamber's Select Writings, 4 vols. For sale by Charlestown, October 17, 1854. BLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

Just received a very superior lot of
CLANK BOOKS AND STATIONERY, including a ssortment of Day Books, Ledgers, Memoran um Books of all sizes, Copy Books, Composition do., exercise do: Also—Portfolios, from 75 cts. to \$10; fote Holders, Banker's Cases, Fancy Pen-Holders, Dlack, Blue and Red Inks; Albata, French, French Quill; Gillot's Steel Pens; Cap Paper, from 11 to 37½ cts. per quire; Letter; at from 9 cents to 25 cents do.; Slates; Slate Pencils.

For sale by Charlestown, October 17; 1854: VEW GOODS. FALL AND WINTER STOCK The subscriber has just received direct from Phila delphia and the Northern markets a fresh supply of

stock consists in part of the following—
A fine assortment of Dress Silks, Calicoes; Mouslins, Merinoes, Cashmeres; Thibet Cloths, Prints, Shawls; Edgings, Laces, Insertings, Ribands, Cambrids; Dress Trimmings, Gloves and Hosiery; Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings; Bleached and Brown Sheetings and Shirtings; Bleached and Brown Sheetings and Shirtings;
Plain and Twilled Oanaburgs;
Groceries, Queensware, &c.;
Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes.
He tenders his sincere thanks to his friends and the public for their liberal patronage and hopes still to merit it. He solicits an examination of his Goods.

JOHN D. LINE. Charlestown, October 17, 1254. YEW GOODS. JOHN L. HOOFF

Is now receiving and spening a large and general stock of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, nd the public and invites them to call and examine Cearlestown, October 17, 1854. ADIES' DRESS GOODS.

All-wool French Merinoes; Plaid, Cashin re and plain ditto; Silks, assorted colors. For sale by er 17, 1554. JOHN L. HOOFF. October 17, 1:54. TO TEACHERS! UST received and for sale, at the lowest retainings, the following SCHOOL BOOKS: Newman & Baretti's Spanish Dictionary; Robinson's Gesenius' Hebrew farenue's French Freund's Leverett's Latin Ainsworth's Andrews' & Stoddard's Latin Grammar Bullion's Gould's Adams' do do Arnold's 1st and 2d Latin Books;

Andrews' Latin Lessons; Jacobs' Latin Reader; Sophocles' Greek Grammar ; Fisk's do do do Goodrich's do do Anthon's Zenophon's Anabysis;
Do Casar; All Anthon's Works supplied at shortest notice.)

Bolman's Levizac's French Grammar;

Ollendorff's Method of Learning French; Perrin's French Fables; Pinnock's Goldsmith's Rome; Do do England

Frost's United States Grimshaw's do Willard's do Goodrich's do
Davies' complete Course of Mathematics.

Besides a large variety of other School Books, empracing the best stock to be found in the Valley.

The attention of Teachers and others is respectful-L. M. SMITH. Charlestown, October 17, 1854.

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS. Charlestown, October 17, 1854. HARRIS. FOR THE GENTLEMEN:

of finest quality and most fashionable styles, just received and for sale, by
Charlestown, October 17, 1854. PRESH FALL GROCERIES. Has just received a full and general assortment of SUGARS,

COFFEES, MOLASSES, CANY CANDLES, LIQUORS, To which they invite the attention of purchasers Charlestown, October 17, 1854. DOR THE GENTLEMEN.

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES;
AND VESTINGS,
A large and general stock. For sale by
October 17, 1854.
JOHN L. HOOFF. PRINGE.—Silk Fringe and Silk Lace. For sale by JOHN L. HOOFF. NEW FALL GOODS.

Just received by
October 17, 1854.

A: W. CRAMER.

ADIES DRESS GOODS,
Selected with great care, by
October 17, 1854.

A. W. CRAMER. CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS.
Very low, by
A. W. CRAMER. PAINTS. WHITE LEAD; CHROME GREEN; FLAXSEED OIL. Cotober 17, 1854. By A. W. CRAMER!

2 BBLS. OF CRANBERRIES, just receiv October 17, 1854.

J. F. BLESSING. RENCH WORK.—Collars and Undersleeves, a large stock; Swiss and Cambric Edgings. October 17, 1854. JOHN L. HOOFF.

VELVET RIHANDS.—A large and general stock of Velvet Ribands for triunning. October 17, 1854.

J. L. HOOFF. GLOVES.—Thread, Silk and Cashmere Gloves For sale by October 17, 1854. BONNET RIHANDS.—A large and general stock of Bonnet Ribands, assorted colors.

For sale by,
October 17, 1854. SHAWLS.—Plaid, Wool, Long, Square and Black Cloth and Drub Shawla. For sale by October 17, 1854. JOHN L. HOOFF PERFUMERY, Extracts and Verbonn Water For sale by JOHN L. HOOFF.

There will be drawn on the 14th of October,
Grand Consolidated Lottery.
Capital Prize of \$50,000—1 of 20,000—1 of 10,050—
1 of 7,230—5 of 3,000—5 of 4,000.
75 Numbers and 14 drawn Ballots. Schemes for the Month of October: te. Capitals. Tickets. | Packet 2.50

2.50 2.50

SMALL FRY! SMALL FRY!! The Small Fry Lotteries are drawn Tuesdays,
Thursdays, and Saturdays. Capital prize \$5,000,
\$4,000, \$3,000, \$2,000. Tickets \$1—Package of
Wholes \$15, Halves \$7.50, Quarters \$3.75.

NO RISK, NO GAIN!

TRY OUR LUCKY OFFICE, AND YOU WILL BESTEE AND GET A PRIZE!

(G-We receive the Notes of all Solvent Banks or Checks of Deposit, and we remit in return for prizes, Bank checks on any place in the United States. A single Package of Tickets may draw the four high-

est Prizes.

OG-All letters directed to M. ANSEL & CO. will ome safely to hand, and distant correspondents may feel sure that their orders will be attended to, the same as if they were here themselves.

It has many times happened that we have made our correspondents rich before we have had the pleasure of a personal interview.

The undersigned are always ready to answer letters of enquiry. In ordering Tickets, look over the list, select the Lottery, enclose the money, and direct the letter to our address. TRY US! TRY US!

@G-All those who want a good Prize, will please send their orders to the old Prize Sellers, M. ANSEL & CO..



MERRILL, LATROBE & THOMAS. Baltimore, October 10, 1854-2m

OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND & OHIO.

A handsome and complete assortment of all kinds of CIGARS can be found with the undersigned, who pay-special attention to manufacturing and importing Cigars.

CANDIES, CANDIES:
CONSTANTLY on hand, FRESH CANDIES,
LEMONS, GRANGES, DATES, FIGS, &c., with an
excellent assortment of all kinds of Nuts and Raisins.
33-Country Merchants coming to the city will do
well to give us a call. SAUERBERG & NICOLASSEN, Southeast corner of Bal October 10, 1854-17

PAPER WAREHOUSE, NO. 5 SOUTH CHARLES STREET, BALTIMORE, Manufactory Prices, PRINTING, WRITING AND WRAPPING PAPER, PRINTERS' CARDS, BOX, BONNET AND STRAW BOARDS, and will pur-chase for cash, RAGS, CANVAS, ROPE, WASTE PAPER, &c., &c. [October 10, 1854—6m]

HOPKINS & FAIRCHILD. SUCCESSORS TO OREM & HOPKINS, MERCHANT TAILORS, o. 230 Baltimore street, Northwest corner of Charles street, BALTIMORE.

A large assortment of Ready-Made CLOTHING superior analysis of superior quality.

October 10; 1854—19

FALL STYLES J. L. McPHAIL & BROTHER, Fashionable Hatters, 132 Baltimore street, invite their friends and the public to examine their assortment of FASHIONA-BLE HATS AND CAPS, for gentlemen, youth and children, before purchasing. We feel confident in being able to please the most fastidious.

Baltimore, October 10, 1854-1y HENRY GAEHLE. WM. KNABE. HENRY GAEHLE.
FIRST PREMIUM
GRAND AND SE GRAND AND SQUARE FIANO-PORTES, KNABE, GAEHLE & CO., MANAPACTURERS, Nos. 4, 6, 8 and 9 EUTAW STREET,

(Opposite the Eutaw House,)
would respectfully invite public attention (and perticularly those in want of a superior PIANO-FORTE at moderate price) to the extensive assortment con-stantly on hand at their Ware-Rooms. Our esta-blishment is now the most extensive South, numberng over One Hundred Workmen, with a well-selectd stock of seasoned materials, from which we are most valuable improvements known.

Our Iron Frame Piano-Fortes, for which we have received FIRST PREMICES for three successive years, (from the Maryland Institute,) over those of Northern make, are particularly worthy of attention. being so arranged as to secure great additional strength without affecting the TONE, for which our Instruments have been so highly recommended by the best Professors and Amateurs throughout the A guarantee for five years will be given with each Instrument sold by us, of our make, with privilege of exchange at any time within six months from day of

ale, if not perfect's satisfactory.

CARHART & NEEDHAM'S PATENT MELO-DEONS constantly on hand, (an article we can re-commend.) TUNING attended to: Baltimore, October 10, 1854-1y DAGUERREOTYPISTS, No. 159 ELETIMONE STREET,

October 10, 1851-6m. Opposite Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Depot, BALTIMORE. G. W. LANE & CO.; October 10, 1854—1v Proprietors.

Baltimore and Ohio Depot, and the Eastern and Western Shore Boats, will be carried without charge. TAYLOR'S FALL HATS
FOR GENTLEMEN ARE NOW READY.
The matchless model of this superb HAT, its exquisite finish and air of high ton will distinguish it as THE HAT OF THE SEASON: Baltimore, October 10, 1864

THE Pew Rents of the Presbyterian Church were due on the 1st of October. Persons wishing to rent Pews will apply to Chas. G. STEWART.

October 10, 1854.

B. H. STEWART, Colv. MECHANICS. INVENTORS & MANUFACTURERS. \$570 ..... In Cash Prizes ..... \$570. TOLUME IO UF THE

VOLUME 10 OF THE

"SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN"

Commences on the 16th of September. It is chiefly devoted to the advancement of the interests of Mechanics, Inventors; Manufacturers and Farmers.

And is edited by men practically skilled in the arts and sciences. Probably no other journal of the same character is so extensively circulated, or so generally esteemed for its practical ability. Nearly all the Valuable Patents which issue weekly from the Patent Office are Illustrated with Engravings, and the claims of all the Patents are published regularly in its columns as they are issued, thus making if a perfect of information upon the subjects of Machanica Improvements, Chemistry, Engineering and the science generally. It is published weekly in quarto form fulfable for binding, and each volume contains for hundred and sixteen pages of tobalism. hundred and sixteen pages of reading matter, several hundred Engravings; with a full and complete Index. Its circulation on the last volume exceeded 23,000 co-pies per week, and the practical receipts in one vol-ume are worth to any family much more than the

pies per week, and the practical receipts in one volume are worth to any family much more than the subscription price:

The following Cash Prizes are offered by the Publishers for the fourteen largest lists of subscribers sent in by the 1st of January, 1855:

\$100 will be given for the largest list; \$75 for the 3d; \$55 for the 3d; \$55 for the largest list; \$75 for the 3d; \$55 for the isurth; \$30 for the swenth; \$35 for the fifth; \$45 for the sixth; \$40 for the swenth; \$35 for the dighth; \$10 for the init; \$25 for the tenth; \$20 for the eleventh; \$15 for the twelfth; \$10 for the thirteenth and \$5 for the fourteenth.

The cash will be paid to the order of the successful competitor immediately after the first of Jan'y, 1855.

TERMS: One copy; one year, \$2; one copy; six months, \$1; five copies, six months, \$4; ten copies, six months, \$3; fen copies, twelve months, \$15; fifteen copies, twelve months, \$22; twenty copies, twelve months, \$3, in advance.

No number of subscriptions above twenty can be taken at less than \$1.40 each. Names can be sent in at different times, and from different Post Offices. Southern and Western money taken for subscriptions.

(G-Messers: Mosta & Co., 125 Fulton st., N. Y. 163-Messers: Mosta & Co., are extensively engaged in procuring patents for new inventions, and will advise inventors, without cliarge; in regard to the novelty of their improvements:

Uctober 10, 1851—3t

NEW GOODS just received by

NEW GOODS just received by October 10: A. W. CRAMER. OLD ZAZERAC BRANDY, very choice, Vintage 1803 just received by October 10. H. L. EBY & SON. HORSE SHOES AND HORSE SHOE NAILS, just received by October 10 H. L. EBY & SON. 10 BBLS. HERRINGS. Also, MACKEREL and S! AD, for sale by Sept. 25, 1854. II. L. EBY & SON. OCTOBER 1 H. E. EBY & SON.

interest every year, can have as long time as he may wish.

I have also adjoining the Mills, FIFTY ACRES of EXCELLENT LAND, twenty of which contains good COAL, the vein being ten feet, and from which I obtain the coal we use for the engine.

There is upon this land three BWELLING HOUSES. I will sell the land with the mills if the purchaser should want it, and will take for the whole property, Mills and Land, Twenty Thousand Dollars—or, should the purchaser want a few acres for pasturage and coal large sell being the contained to the contained Dollars—or, should the purchaser want a few acres for pasturage and coal, I will sell him at a full price any less quantity than the whole number of acres.

Clarksburg has a population of 1,500 or 2,000, and Harrison county is the richest county, and has a better soil than any county in Northwestern Virginia.

JOHN S. CARLILLE.

WALUABLE MILL PROP

Clarksburg, Harrison co , Va., ? October 3, 1354—4t VALUABLE TRACT OF LAND PQR SALE.

1 will sell at private sale, the FARM on which I re-I will sell at private sale, the FARM on which I reside, containing 140 ACRES, of which about 25 acres are in Timber. This land lies immediately on the Turnpike Road, leading from Shepherdstown to Smithfield, and within half a mile of Kerneysville and the Depot on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, and is equal in fertility to any lend in the neighborhood, and is now in good heart. There is a good subbatantial LOG DWELLING, and also a good TENANT HOUSE, a STABLE, a nevertill failing Well, and other conveniences on the farm. Also, A YOUNG ORCHARD of choice fruit. The terms will be made known upon application to the subscriber in person, or by letter addressed to him at Kerneysville, Jefferson county, Virginia.

September 5, 1854—tf

September.5, 1854-tf A VALUABLE TAVERN STAND FOR SALE. The subscriber will offer at private sale the well-known "VIRGINIA BOTEL," situated in the delightful village of Romney, Virginia. This stand is in the best location for business, is the most comfortable, and the most valuable one in Romney. It will be sold, together with all the FURNITURE, on very accommodating terms. Any person desiring to purchase the above property, can call on the subscriber, in Sperryville, Virginia, or the editor of the Argus, and he will be shown the same, and learn the terms of sale.

N. B. It the above premises are not sold at private sale by MONDAY, THE 27TH OF NOVEMBER NEXT, then on that day the same will be sold at public sale, without reserve.

WM, A. SAMUEL.

August 15, 1851-168 August 15, 1851—tes

CEDAR LAWN FOR SALE.

WILL be sold at private sale, the Farm known by the name of Cedar Lawn, formerly the residence of John T. A. Washington, dec'd., lying in Jefferson county, Va., about three miles S. W. of Charlestown, on the road leading from Berryville to Lectown, and about one mile South of the Harpers-Ferry and Smithfield turnpike, adjoining the farms of John R. Flagg. George Isler, Mrs. H. L. Alexander, Thos. B. Washington, Dr. Scollay and others, containing about 248 gton, Dr. Scollay and others, containing at ACRES, about 35 of which are in fine timber. The improvements consist of a handsome three story Baier Dwelling, forty feet square, with a two story Wing 40 feet by 20 feet attached; a Barn, Corn-house, Milk-house, and Negro Cabins. Also, a large orchard of choice Apples, and a young Peach Orchard recently planted. The Lawn and premises renerally are highly improved by Shrubbery and a large variety of handsome Ornamental and Fruit Trees. There is a Cistern convenient, and a never failing well of pure; Limestone Water about 100 yards distant. The farm in shape is nearly square. The land is in a fine state of cultivation, and the soil of superior quality. It has every convenience to market, being in the immediate vicinity of the Winchester and Harpers-Ferry Rails road, and within 7 or 8 miles of the Balto, and Ohio Rail-road. The place is well known, and altogether is one of the most desirable tracts of its size in the Valley. Persons who contemplate purchasing, can be in

ey. Persons who contemplate purchasing, can be in-princed as to the ferms of sale by consulting me in erson, or by letter addressed to me at Charlestown; effeoren county, Va. GEORGE WASHINGTON, For himself and in behalf of the other deviser. WANTED TO PURCHASE, NTS. For address apply to the EDITOR.

May 2, 1854—tf

TAKE NOTICE.

HAVING sold out the Office of the Spirit of Jefferson, stilely for the purpose of closing up its old lustiness, it is bened every one who is in any wise incebted previous to the lat of July last, will now come forward and pay what they know to be due. Many can save to tak the expense and trouble of visiting their bouses in person, by sending the small pittance by mail or other safe mode—but come it aust, by some means.

J. W. BELLER.

September 19, 1854. HAVE for sale two YOUNG DERHAM BULLS. 8-pt. 19, 1254. BRAXTON DAVENPORT. A TEACHER WANTED.

TEACHER in District No. 17 is wanted. Apply
JOHN MOLER.

TO PLESONS GUT CF EMPLOYMENT. \$500 TO \$1,000 A YEAR. A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY AND DO GOOD: BOOK AGENTS WANTED.

The subscriber publishes a number of most valun-ble PICTORIAL BOOKS, very popular, and of such a moral and religious influence that while good men may safely engage in their circulation, they will confer a public benefit, and receive a fair compensation for their labor.

No To men of enterprise and tact, this lusiness offers an opportunity for profitable employment seldom to be met with.

Mr Persons wishing to engage in their sole will receive promptly by mail, a Circular containing full particulars, with "Directions to persons disposed to act as Agents," together with the terms on which they will be furnished, by addressing the subscriber; post-paid.

ROBERT SEAPS, Publisher,

181 William street, New York,

post-paid: ROBERT SEAPS, Publisher,
181 William street, New York,
83-IN PREES, and ready for Agents by the 1st o
Cctober, 1854, "SEARS ILLUSTRATED DESCRIP
TION OF THE RUSSIAN EMPIRE." For further ress as above: here " the man September 19, 1854. THE FEMALE SCHOOL in my house will hereafter be under my control, as all efforts to produce the services of a gentleman to take the management of it has failed. Mass Tunner, a lady of high qualifications, will be the Principal Instructor and will be assisted by my eldest daughter. The School is open to all persons who wish to enter their children, and every effort will be made to give satisfaction. Every thing be taught which is usual in a School of the first class. I will take a few Young Ladies in my house as boarders until the 1st of April next. The terms will be made known by application to me, or in my

ence by Miss TURNER. R. S. BLACKBURN. October 3, 1854-3t [F.P] A JOURNEYMAN BLACKSMITH WANTED, at the shop recently occupied by 850. W. Close, on the farm of Mr. G. W. EICHELERBER to whom libeoctober 3, 1351-3t CHARLES LANGDON. A N Election of the Board of Directors of the Berry-ville and Charlestown Turnpika Company will be held at the Tull-House, near Rippon, on the Third aturday in October next, (the 21st.)
JOHN D. RICHARDSON,

September 19, 1854. BOOKS.

Memories over the Water, by Manney.

Leather Stocking and Silk;

Cant. Canot, or Twenty Years in Africa;

Whitney's Metalic Wealth of United States; Genon, Pisa and Florence; Ten Nights in a Bar Room, by Asthur;

The Pictorial Treasury; Chamber's Miscellany, 10 vols, a capital work Chamber's Puscellary, 10 vois., a capital work
for the family circle;
Chamber's Scheet Writings, 4 vols.;
French Revolutions, 3 vols.
For sale by
L. M. SMITH HAIR RESTORATIVE.—EMERSON'S
HAIR RESTORATIVE.—This preparation is
considered one of the best remedies extant, for restoring Hair, rembying Dandfolf and every impurity from the hair. Just received and for sale, wholesale and retail, by
Charlestown, Sept 19, 1854.

TIMOTHY SEED:—Another supply of primate the Depot. E. M. AlsQUITH. September 19, 1854. COTTONS.—Just received and for sale a very which will be sold exceedingly low for cash, by Sept. 19, 1854.

J. H. FRAZIER. FRESH GROCERIES.—Brown at Sept. 19. Crushed Sugars; Green and Black Teas:

O: Molassea; Pepper; Allapice; Cider; pu
Vinegar; Lard; Sugar, Water and Soda Cracker
Justreceived and for sale cheap, for cash, by
Sept. 19, 1354.

JAS. H. FRAZIER:

NEW-STYLE CALICOES, GINGHAL
and a few pieces of Fall Dress Goods, for
theap at
Sept. 19, 1854.
Cash Store COTTON.—Just received and for sale a very large stock of Brown and Bleached Cotion, which will be sold exceedingly low.

August 1, 1854.

JOHN D. LINE.

POR PICKLING.
Mustard Seed, Cloves, Mace, Nutnegs, Long P.
&c. [Aug. 1.] JERE, HAR FISH.—25 bbls. Mackers and Hereing, justreceived and Hereing, justreceived and FOct. 10.] R. H. RB TURNIP, SEED for salesby W. CRAMEN, TEMPOND AND SHEADILY

26 27 28 29 30 31 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

COURT DAYS.

CIRCUIT COURTS.

Seventh District—Thirteenth Circuit.

RICHARD PARKER, JUDGE.

Frederick. June 15, November 15.

Clarke. May 12, October 12.

Hampshire. April 10, September 10.

Berkeley. April 27, September 27.

Morgan. May 6, October 6.

Jefferson. May 18, October 18.

Seventh District-Fourteenth Circuit.

Warren. March 30, August 30.
Shenandoah April 4, September 4.
Page. April 14, September 14.
Hardy April 21, September 21.
Rockingham May 15, October 15.

QUARTERLY COURTS.

Frederick—Monday before 1st Tuesday in March,
June, August and November.

Berkeley-2d Monday in March, June, August and
November-

Jefferson-3d Monday in March, June, August and

Clarke—4th Monday in February, May, July and

Mergan-4th Monday in March, June, August and

Hampshire 4th Monday in March, June, August

Loudoun-2d Monday in March, June, Augustand

Fauquier-4th Menday in March, May, August

Hardy—Monday before 1st Tuesday in March, June, August and November. Warren—3d Monday in March, May, August and

November.
Shenandoah—Monday before 2d Tuesday in March,
June, August and November.

MONTHLY COURTS.

Clarke-2d Monday in June and 4th Monday in

DISTRICT COURT.

and Frederick Districts-sits annually in Winches-

Judges- Lucas P. Thompson, | Circuit Courts.

CLASSIFICATION OF MAGISTRATES.

The following is the classification of the Magis-

trates of Jefferson county, which was made in Au-

gust, 1852, and continues until the expiration of their terms, determines who shall compose the County Court each month. It will be found useful for

Braxton Davenport, Presiding Justice; George B Beall, John F. Smith, John Hess, and A. M. Ball,

Braxton Davenport, A. R. Boteler, Robert W. Baylor, Samuel Ridenour, and Samuel W. Strider.

Braxton Davenport, John Moler, Logan Osborn, Jacob Welshans, and H. N. Gallaher.

Braxton Davenport, John T. Henkle, Jonas Walraven, Lewis Lucas, and Joseph L. Russell.

Braxton Davenport, John Moler, David Billmire, Jacob W. Wagely, and Israel Russell.

Braxton Davenport, John C. R. Taylor, John Avis,

Braxton Davenport, John C. R. Taylor, John Avis, Jr., John Quigley, and George W. Tacey.

Braxton Davenport, A. R. Boteler, R. W. Baylor,

NOVEMBER.

raven, Lewis Lucas, and Joseph L. Russell,

Jacob W. Reynolds, and John J. Grantham. March and August are the Jury Terms. When a

of removals from the District.

Braxton Davenport, John T. Henkle, Jonas Wal

Braxton Davenport, Geo. W. Little, John J. Lock,

vacancy occurs, the new incumbent takes the place assigned his predecessor. Since the classification in 1852, four vacancies have been filled, in consequence

U. S. OFFICERS.

President, FRANKLIN PIERCE.

President of the Senate, DAVID R. ATCHISON,

STATE OFFICERS.

Governor-JOSEPH JOHNSON:

pytiant General—WILHAM H. RICHARDSON.
sistant Clerk—P. F. Howard.
pying Clerk—WILHAM H. RICHARDSON, Jr.
ditor of Public Accounts—G. W. Cutter.
cond Auditor—James Brown, Jr.

Treasurer—J. B. STOVALL.

Register of the Land Office—S. H. PARKER.

Librarian—George W. Munford.

Superintendant of the Penilentiary—C. S. Morgan.

Gen'l Ag't or Storekeeper of Peni'ry—J. C. SPOTTS.

STATISTICS.

1850-Population of Virginia . . . 895,204 free whites

The Law of Newspapers. 1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their

2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid.

3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the offices to which they are directed, they are held responsible till they have settled the bill and ordered them discontinued.

4. If subscribers response to they always they have settled the bill.

4. If subscribers remove to other places without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are held responsible.

5. The Courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facia evidence of intentional formed.

JAS. A. ENGLISH, C. M. CASTLEMAN, CHAS. A. BALDWIN ENGLISH, CASTLEMAN & Co.,

BLAKE'S PATENT.

FIRE PROOF PAINT.

The subscriber has received a large supply of this valuable Paint, which he is prepared to sell at the most reasonable rates.

L. M. SMITH.

TOWN RESIDENCE FOR SALE.

The residence and grounds, the property of Mrs. E. S. Davenport, now occupied by Mr. P. H. Powers, situated in a desirable part of Charlestown, Va., is now offered for saie. For further particulars apply to

May 16—41

A. W. CRAMER.

LUBIN'S AND HARRISON'S

EXTRACTS COLOGNE,

Comprising the following varieties:

Prarie Flower Cologne;
Farina Cologne;
Hauel's do.

Extract Sweet Clover;

Violette;

Patchouly;

Musk;

Musk;

New Mown Have

Charlestown, April 25, 1854.

Do. do. ... 54,030 free color d Do. do. ... 472,530 slaves.

neulenant-Governor—Shelton F. Leake. Ittorney General—Willis P. Bocock. Ajulant General—William H. Richardson.

Jr., John Quigley, and George W. Tacey.

GREEN B. SAMUELS, Court of Appeals.

Frederick—Monday before the 1st Tuesday. Hardy—Monday before the 1st Tuesday. Berkeley—Second Monday. Jefferson—Third Monday.

other months.

Shenandoah—Monday before 2d Tuesday.

ter on the 15th day of December.]

RICHARD PARKER,

JOHN KINNEY,

Warren-Third Monday. Morgan-Fourth Monday.

The ever changeful Iris there
I charge thee not to bring;
And plant not the Narcissus nigh
The margin of the spring;
As transient pleasure makes one sigh,
I'll not have Mignonette;
The Crown Imperial is proud;
Geraniem a coquette.

But let me scent the languid bloom

Of the deep bosom'd Rose,
And Cowslip, breating youthful hope,
And Poppy, bland repose;
And the purple lipped Pansy,
That looks all pensiveness,
And the bashful virgin Sensitive,
With her shipking tonderness With her shrinking tenderness. Dark Uew, and Cypress, be afar,

Life has enough of tears;
Yet dearly love I Bosemar,
Which "buried love enders;"
And oh! of all the gems that deck
Old Saturn's forehead yet,
Pattern dear Jessy don't forget Prithee, dear Jessy, don't forget The modest Violet.

The shrubs and other garniture Dispose along the green; And let the lithe Acacia fling Its graceful wreaths between And rear the Jessamine, my love!
Upon the rain'd wall,
With tiny leaf, and starry flower—
I love it best of all.

I'll tell thee why I love it best; And thou wilt blush and smile At my odd play upon the word
In such poetic style—
For sweetness, grace, and elegance,
'Tis chief in Flora's shrine; And when I gaze upon the flower
I think on Jessy mine.

But Where art Thou. BY HON. MRS. NORTION. When, poor in all but youth and love, I clasped thee to this beathing heart, And vows for wealth and fame to rove, That we might weep no more to part.

Years have gone by—long weary years

Of toil, to win my station now—

Of ardent hope and sickening fears,

And wealth is mine—but where art thou? Fame's dazzling wreath for thy dear sake Grew brighter than before to me, clung to all I thought could make This lonely heart more worthy thee. Years have gone by—the laurel droops In mocking o'er my withered brow, er'd world before me stoops, And fame is mine-but where art thou?

In life's first hour, despised and lone I wandered through the busy crowd,
And now that life's best joys have flown,
They greet with smiles and murmurs loud.
Oh! for that voice—thy gentle voice
The base he to me its welcome now! To breathe to me its welcome now!

Wealth, fame, and all that should rejoice,
To me are vain—for where art thou?

Rich Scene. The following rich scene recently occurred in one of our courts of justice, between the Judge and a Dutch witness, all the way from

-w nat's your native language? Witness-I pe no native! Judge-What's your mother tongue? Witness—O, fader says she pe all tongue. Judge—(in an irritable tone)—What language did you first learn? What language did you speak at the cradle?

Witness-I tid not speak no language in de cradle at all, I only cried in Dootch. Then there was a general laugh, in which the judge, jury and audience joined. The witness was interrogated no further about his na-THE HAPPY GIRL.-Ay, she is a happy

girl-we know by her fresh looks and buoy

ant spirits. Day in and day out she has something to do, and she takes hold of work as if she did not fear to soil her hands or dirty her apron. Such girls we love and respect wherever we find them-in a palace or a hovel. Always pleasant and always kind, they never turn up their noses before your face or slander you behind your back. They have more good sense and better employment.— What are flirts and bustle-bound girls in comparison with these ? . Good for nothing but to look at; and that is rather disgusting. Give us the industrious and happy girl, and we care not who worships fashionable and idle simpletons. - Boston Post.

Braxton Davenport, John Moler, David Billmire, Jacob W. Wagely, and Israel Russell. A REASONABLE REASON .- What's the reason you've the wrong side of your stocking turned out, said Jim to Pat the other day? "The raison? The raison is it," said Pat, "cause there's a hole tother Samuel Ridenour, and Samuel W. Strider.

.... Watty Morrison, a Scotch clergyman was a man of great wit and humor. On one occasion he entreated an officer at Fort George to pardon a poor fellow who was sent to the halberds. The officer offered to grant his request if he would, in return, grant him the first favor he would ask. Mr. Morrison agreed to this, and the first officer immediately demanded that the ceremony of baptism should be performed on a puppy. The clergyman agreed to it, and a party of many gentlemen embled to witness the novel baptism.

PRESIDENT'S CABINET,

Secretary of State—WM. L MARCY, of New York.

Secretary of Treasury—James Guthbee, of Ky.

Secretary of Navy—James C. Dobbin, of N. C.

Secretary of War—Jepferson Davis, of Mississippi.

Secretary of Interior—Robt. McClelland, of Mich.

Postmaster General—James Campbell, of Pa.

Attorney General—Caleb Cushing, of Massachusetts. Mr. Morrison desired the officer to hold up the dog, as was customary in the baptism of children, and said: "as I am a minister of the Church of Scotland, I must proceed according to the ceremonies of the church." "Certainly," said the major, "I expect all

"Well, then major, I begin by the usual uestion—you acknowledge yourself the father of this puppy!"

A roar of laughter burst from the crowd,

and the officer threw the candidate for baptism ... According to the calculations of chro-nologists, the creation of the world was com-menced on Friday, October 23; Noah was

commanded to build the ark on Sunday, November the 30th. It began to rain on Sunday, December 30th. The tops of the mountains at the subsiding of the waters, became visible Sunday, July 19th. Noah came forth from the ark Friday, December 18th. \_\_\_\_.Sam-Julius, is dat painting by one of

Julius-Yes, dat's massa's. Sam-One of Raphæl's. Julius-Yes, massa won it in a raffle. .... 'Shall I help you to alight?' said a young gentleman addressing a bouncing country girl who was preparing to jump from a carriage, in front of our office. Thank you sir,' sweetly but I don't smoke.'

civil liberty can only dwell with a people who know their rights, and dare maintain them. "that if the sea were ink, the trees pens, and the earth parchment, they would not be suffi-

.... It was a remark of Jefferson's, that

ERGLISH, CASTLEMAN & Co.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE, CUTTLERY, BAR IRON, STEEL,

NAILS, HOLLOW-WARE, &c.,

ATTERN Sirect, corner of Market Afley,

E July 25, 1854.

GEO. J. BIGHARDSON.

WM. W. OVERMAN.

CHAS. W. SINCLAYR,

LATE OF VIRGINIA, WITH

RICHARDSON & OVERMAN.

UMBRELLA AND PARASOL MANUFACTORY,

No. 106, Market street, Philadelphia.

May 9, 1854—tf cient to write down all the praises due to God for liberty." ....The most trifling promise a parent can make to children should always be adhered to,

for negligence in that particular teaches a les-son of deceit. .... Riches hide vice, and poverty conceals

BELL HANGING.

I AM prepared to furnish and hang BELLS of all kinds, and in the latest and most approved manner. Respectable reference given, if required. Orders left at Carter's Hotel, Charlestown, will be promptly executed.

P. E. NOLAND.

Charlestown, September 13, 1853. Trash is one of the greatest facts of the age; and we trust that its half-million patrons may increase rather than diminish. They cannot increase from the higher ranks of intelligence—that is impossible; for the spirit of man ascends as the sparks fly upwards. Teach a little gamin merely to read and write, and he takes to Trash as naturally as a duckling takes to the ditch; but unlike the duckling, he is by and by hungered upon the nutriment he finds in it—his taste expands, his aspirations soar, he becomes ambitious of the pond—then of the lake—then of the ocean.

.... "Julias is you better dis morning?" "No, I was better yesterday, but I got over

"Am der hopes den of your discovery."
"Discovery of what?"
"Your discovery from the convalescence of

shigh touched you on your back." "Dat depends Mr. Snow, altogether on the prognostications which amplify the disease; thould they terminate, fatally, the doctor thinks I is a gone nigger, should they not terminate fatally, he hopes de colored individual wont die till another time." Also makes Insurance on the lives of all persons enjoying good health, and of sound constitution for the whole duration of life, or for a limited period.

Slaves employed in ordinary occupations, will be insured on reasonable terms.

The Company will also take marine risks from and to any of the Northern or Southern Ports, at favorable rates.

Board of Directors.

JOHN ROBIN McDANIEL, President,
DON T. C. PETERS, Vice President,
SAMPSON DIUGUID, Chief Engineer.

JAMIS M. COBS,
GEORGE W. YANCEY,
WILLIAMT. ANDERSON,
JOHN O. TAYLOR,
MARTIN HOLLINS, Treasurer.
CREED T. WILLS, Secretary.
Dr. P. H. GILMER;
Dr. WM. OTWAY OWEN,
Agent for Jefferson county, B. W. HERBERT.
Medical Examiner,
Medical Exa

THE VALLEY OF VIRGINIA FIRE

MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY,
Will issue Policies on all kinds of Property,
Merchandise, &c., at fair and equitable rates.
Capital \$150,000, with power to increase
the same to \$200,000.
The attention of the citizens of Virginia is especially invited to this Company as a Home Institution, based upon ample capital, and guaranteed by the best of references; and conducted on the strictest principles of equity, justice, and conomy.

HOME OFFICE—WINCHESTER, VA.
JOS. S. CARSON, President.
C. S. FUNK, Secretary.
O. F. BRESEE, Actuary.
DIBECTORS.

Jos. S. Carson,
James P. Riely,
H. H. M'Guyre,
N. W. Richardson.
B. W. HERBERT,

Testimonials.

Winchester, May 27, 1853.

We, the undersigned, being solicited to give our opinion as to the character and standing of the Insurance Company of the Valley of Virginia, have no hesitation in saying that we have the utmost confidence in the ability and integrity of the President and Directors of that Company.

The fact that we have insured our own property in the Company, is perhaps the strongest evidence we can give as to our opinion of its merits.

J. H. Sherrard, Cash. Farmer's Bank of Va. Hon. J. M. Mason, U. S. Senstor.

Jacob Senseny, Esq., Merchant, Winchester.

T. A. Tidball. Prest. of Bank of Valley of Va. Testimonials.

HARTFORD FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY, HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. Incorporated 1810 .-- Charter Perpetual. Capital \$150,000, with power of increasing it to \$250,000.

PUBLIC Buildings, Manufactories, Mills, Machinery, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Merchandise, Household Furniture, Vessels on the stocks or while in port,

c., will be insured at rates as low as the risk will Applications for Insurance may be made of Applications for insurance may be made of B. W. HERBERT,
In the absence of the Agent from Charlestown, to J.
P. Brewn, Esq., who will attend to them promptly.
Persons at a distance address through the mail.
N. B. On all Church Buildings and Clergymen's personal property the Agent will present his commissions in reducing the amount of premiums on the risks thus arising.

[January 2, 1854—19]

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE undersigned, having engaged in the Mercantile Business, are now opening, at Doran's old stand, near the Armory Gate, a very extensive stock of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, ROWNERS. BROTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, BONNETS, &c., to an examination of which they respectfully invite the attention of the public. Their motto is not large profits, but large sales. They are determined to conduct their business on the most liberal principles, and to use every effort to merit the public confidence and patronage. Whatever they sell shall be of the character represented, and invariably reduced to such prices that none may hope to undersell. They have established such extensive arrangements as will enable them to supply the market with every article they deal in at the very lowest prices. They feel confident an examination of the variety, quality, feel confident an examination of the variety, quality, and prices of their goods will convince the public that money may be saved by purchasing at their louse.

They will give particular attention to the GROCERY AND PROVISION BUSINESS, for which

they have made ample room, by an enlargement of the premises, and tamilies may rely with confidence upon being supplied by them with articles in this line, of fresh and superior quality. They purchased their Groceries, mostly in large quantities and al-

ways for cash.

They keep a very heavy stock on hand, and can, and will, sell them at prices unusual in this market. The following enumeration will give a general outline of their extensive stock:

Plain, Changeable and Figured Dress Silks;
Plain and Figured Mouslin de Laines;
Challeys, Lawns, Ginghams, Alpaccas, Canton Cloths;
Bombayines, French and Facility C. Bombazines, French and English Calicoes;

Brown and Bleached Muslins;
Ticking, Bagging, Checks, Plaids, Linen Sheetings, Table Linens and Oil Cloths;
Towelings, White, Red and Yellow Flannels;
Irish Linens, Silk, Crape, Cashmere and Mouslins; lin Shawls;
Hoisery, Kid, Thread, Cotton, Silk and Silk
Nett Gloves;
Cambric, Jaconets, Laces and Edgings;
Plain, Barred and Figured Swiss Goods;
Needle-worked Goods, Trimmings, Bonnet Rib bons, Parasols and Umbrellas;

Coating Linens, Jeans and Tweeds; Cassimere, Cassinets, Linen Drills; Cravats, Suspenders, Boots and Shoes of every description for Men, Ladies, Boys, Misses and Children; Silk, Fur, Straw, Chip, Kossuth and Slouch Hats of every variety;
A large stock of Hardware, including Cutlery

and House furnishing materials; Rifle and Blasting Powder; Queensware, and Woodware; Window Glass, Putty, Oil and Paints;
A lot of fine Tobacco and Segars;
Bacon, Salt, Fish, Lard, Potatoes, Flour and
Corn Meal.

Corn Meal.

They have a choice lot of fine Liquors, wherewith they will supply gentlemen as cheap as the same brands can be bought in the cities.

WALSH & BRO. Harpers-Ferry, May 2, 1854-tf

Harpers-Ferry, May 2, 1854—tf

JUST ARRIVED.

The undersigned has just returned from the Eastern markets with the largest and most complete STOCK OF GOODS he has ever offered at this place, all ot which has been purchased on the very best possible terms, and will be sold as low as any goods of the same quality can be in the Valley of Virginis, consisting in part of the following articles, viz:

Cloths, Cassimeres and Tweeds;

Fancy Cassinets, at very low prices;
Silk, Satin and Marsailles Vestings;
Italian, Cloth and Summer do.;
A good assortment of Cotton Goods for Sum-

A good assortment of Cotton Goods for Sum A good assortment of Cotton Goods for Summer wear;
An assortment of Bleached and Brown Cottons;
Do do Osnaburg Cottons;
Black, plain, striped and figured Silks;
Tarltons, Illusions and Sarcenetts;
Swiss, Cambric and Jaconet Muslins;
Plain and figured Canton do.;
A large assortment of Calicoes and Ginghams;
Berages and Berage de Laines, very cheap;
Lawns, Muslins; &c.
Irish Linen and Linen Tablecloths;
Linen, Silk, and Cambric Handkerchiefs;
Crape, Silk, and Cashmere Shawls, of every-variety;

variety; French-worked Collars and Cuffs; Dress Trimmings, &c.;1.
Silk and Straw Bonnets, very cheap;
Artificial Flowers, &c., and almost every thing

in the fancy way;
Ladies', Misses and Children's Shoes;
Hats and Caps, of every quality and price.
Also, a large stock of Groceries of the best quality

Also, a large stock of Groceries of the best quanty, onsisting in part of—
Coffee, Sugars, Chocolate, Teas;
Molasses, Syrups, Bacon, Salt, &c.
Also, a good assortment of Hardware;
Cutlery, Carpenters' Tools, &c.
Waiters, Looking Glasses, and Tinware.
A large stock of Queensware, &c.
All of which will be sold on the very best terms.
Those who desire to get good and cheap bargains are respectfully invited to call before purchasing elsewhere, and judge for themselves.

JOHN G. WILSON. Harpers-Ferry, April 18, 1854.

NEW STORE AT SUMMIT POINT.
THE subscriber having just returned from Baltimore with a general assortment of DOMESTICS,
SHOES, BOOTS, HATS, CAPS,
QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, ment of DOMESTICS, CONFECTIONARY, SADDLERY,
E.C., which he offers at the very lowest figure for cash
It is his purpose to rollenish his stock at least four
times a year, which will enable him to furnish the
public at all seasons with goods fresh from the marlett. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited promising to give on fire satisfaction in return

JAMES H. FRAZIER.

Summit Point, May 23, 1854

JAMES H. FRAZIER.

Summit Point, May 23, 1854.

(ty-Cotton Rags, Beeswax, Hard Soap, Butter, Eggs, Beans, Corn, Oats, Hay, Bacon, Lard, Old Iron, Wool, Hides, Sheep Skins, Silver and Gold coin and bankable paper taken in exchange for goods and work at the highest cash prices.

NEW SUPPLY,—60 different kinds of Candies, Almonds, Filberts, Walnuts, Palmnuts, Pecannuts, Figs, Raisins, Oranges, Lemons, Cocoanuts, Water, Butter, Soda and Sugar Crackers, Pop Syrup, Lemon Syrup, Pickles in barrels, Pickles in jars, Candy Toys, Brandy Peaches, for sale by JAMES H. FRAZIER.

Summit Point, May 23, 1854.

La full supply of Collom and Slack Screw Augurs, from § to 24 inch; Socket and Fermer Chisil files; Coopers and Wagonmakers Drawing Knives; Foot & Cooper's Adzs, Hand and Chopping Axes with handles; Jack Screws; Chapman's best Razor Straps. Also one barrel Reanoke Smoking Tobacco, a first rate article, which makes my assortment complete, to be had at the Market House.

August 29.

T. RAWLINS. BRANDY, BRANDY.—If you want a pure Brandy for Medical purposes, send to August 22, 1854. JERE, HARRIS.

TEWELRY.—The undersigned is now opening a large supply of Jewelry, consisting in part of Breastpins, Ear-rings, Fockets, Gold Chains and Chatelaines, Gold and Cornelian Crosses. Also a assortment of Jet Ornaments, Breastpins, Bracelets, Necklaces, &c. Call and see them. August 29. CHAS. G. STEWART. For sale by
L. M. SMITH. TAR.—At the Depot, at Baltimore price.
E. M. AISQUITH. 100 SACKS OF SALT, for sale by September 12. A. W. CRAMER.

OM BALTIMORE FOR WHEELING, CIN-NNATI, LOUISVILLE, INDIANOPOLIS, LEVELAND, CHICAGO, TOLEDO, SAINT CLEVELAND, CHICAGO, TOLEDO, SAINT LOUIS, &c.

O'Rand after MONDAY, January 2'd, two daily TRAINS; (except on Sundays,) will be run between Baltimore and Wheeling.

Leave Baltimore for Frederick, Harpers-Ferry, Cumberland, and all Way Places, at 8 a. m., arriving in Wheeling at 4.30 a. m. next day.

EXPRESS TRAIN

For Wheeling, stopping at Frederick, Harpers-Ferry, Martinsburg and Cumberland only, leaves Camden Station, daily, at 7 p. m.—Through to Wheeling in eighteen hours.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN

For Frederick and intermediate points, daily (except

BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN
For Frederick and intermediate points, daily (except Sundays,) at 4 P. M.
For Edicott's Mills and points East, daily, (except Sunday,) at 6.30 A. M. and 4.40 P. M.
From Wheeling at 9.15 A. M. and 8.30 P. M., daily, (except Sundays,) the 8.30 P. M. Train not starting from Wheeling on Saturday evenings.)
From Cumberland at 8.30 A. M. and 9 P. M.
From Harpers-Ferry at 1.10 A. M. and 1.25 P. M.
From Frederick daily, (except Sundays,) at 8.30 A. M. and 2.15 P. M.

From Frederica uarry,
A. M. and 2.15 P. M.
From Ellicott's Mills daily, (except Sundays,) at
4.15, 8 and 11.15 A. M.; and 5 and 6.15 P. M.
Through tickets are issued between Baltimore and
\$50 ....19 00 . . 27 00

On Sundays, at 4 15 A. M. and 6.10 P. M.

Leave Washington for Baltimore at 6 and 8 A. M. 30 and 5 P. M. On Sundays, at 6 A. M. and 5 P. M.

(C)—The first and fourth Trains from Baltimore, and he second and fourth train from Washington will or express mail trains, stopping only at Washington functure and Annapolis Junction. By order.

Jan. 24.

J. T. ENGLAND, Agent.

WINCHESTER & POTOMAC RAILROAD.
THE PASSENGER TRAIN now leaves the Ticket Office, at Winchester, at 9 o'clock, A. M., instead of 9½ o'clock, as heretofore.

MANASSES GAP RAILROAD.

DAILY LINE TO WINCHESTER, AND TRI-WEEKLY TO LURAY.

The Cars leave Alexandria daily at 8 o'clock, A. M., (Sunday excepted,) connecting with J. H. Kemp's Line of Stages at Piedmont, via Millwood and Paris, on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Winchester; and at Wapping Station, via Front Royal, on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, for Winchester, and Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, for Luray.

for Luray.

Returning, leave Wapping at 10<sup>1</sup>, and Piedmont 11<sup>1</sup>, A. M., arriving at Alexandria at 2<sup>1</sup>, P. M.

OF-THROUGH FICKETS to Winchester, \$3.50, to be had at the ticket office of the Orange and Alexandria Railroad Company, Alexandria, and at J. H. Kemp's Stage Office, Winchester.

M. M. WELSH, August 8, 1854.

OLD '76.

J. P. BRADY,

No. 13 LIGHT STREET.

Has fitted up, in superior style, a RESTAURANT at the above locality, and furnished it with all the "et ceteras" of a first class establishment Good WINES, and I all OLOPS. first rate (ICAPS, the best EATA) good LIQUORS, first rate CIGARS, the best EATA-BLES the markets afford, with the most competent and cleanly COOKS to prepare them for the table, ogether with civil and attentive WAITERS, may at all times be found at Old '76! Baltimore, June 27, 1854 .- tf

GILBERT'S HOTEL, At the Railroad Depot, Winchester, Va. THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform the community and travelling public that he has taken the well-known HOTEL at the Railroad Depot formerly kept by Mr. John Cos, dec'd. The House, has undergone pressary repairs and is now in every has undergone necessary repairs, and is now in every respect adapted to the wants of the traveller and so-

A large and commodious Stable is attached to the premises, which will be furnished with the hest grain and hay and attentive Ostler. His Table will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford, and the Bar at all times supand market will anord, and the bar at all the bar plied with the choicest Liquors.

His charges will be moderate. He therefore invites the patrons of the House to give him a call, as he is determined to spare no pains in making his guests.

comfortable.

AG-Boarders taken by the week, month or year.

HARNET GILBERT.

HARNET GILBERT.

GI-The undersigned takes pleasure in recommending Mr. GILBERT to the patrons of the House whils under the management of my Father, and respectfully solicits for him a continuance of their custom.

June 28, 1853.

JAMES W. COE.

SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL,
Charlestown, Jefferson County, Va.
THIS large and very commodious THREE-STORY
BRICK HOTEL, situated in the centre and business part of the town, is now among the most attractive and desirable resting places in the great Valley of Virginia The luxuries of the TABLE of this establishment, are surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all times supplied with a choice selection of superior Winesand

Laquors.
Several large Parlors and airy Chambers have been added since last year.

A Splendid Yellow-Mounted Coach attends the Charlestown Depot, upon the arrival of the Cars, which will convey visitors to the Hotel, free of charge. Persons wishing to be conveyed to other parts of the town, will pay a reasonable compensation. sons wishing to be conveyed will pay a reasonable compensation.

Saddle and Harness Horses, Carriages, Buggies, and careful Drivers always ready for the accommodation of visitors.

GEO. W. SAPPINGTON,

Proprietor.

RAWLINS HOTEL,

Corner of Queen and Burk streets,
MARTINSBURG, VA:

THE undersigned begs leave respectfully to inform
the community and travelling public that he has
taken the Hotel formerly known as the "Berkeley
House." The House has recently undergone athorough
renovation; it is now believed to be in every respect
adapted to the wants of the traveller and sojourner.

A large and commodious STABLE is attached to
the premises. The luxuries of the TABLE will be
surpassed by none, and the BAR is at all timessupplied
with a choice selection of superior wines and liquors.

Baggage taken to and from the Depot free of charge,
and in had weather a Carriage will run to the Depot
for the accommodation of travellers without any additional expense. JOS. C. RAWLINS,

BERRYVILLE HOTEL.

BERRYVILLE HOTEL.

THE subscriber having leased the above well known Hotel, in Berryville, Clarke county, begs leave to inform the travelling public that he is now ready to receive guests. He is also prepared to accommodate Boarders, either by the day, week, monthior year.

HIS TABLE will always be furnished with all the varieties which the season and market will afford; his Bar with the choicest liquors, and his Stable with the best hay, grain, and ostler.

As he intends to make this his permanent residence, he will spare no pains in endeavoring to render those who give him their custom, both comfortable and happy. He flatters himself, from his long acquaintance with business, and the manners of the world, that he can please the most fastidious. His charges will be as moderate, as the expenses of any good public house in this section of country will justify. He, therefore, invites all to extend to him a share of their custom.

Berryville, April 5, 1853. WM.N. THOMPSON. UNITED STATES HOTEL, AT THE RAILROAD DEPOT,

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that this Hotel is now renovated and improved for a better and enlarged accommodation for travellere during summer. With the late improvements and a determined perseverance, no effort or outlay shall be wanting to render this Hotel, in every respect, to the invalid or to comforts and accommodations equal to any Hotel in the Valley. The TABLE shall be furnished with the best from this and Bultimore markets. DINNER always ready on the arrival of the Baltimore daily cars, and ample time given for passengers to dine here, before the cars leave for Winchester or Baltimore. Passengers stopping here to view our bold romahtic mountain scenery may rest assured they will be well cared for during their stay, A call is most respectfully solicited, to enable the travelling public to judge for themselves.

M. CARRELL.

Harpers-Ferry, July 11, 1854.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,
AT THE RAILROAD DEPOT,
Harpers-Feiry, Virginia.

The subscriber respectfully showeth that this Hotel
is open for the reception of travellers on the arrival
of the cars, at all hours, day and night, and a polite
and obliging barkeeper, with a trusty and active porter, to see that passengers are well cared for and baggage properly attended to.

Harpers-Ferry, July 11, 1854.

SADDLERY, SADDLERY.

SADDLERY, SADDLERY.

COTCH Collars, Cap Collars, Carriage

Collars, Trunks, Carpet-Bags, Riding

Bridles, Martingales, Bridle Bits from 12; cents to

\$5, Spurs of all kinds, Gearing of all descriptions,
on hand and made to order. Repairing done at the
shortest notice.

J. H. FRAZIER.

Summit Point, May 23, 1854. MOULD BOARDS.—We have a lot of Mould Boards on hand, which we will sell low. August 1, 1864 H. L. EBY & SON. 50 PRIME SUGAR-CURED HAMS, fo sale by July 25, 1954. B. H. H. L. DRY & SON.

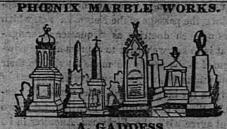
HEIM, NICODEMUS & CO.,
orters and Dealers in Foreign and
comestic Liquors, of every description.
33 Baltimore street, between Paca and Eutaw sts.
timore, April 12, 1653—if

To the Millers in the Valley.

MARTIN & HOBSON.

FLOUR AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
Cornel of Eutaw and Baltimore Streets, Baltimore, I Baltimore, July 12, 1853-1y.

DICKSON & KING,
Lumber Merchants, water street, Georgetown, D. C.,
KEEP constantly on hand a general assortment of
Building Materials.
October 12, 1853—19



A. GADDESS

Washington, D. C.

THE subscriber offers his services to the public in the prosecution of Claims before Congress, or any of the Departments of the Government. Some years experience as disbursing agent of the Indian Department, with a general knowledge of the mode of transacting business in the various offices of the Government, enables him to promise satisfaction to all who may entrust business of this character to his care.

He will also give special attention to the collection of claims against parties residing in the District of Columbia or its vicinity, negotiating loans as well as the purchase or sale of Stocks, Real Estate, Land-Warrants, &c., &c., or furnish information to correspendents residing at a distance in regard to any business which may interest them at the seat of Government GENERAL AGENCY

His Office is over the Banking House of Selden. WM. S. ANDERSON, MARBLE STONE CUTTER,

REDURNS his thanks to the citizens of Jefferson and adjoining counties for the liberal patronage extended to him in his line of business, respectfully gives notice that he is now prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line—such as MONUMENTS, TOMB-SLABS, HEAD AND FOOT STONES, &c., at the shortest notice, and upon the most reasonable terms; and his work shall compare with any other in the country. All Stones delivered at my own risk and

expense:
All orders thankfully received and promptly attended to. Address
WM. S. ANDERSON,
Frederick city, Md.,
J. W. McGINNIS, Agent,
Charlestown, Va., or JOHN G. RIDENOUR, Agent,
January 11, 1853. Harpers-Ferry, Va.

Attorney at Law,
WILL Practice in the Inferior and Superior Courts
of Jefferson, Clarke and Loudoun. Office, No.
1, Shenandoah street, Harpers-Ferry, Virginia, September 28, 1852. FASHIONABLE HATS-Another Case, for sale by A. W. CRAMER. A. W. CRAMER. September 12, 1854.

A. F. BRENGLE, Flour and Commission Merchant, NEAR THE RAIL-ROAD DEPOT, LSO keeps on hand at all times, fresh burnt LIME

A LSO keeps on hand at all times, ires normal Lines, which can be furnished at any of the Depots of the Baltimore and Ohio or Winchester and Potomac Rail-roads at the shortest notice, by addressing as above.

[December 6, 1853—ly A CARD.

IN consequence of the advance in Servants' hire, breadstuffs and other produce, it becomes actually necessary that we the undersigned should increase the charges heretofore made at our Hotels in Charles-

Therefore, from and after the 1st day of January next, our terms for boarding without lodging will be increased from \$10 to \$12 per month. Boarders with rooms, lodging, &c., will be charged \$15 per month, instead of \$12.50 as heretofore. G. W. SAPPINGTON, ISAAC N. CARTER.

December 27, 1853. HENRY'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL.
Purely Vegetable in its Composition.
THIS invaluable Cordial is extracted from Herbs and
Roots, which have been found after years of ex Roots, which have been found after years of experience, by the most skilful Physcians, to be possessed of qualities most beneficial in the diseases for which it is recommended, and hence whilstit is presented to the public, as an efficacious remedy, it also is known to be of that character on which reliance may be placed as to its safety. In cases of Impotency, Hoemorrhages, Disordered Sterility, Menstruation, or Suppression of the Menses, Fluor Albusor Whites, or for

DEBILITY

arising from any cause, such as weakness from sickness, where the patient has been confined to bed for some time, for Females after Confinement, Abortion or Miscarriage, this Cordial cannot be excelled in its salutary effects; or in loss of Muscular Energy, Irritability, Physical Prostration, Seminal Weakness, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Sluggishness, Decay of the Procreative Functions, Nervounsess, &c., where a toxic Medicine is required, it will be found equal, if not superior to any Compound ever used.

TO FEMALES.

Henry's Invigorating Cordial, is one of the most invaluable Medicines in the many Complaints to which Females are subject. It assists nature to brace the whole system, check excesses, and create renewed health and happiness. Less suffering, disease and unhappiness among ladies would exist, were they generally to adopt the use of this Cordial. Ladies who are debilitated by those obstructions which females are liable to, are restored by the use of a bottle or two, to bloom and to vigor.

two, to bloom and to vigor.
YOUNG MEN.

two, to bloom and to vigor.

YOUNG MEN.

That solitary practice, so fatal to the existence of man, and it is the young who are most apt to become its victims, from an ignorance of the danger to which they subject themselves, causes

NERVOUS DEBILITY,

Weakness of the System, and Premature Decay—Many of you may now be suffering, misled as to the cause or source of disease. To those, then, who by excess have brought on themselves Premature Impotency. Involuntary Seminal Emissions, Weakness and Shrivelling of the Genital Organs, Nervous Affection, or any other consequences of unrestrained indulgence of the sensual passions, occasioning the necessity of renouncing the felicities of

MARILAGE,
lessening both mental and bodily capacity, Hold! Henry's Invigorating Cordial, a medicine that is purely Vegetable, will aid nature to restore these important functions to a healthy state, and will prove of service to you. It posesses rare virtue, is a general remover of disease, and strengthener of the system AS A TONIC MEDICINE, it is unsurpassed. We do not place this Cordial on a footing with quack medicines, and, as is customary, append a long list of Recommendations, Certificates, &c., beginneng with "Hear what the Preacher says," and such like; it is not necessary, for "Henry's Invigorating Cordial," only needs a trial to prove that it will accomplish all we say.

THE GENUINE "HENRY'S INVIGORATING CORDIAL," is nut up in 80z Pannel Bottles, and is easily recogis put up in 80z Pannel Bottles, and is easily recognized by the Manufacturer's signature on the lable of each Bottle, (to counterfeit which is fogery.)

(13-Sold for \$2 per Bottle; Six for \$8; \$16 per

dozen
Prepared only by S. E. COHEN, No. 3 Franklin
Row, Vine Street, Below Eighth, Philadelphia, Pa.,
TO WHOM ALL ORDERS MUST BE ADDRESS FOR SALE BY T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry, Va. A. M. CRIDLER, L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester, Va. WILLIAMS, Shepherdstown, Va. E. C. WILLIAMS, Shepherdstown, Va.
W. H. HESLETINE, Martinsburg, Va.
And by all respectable Druggists & Merchants
throughout the country.
PEEL & STEVENS, Alexandria, Va., wholesale igents for Virginia.

January 31, 1854—1y

DOCTOR YOURSELF! THE POCKET ESCULAPIUS!

M. D.

No. Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the Esculapius to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life, without reading the Pocket Esculapius; let no one suffering from hackned cough, pain in the side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physicians, be another moment without consulting the Esculapius. Have the married or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

(13-Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE centeenclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this book by mail, or five copies will be sent for one dollar. Address (post-paid,)

No. 162 Spruce st., Philadelphia.

August 15, 1854—1y.

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE to the J. A. BECKLAND.COAL at \$4.50 per ton, delivered at Charlestown. [August 8, 1854.]

PROFESSIONAL NOTICE.

DR. E. L. WAGER having permanently located at the late residence of Jas. H. H. Gunnell, dec'd., near Shannondale Springs, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL SERVICES to the Public—hoping by diligent attention, and with eight years experience, to merit the confidence of all who may desire his services. [March 14, 1854.]

REIGHT accounts must be paid promptly, or al articles will be held until the freights are paid with out respect to persons.

E. M. AISQUITH.
Charlestown Depot, April 25, 1854.

GOOD MEDICINES.

STABLER'S DIARRHŒA CORDIAL

Physicians:

From Dr. Wm. H. Farrow, Snowhill, Md.

Gentlemen—I have frequently in my practice prescribed your "Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant" and "Diarrhea Cordial," with great satisfaction to myself, and to the entire relief of such diseases as they profess to cure. I consider them happy combinations of some of our most valuable and safe therapeutical agents, and must be of infinite worth to the afflicted and mankind at large. In furnishing the medical profession with these active and concentrated preparations, so convenient for administration, and of a standard quality, you have rendered them an eminent service, and I can do no less than earnestly recommend these preparations to practitioners, and especially in the country, where the impurity of commercial Drugs is one of the greatest obstacles to the success of the Physician.

the Physician.

Dr. W.S. Love, writes to us that he hasadministered the Expectorant to his wife, who has had the Bronchitis for fourteen years, and that she is fast recovering from her long standing malady. It has in a few weeks done her more good than all the remedies she has heretofore used under able medical counsel.

From Dr. H. P. Worthington, Laurel, Md.

"After several months use of your Expectorant, both in my own family, and in general practice, I am confirmed in the opinion expressed of it, when first made acquainted with the recipe: For one I thank you for so convenient and elegant a preparation of the Wild Cherry."

From Geo. Gerry, M. D., Somerset Co., Md.

the Wild Cherry."

From Geo. Gerry, M. D., Somerset Co., Me.

"Gentlemen—I have used many of the different Cherry Expectorants, and I do assure you that yours far exceeds any I have ever tried."

From Dr. J. R. Andre, of Kinsington, Talbot Co., Md.

"Having examined the component parts of Stabler's Anodyne Cherry Expectorant; also of Stabler's Diarrhosa Cordial, and having used them in practice, I feel no hesitancy in reconfinending them."

From J. E. Marsh, M. D., Kent Co., Md.

"I have made free use of your Diarrhosa Cordial, in my family. It gives me much pleasure to add my testimony to that of others, in favor of its efficiency."

From Samuel Martindale, M. D., Chesapeake City, Md.

"I have much pleasure in adding my testimony in favor of your valuable Cherry Expectorant. I have, after an extensive use, found it to answer all my expectations.

From Dr. Danl. W. Jones, Somerset Co., Md.

"I have given your Expectorant and Diarrhea Cordial a fair trial, and am delighted with their effects, never having had them to fail in a single instance. I shall take pleasure in recommending them.

We have been favored with a written certificate, cheerfully given by numerous Medical gentlemen, in Maryland, Virginia and Ohio, which alone should convince the most doubting, that these are really "Good Medicines;" after stating that they are acquainted with the composition of both the Expectorant and Cordial, and that they have administered them to their patients, they testify "that they are remedies of great value, safe, efficient and well worthy of the patronage of the Profession and the Public, that they are more reliable than any other proprietary medicines with From Dr. Dant. IV. Jones, Somerset Co., Md.

reliable than any other proprietary medicines with which we are acquainted," &c.

The above notices of recommendation from mem-bers of the Medical Faculty, Pharmaceutists of high standing, and Merchants of the first respectability,

standing, and Merchants of the first respectability, should be sufficient to satisfy all, that these medicines are worthy of trial by the afflicted, and that they are of a different stamp and class from the "Quackery" and "Cure-All" so much imposed upon the public. See the descriptive Pamphlets, to be had gratis of all who have the medicines for sale, containing recommendations from Doctors Martin, Baltzell, Addison, Payne, Handy, Love, &c.

For sale by Druggists, 'Apothecaries and Country Store keepers generally, at the low price of Fifty cents per bottle, or six bottles for \$2.50.

E? H. STABLER & CO,

Wholesale Druggist, 120 Pratt st., Balt.

Importers of English, French and German Drugs, Deal crs in Paints, Oils, &c., &c.

AGENT at Charlestown, THOS. RAWLINS,

AGENT at Harpers-Ferry, T. D. HAMMOND,

AGENT at Shannandale Furnace, B. PURSELL,

And Loudoun Merchants generally, [Jan. 10, 1854.

DEAFNESS, PARTIAL OR TOTAL, DR. ALSOPHERT begs to call the attention of those suffering from a total or partial less of the hearing, to the following facts. He treats diseases of middle or inner Ear with

middle or inner Ear with
MEDICATED DOUCHES,
Such as is practised in the Infirmaries of Berlin, Leipsic, Brussels, Hamburg, and St. Petersburg, and lately by the most distinguished London Aurists, with the most wonderful success; indeed, it is the only method that has been uniformly successful. The best proof of the efficacy of the treatment will ce a reference to nearly ence to nearly
NINE HUNDRED NAMES,
Residents of the United States, Canada, New Brunswick, and Nova Scotia, who have been restored to

wick, and Nova Scotia, who have been restored to Acute Hearing, and not a single, solitary ease to our knowledge, did we fail to effect either a partial or to tal restoration of the Hearing, when our advice and instructions were faithfully and punctually adhered to. Many who could not hear the report of a pistol at arm's length, can now hear a watch beat at the distance of four feet.

In cases of mucous accumlation in the Eustachian Tube and Tympanum, Inflammation of the Mucus Membrane, Nervous Affections, Diseases of the Membrana Tympani, commonly called the "Drum," or when the disease can be traced to the effects of Fevers, Colds, the use of Quinine, Mercurial Medicines, Gathering in the Ears in childhood, &c., Dr. Alsophert's treatment stands pre-eminent. Where the Gathering in the Ears in childhood, &c., Dr. Alsophert's treatment stands pre-eminent. Where the Auditory Canal is dry and scaly with little or no secretion, when the deafness is accompanied with noises in the Ear, like falling water, chirping of insects, ringing of bells, rustling of leaves, continual pulsations, discharge of matter, or when, in stooping, a sensation is felt as if a rush of blood to the head took

place, when the hearing is less acute in dull, cloudy weather, or when a cold has been taken, this method of treating the disease is infallible.

IN DEAF AND DUMB CASES in DEAF AND DUMB CASES

my experience warrants me in saying, that if the
hearing was at any time good, very much can be accomplished. In the Deaf and Dumb School at Leipsic, out of a class of 14, I succeeded in restoring Four
to accute hearing. Dr. A. begs respectfully to state,
that in those cases he underatakes he guarantees a successful result, complete restoration, or such a marked improvement as will be perfectly satisfactory, if
his remedies are faithfully applied and directions adhered to.

Applicants will please state their age, duration of disease, if matter issues from the external passage, if there are noises in the Ears, state of general health, and what they suppose to liave been the cause of the deafness. When the hearing is restored it is expect

All diseases of the Eye successfully treated by the application of medicated vapors, &c.—An infallible and painless treatment for disease of the Eye, Acute or Chronic—Calaract, Specks, inflammation, Granulation of the Lids, Ulceration of the Lachrymat Glands, &c., &c. To the astonishing and gratifying results of the treatment the child, the youth, those of middle age, as well as those far advanced in life, all bear testimony to its wonderfully removing, healing and soothing effects. oothing effects. Medicines, Apparatus, &c., will be sent to any part at my own expense.
Address DR. ALSOPHERT, BROADWAY, Office 122 near Canal street, New York.

FIVE DOLLARS—CONSULTATION FEE.

June 27.—4m. [\$10.]

County papers please copy for 4 mos., and forward the Bill with copies of paper.

FACTS CANNOT BE DOUBTED.

Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder!

MORE than 500 persons in the City of Richmond,

Va., alone testify to the remarkable cures performed by CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

The great Spring Medicine and Purifier of the blood is now used by hundreds of grateful patients, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, Carter's Spanish Mixture.

Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Paines and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remedy.

For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the Skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfechled by disease or hicken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of Carter's Spanish Mixture, will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mantling to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of.

health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medi-cines over heard of.

A large number of certificates of remarkable cures performed on persons residing in the city of Rich-mond, Virginia, by the use of Carter's Spanish Mix-ture is the best evidence that there is no humbug-about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, phy-sicians, and public men, well known to the commu-nity, all add their testimony to the effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Call and see a few hundreds of the certificates around the bottle.

DRUGGISTS.
Principal Depits at M. Ward, Close & Co., No. 83 Maiden Lane, New York. T. W. Dyott & Sons, and Jenkins & Hartshorne, Philadelphia. Bennett & Benes, No. 125 Main street, Richmond, Va. And for sale by Dr. L. M. SMITH, Charlestown, T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry, and by Dealers in Medicines every where.
August 16, 1853—19

FARMERS LOOK TO YOUR INTEREST.

HAVING rented the Brick Warehouse, at Shepherdstown, and made arrangements I am prepared to pay the highest Cash Prices for WHEAT, CORN, &c., upon delivery.

I will also keep constantly on hand PLASTER, FISH, SALT, &c., in exchange for Country Produce, or sell at low cash prices, and I will forward any produce to the District or Alexandria at the usual prices.

August 23, 1853—tf C. W LUCAS.

OTHER AND DAUGHTER CURED.

I do certily that I am personally acquainted with
Mrs. Edwards, and can safely recommend the above
statements to be correct.

E. P. Coopen, Postmaster,
Capon Bridge, Hampshire county, Va.
TRUTH IS MIGHTY.

A Plain and Univarnished Statement.
We commend the perusal of the extract below to
our readers. Mr. Bull is a merchant of high character.

SANDY BOTTOM, Middlesex County, Va.,
4 August 29th, 1853.

Mesars. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gents: You mathink it strange that I have taken the liberty to write you this letter, but I do so under circumstances the justify it. As you are the Agents for Hampron's Vegetable Tencrube, I deem it expedient to address you this note, hoping it may be a part of the honorable means of giving this medicine that notoriety which is merits deserve. diseases originating from a want of proper secretion of the gastric juices, bad digestion, and consequently ad deposit of animal matter from that source. I be lieve that many diseases located in various parts of the system, such as inflammation, Ulcers, Scrofulatice, originally have their being in the stomach, from badfood, bad digestion, and consequently bad depositions of the circulation to those parts; and I will be lieve Hampton's Vegetable Tincture will even reach these causes.

Having found out, myself, what it is, recomment it to others in such cases, as I have described, and I have done it upon the "no cure no pay system," and I have yet to have the first bottle returned, or the first objection about the pay. It is a great pity it cannot be more extensively circulated among the people.

\* \* I warrant it in the following cases:—Gout, Rheumatism, Inflammations which proceeds from the stomach; Sores, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, long standing cases of Ague and Fever; first stop-the chill, and then give the Tincture—the difficulty in this case is not in stopping the chill, but the return of it, this the Tincture will certainly do. In general debilitations, I warrant it, and as I said before, I have procured a trial of it in this way, which otherwise I could not; the people have been humbugged by patent medicines so long, that they are afraid of all. This is clearly a stomach medicine, it works all its wonders there, and in all such cases it is a specific, if anything in the world is.

world is.

Having given the Tincture a fair trial with myself, in my family and neighborhood, I think I am warranted in what I say about it, and which I do without any other interest than the wish to see it in general circulation and in avery man's family, where it ought to n, and in every man's family, where it o

be.

If what I say be doubted by any of the afflicted, and they will write to me at Sandy Bottom Post office; Middlesex county, Va., stating the nature of the disease, and I recommend it for such a case I will warrant it, and if it don't do good I will pay for the medicine. Respectfully, THOS. R. BULL.

Delicate females and children will find this a great blessing. It has restored thousands to health.

Dyspersia, Rheumatism, Scaefula, Liver Complaint, &c.—From the Metropolis.—Pass it aroundlet the afflicted hear the tidings! This is but the sentiment of thousands: let the afflicted hear the tidings! Fins is but the sentiment of thousands:

WASHINGTON, May 17, 1853.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: Having been afflicted with the Liver Complaint of ten years standing, I hereby, for the benefit of the afflicted, take pleasure in announcing that after using a few bottles of your Hampton's Tincture, I found it had accomplished a perfect cure. I have used different medicines from time to time, but have never been able to

cines from time to time, but have used anterent mean-cines from time to time, but have never been able to account for any apparent good, and it is a blessing to-stricken humanity that that medicine is found which possesses the wonderous power of prolonging human-life. The many cures it has wrought is a sufficient gnarantee of the beneficial results which may be ex-Yours, respectfully, J. CURTAINHAY.

MORE THAN GOLD TO THE SICK.—From one of the

More than Gold to the Sick.—From one of the most respectable Druggists in South Carolina.

Charleston, S. C., Sept. 21, 1852.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:—The sale of your Hampton's Vegetable Tincture is increasing every day, and every bottle sold recommends this valuable medicine to the afflicted. Several of our planters have tried it in different cases with astonishing success, and are getting it by half dozens. It has been found to be the greatest remedy for Rheumatic Affections, and a wonderful cure has been performed on a negro boy suffering by Fits. I will furnish you with a number of certificates if you wish them. of certificates if you wish them.

Please send me, soon as possible, a supply of the

Hundreds in this city will bear same testimony.

Delicate females and children will find this a great
remedy. Also, see cures of Coughs, Dyspepsia,
Scrofula, &c. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY. Scrofula, &c. MORTIMER & MOWBRAY.

240 Baltimore street.

CURE OF COUGHS, VERTIGO, RHEUMATISM.—Cure of the venerable Dr. Dunn's son, of the city of Baltimore, a man well knewn, and whose testimony adds to the triumph of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture:

Baltimore, Feb. 9, 1852.

Messrs, Mortimer & Mowbray—Gentlemen: It is with real pleasure that I am able to attest to the general healing and curative powers of Dr. Hampton's Vegetable Tincture. Some time during last November, I was taken with a very bad and serious cough. I was advised to take Cod Liver Oil, and did so, but getting no better, I was induced to try your Tincture—I got one bottle, and before I had taken it all, mycough left me. Permit me also to state, that for the last fifteen years I have suffered very much from acute Rhemmatism and Vertigo, confining me at times to my bed. I am fully convinced that I owe my present good health to the use of the Tincture, and a kind Providence.

dence.
You are, my friend, at liberty to use this as you may, think proper, and believe me,
Yours very respectfully, G. DUNN.
N. Bl-I can be seen at any time at the Mayor's Office.
G, D.
Delicate females and children will find this a great blessing. It has restored thousands to health.
HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.—Call and get appropriate gratis with history of discovery of the pamphlets gratis, with history of discovery of the wonderful Blood Purifier, and see certificates of our two citizens, of Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Scrofula, iver Complaint, General Weakness, and Nervousess, &c., &c.

HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.

GS-Sold by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, 240 Balimore st., Baltimore, and 304 Broadway, New York.

GS-Call and get a pamphlet gratis.

L. M. SMITH, Charlestown.

T. D. HAMMOND, Harpers-Ferry.

L. P. HARTMAN, Winchester.

Dr. MOTT, Leesburg.

ALLEMONG & SON, Newtown.

And by Dealers every where, August 29, 1854—1y. THE BRITISH QUARTERLIES. BLACK WOOD'S MAGAZINE. LEONARD SCOTT & CO., It is

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,

New York, continues to Re-publish the following

British Periodicals, viz:

1. The London Quartesity Review, Conservative

2. The Edinaurah Review, Whig.

3. The North British Review, Free Church.

4. The Westminster Review, Liberal.

5. Blackwood's Edinaurah Magazine, Tory.

The present critical state of European affairs will render these publications unusually interesting during the year 1854. They will occupy a middle ground between the hastily written news-items, crude speculations, and flying rumors of the daily Journal, and the ponderous Tome of the future historian, written after the living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away. It is to these Periodicals that readers mus look for the only really intelligible and reliable his